THE WEATHER.

Generally fair today except snow on the coast; cold wave; Monday fair and continued cold.

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VITAL CHANGE IN FOOTBALL RULES

Rules Committee Greatly Alters This Popular College Sport.

HOPE TO BETTER THE GAME

The Rules Committee After a Long Secret Session Has Completed Its Task—The Lines of Improvement

New York, Feb. 3.—The football rules committee which has been working in secret here for two days upon innumerable suggestions for altering the game, came to unanimous decision late today in favor of several fundamental changes.

The committee laid down its arduous task tonight with the belief that it had greatly improved the popular college sport. The lines of its anticipated improvement are in substance, as follows:

1 The playing field, now 110 yards in length, will be shortened to an even 100 yards. This change, in itself is not vital, but it is made in order to make possible on small grounds an extension of territory in which the forward pass may be used.

2 A zone of 10 yards width beyond the goal lines is established. The purpose of this is to provide ample space for execution of the forward pass, and scoring on a pass made across the goal line into this zone is permitted.

3 The number of "downs" to gain 10 yards is increased by one.

4 The on-side kick is eliminated.

5 The value of a touchdown is increased from five points to six points, the goal from touchdown and other scores standing as at present.

6 The 20-yard zone, in which the present rules now provide restrictions to interference with the forward pass, is eliminated so that the restrictions will apply now to any part of the field.

7 After a touchdown the ball will be put in play from the 20-yard line, instead of the 25-yard line.

8 On a kickoff the ball, instead of being put in play in the center of the field, will be put in play from the 40-yard line of the team kicking off. Taking into consideration the shortening of the field and this change in the rules the kick-off distance is lengthened by five yards.

9 The field judge is eliminated. The head linesman hereafter will keep time and be judge of off-side plays in the line of scrimmage.

10 The number of men allowed on the side lines, now three, will be reduced to one for each team.

11 Provision will be made that a bounding ball cannot score a legitimate goal.

12 The interval between the first, second, third and fourth periods is reduced from two minutes to one minute. The principal improvement expected of the new rules is equalization of the chances of the offensive and defensive teams. It has long been contended that the defense was too powerful especially when close to its goal line. The allowing of a touchdown on a forward pass across the goal line is expected to relieve this condition. The addition of a point to the value of a touchdown is intended to make a comparative value of the touchdown and the goal from the field, substantially what they were before the recent high development of the latter play.

In considering the addition of an extra down, the question arose as to whether it would not bring back the old pounding attack, but the committee felt that it was not likely to have that tendency, in view of the fact that there was now no pushing and pulling in the game.

In one of the minor changes will be a provision that the loser of the toss at the commencement of the game will have his choice at the start of the second half as to whether his team shall kick off.

STRIKE CONFERENCE TODAY.

Textile Workers to Consider Extending the Strike.

Lawrence, Mass., Feb. 3.—Two of the most important conferences that have yet been held in connection with the textile strike now entering upon its fourth week, are scheduled for tomorrow. One under the auspices of the Industrial Workers of the World, will consider the idea of extending the strike to other cities, particularly among the mills of the American Woolen Company and at the other, called by the local branch of the American Federation of Labor, committees will be appointed to wait upon the mill officials with a view to securing some wage concessions and bringing about a settlement of the differences.

The entrance of the American Federation of Labor interests in to matter came as a surprise. The Federation meeting will be open to representatives of all branches of textile workers, regardless of union affiliation.

The eye is the most delicate and most sensitive of our senses, yet the most neglected. Many headaches and nervous breakdowns come directly from muscular troubles of the eye. Properly fitted glasses relieve muscular strain, and the sooner applied the better. I am on the alert for defective eyes. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. **

A COLD WAVE AND BLIZZARD COMING

Decidely Cold Weather and Snow in Some Portions Promised.

FOLLOWING WESTERN STORM

Heavy Snow Fall With Winds and Low Temperatures are Recorded From Many Sections In Blizzard's Path

Washington, Feb. 3.—A cold wave, with temperatures at 20 degrees below zero, and lower at some points, is following the western storm, which has continued to develop in energy and extent and this morning was centered over the middle Mississippi Valley.

The zero temperature line extends from the Southern lake region southwestward to the Rocky Mountains, passing through northern Missouri and Kansas. Frosts were reported today in the extreme south from New Orleans to Jacksonville, Fla.

The storm will move directly eastward accompanied by snow or rain tonight and Sunday. Decidedly colder weather and high winds will follow it. Cold wave warnings were issued by the weather bureau today for Indiana, southwest Ohio, southern Illinois, east and south Missouri, southern Kansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Georgia.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—First indications of the ground hog's action in returning to his hole yesterday came when a cold wave swept down from the Canadian Northwest. Thus far it covers the Dakotas, Minnesota, western Wisconsin and parts of Nebraska, Illinois, Iowa and Missouri.

Although few records were broken, the below zero temperatures of 29 at Winona, Minn., and 22 at Duluth seemed unusually severe, owing to the suddenness with which they came.

Chicago may experience 12 degrees below zero weather by tomorrow, it is predicted.

Colder weather is predicted for the South.

Omaha, Neb., Feb. 3.—Temperature four degrees below zero, a six to eight inch snow fall and a twenty-four-mile north wind were the features of the blizzard that blew into this section early today. Reports from various portions of the State show the storm is general throughout Nebraska.

St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 3.—Railway and street car traffic were paralyzed by a drifting snow today. The storm was general throughout northwest Missouri and live stock suffered greatly.

LaCrosse, Wis., Feb. 3.—With a temperature of 29 degrees below zero this was the coldest February day in thirty years. Outdoor work is suspended and trains are running hours behind schedule.

Des Moines, Feb. 3.—Heavy snow, high wind and five degrees below zero were conditions prevailing throughout central Iowa early today.

AMBASSADOR TO FRANCE.

Myron T. Herrick Will Probably Receive the Appointment.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Former Governor Myron T. Herrick, of Ohio, probably will be appointed ambassador to France to succeed Robert Bacon, who resigned recently to become a fellow in the Harvard Corporation. This was learned on reliable authority today following Mr. Herrick's appearance at the White House, where he lunched with President Taft.

Mr. Herrick, who has been persistently reported as the prospective appointee, is believed to have told the President today that he would accept the post. The White House declined to make any announcement in this connection, its reticence, however, being explained by the fact that diplomatic appointments usually are not made public until the foreign country is asked if the new diplomat is persona grata to it.

CROWSON GETS SUN

Property Bid In at Re-Sale at Durham Yesterday—The Price

Durham, N. C., Feb. 3.—By order of Judge Cook, the property of the Durham Sun Publishing Co., was resold at public auction at the Court House here this afternoon Mr. O. F. Crowson, formerly of the Burlington News and one of the bidders at the sale Wednesday, made the highest bid, the price being $4,000. The sale was confirmed and Mr. Crowson will take charge Monday morning. The bid of $2,240 made by R. O. Everett, Wednesday, was raised several times today. Mr. Everett also made other bids at the sale this afternoon.

JURY COULDN'T AGREE.

Ten to Two for Acquittal of Bert H. Connors.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 3.—The jury in the case of Bert H. Connors, accused of having attempted to destroy the Hall of Records, with dynamite, reported to Judge Willis late today that it was unable to agree, and was discharged. It stood ten to two for acquittal.

The jury retired yesterday morning and one of the jurors stated that the balloting had remained the same from the time the first vote was taken.

JUDGE ALLEN AND "THE TIGERS."

STEAMER CONSOLS IS BURNED

Vessel Reported Afire Off Virginia Coast is From Liverpool—Revenue Cutter Onandaga Renders Assistance.

Newport News, Va., Feb. 3.—According to Capt. Thomle, of the Norwegian steamer Texas, who came ashore tonight, the steamer reported afire 20 miles northeast of Bodie Island, off the Virginia coast yesterday morning is the British steamer Cobsols, of Liverpool, cotton laden from Southern ports to the continent.

The Texas sighted the burning steamer at 9 o'clock with the British steamer Castle Eden by, and immediately flashed wireless to Norfolk. In the meantime the ship was a veritable furnace and had been deserted by her crew, who were picked up by the Castle Eden. Capt. Thomle said that the cabin and bridge located amidships, had been burned away and collapsed, and that flames were shooting out of No. 1 hatch and from the engine room, 30 feet in the air. The only places the fire appeared not to have spread to was the bow and stern, and the steamer had a dangerous list to starboard. Finding that no lives were to be saved, the Texas changed her course for this port, leaving the British steamer Badger, which had come up in the meantime, and the Castle Eden standing by. The Badger followed later. Coming in the Texas met the revenue cutter Onondaga and a Merritt-Chapman wrecking tug speeding to the aid of the burning vessel. Later a message, supposedly from the Onondaga, reported that the Castle Eden had gotten a line to the Cobsols and was towing her toward the Virginia capes. While everything combustible was burned, it is certain the cargo will be a total loss. Capt. Thomle said that the hull of the ship could have been saved with the proper fire fighting facilities and it is believed that the wrecking tug and revenue cutter accomplished this.

Still Burning and Settling

New York, Feb. 3.—According to a wireless message sent by the revenue cutter Onondaga to Washington late tonight, which was picked up here, the steamer Consols was then burning fiercely and settling at the stern. The revenue cutter had reached the vessel and had started to tow her but the hawsers parted and in the sea it was impossible to get other lines aboard.

The message as picked up was:

"9 P. M.: Parted lines to Consols, 15 miles south of Currituck. Fresh southwest breeze. Unable to get other lines on account of sea tonight. Vessel is burning and settling by the stern. Will remain by her and try again at daylight."

NO PERSONAL FEELING.

Charles J. Glidden Not Worrying Over Change of Tours.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 3.—Commenting on the action of the American Automobile Association in voting to discontinue the tours for the Glidden trophy, and to substitute an A. A. A. trophy, Charles J. Glidden, donor of the trophy bearing his name, said tonight:

"I have no personal feeling over the action of the American Automobile Association in voting to discontinue the Glidden tours. The Glidden trophy has seen service for eight years and has done the good work for which it was intended. I wish the association the utmost success in the new programme and shall do all I can to assist. In accordance with that purpose I sent to Chairman Bachelder tonight the following telegram:

"'Please accept my personal entry for the 1912 tour to compete for the new trophy. Will drive my own car'."

Fort Worth, Texas, Feb. 3.—The jury to hear the trial of J. B. Sneed, a wealthy Amarillo, Texas, banker, accused of having murdered A. G. Boyce, Sr., was completed tonight. The presentation of testimony will begin Monday morning.

DEATH SHROUDED IN MYSTERY

Helen Taylor, a New York Woman, Received Package Which Exploded and Killed Her Instantly—Police Baffled.

New York, Feb. 3.—A package received by Helen Taylor in an uptown apartment house tonight exploded and caused her death almost instantly. The mystery with which the affair was clouded baffled police detectives.

The woman, who was 32 years old, was called to the vestibule of the apartment by a man who presented her with a good sized package and then hurried away. She carried the package to her apartment, and as she placed it on a table, it exploded with a loud report. Dr. Charles E. Perkins, who was passing the house at the time, ran in to aid Mrs. Taylor, but she died in a few minutes.

The physician said that in his opinion the package was an infernal machine. It contained a number of small dry cell batteries, one of which was driven into the woman's breast near her heart. Some of the batteries buried themselves in the walls and ceiling of the room while fragments were blown through the windows so clearly that the glass was not splintered.

After several hours of secret investigation detectives arrested Charles M. Dickinson, who said he was an employe of a motor company, and held him on a technical charge of homicide for examination Monday morning.

Edna LaMarre, a show girl, 25 years old, who lived in the house, but was out at the time the fatality occurred, was held as a material witness. Dickinson was said to have been in the room when the woman met her death. At a late hour the detectives had not made known any further details.

New York, Feb. 3.—Secretary O'Brien, of the New York Nationals, announced today that the Giants would train in Marlin, Texas. An official communication was received today from the board of health of Marlin, saying the team may come to Marlin without subjecting the players to any danger of contracting meningitis.

OUTLINES

The "Rock Hill Plan" will be tried in Georgia.

A woman was handed a package in New York yesterday, which exploded and killed her instantly.

Andrew Carnegie yesterday refused to address a Roosevelt convetion and declared he was for Taft.

The Cook county Republican convention yesterday cheered the mention of Roosevelt's name, but voted to endorse Taft.

The New York cotton exchange will not accept the government's standard classification unless some changes are made in it.

A cold wave and blizzard is sweeping over the country, and extreme cold weather, with snow in some portions, is promised in the South today.

General Orozco is hastening to Chihuahua in the hope that he may be able to put a quietus on the mutiny of the soldiers there. He will use moral persuasion only.

The British steamer Consols was reported afire off the Virginia coast yesterday. The crew has been saved but the greater part of the vessel and its cargo of cotton will be lost.

The football rules committee which has been in secret session for two days, yesterday announced some vital changes, which will be made in the rules as they are now constituted.

The Lorimer investigating committee was treated to another sensation yesterday, when the official stenographer accused a subordinate of faking notes. He was held in contempt.

New York markets: Money on call, nominal. Spot cotton, in quiet demand. Flour, firm. Wheat, firm; No. 2, red, 1.04, elevator, export basis, and 1.05 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, easy; eyport, 73 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin and turpentine, steady.

MOB ORGANIZED IN MACON, GA.

Surrounded Jail After Negro Who Brutally Asaulted and Robbed Young White Woman—Fired Upon Pursuing Officers

Macon, Ga., Feb. 4.—A mob is organizing here at 12:30 o'clock this morning (Sunday) determined to lynch Frank Powers, a negro, who attacked a white woman shortly before midnight. The negro is in the county jail and a heavy guard has been placed by Sheriff Hicks to prevent a lynching.

At 11 o'clock tonight the young woman was returning to her home after her night's work in the downtown district. She was set upon by Frank Powers the negro, dragged down a steep embankment, robbed and assaulted.

Policemen Moseley and Metz arrived on the scene just in time to see the negro scrambling up the embankment with the young woman's purse in his hand.

As soon as the negro saw the policemen he drew a pistol and fired five shots at them, all of which went wild. The officers returned the fire and closing in on the negro captured him. The negro was quickly hurried away to the county jail while several persons went to the assistance of the young woman.

The news of the assault spread quickly over the city and a mob was organized.

The young woman victim is well-known throughout the city and the assault has aroused great indignation.

At 1:20 (central time) this morning Sheriff Hicks threw the doors of the jail open to the crowd that had hammered for admittance. The prisoner was not inside. He had been spirited away by the officers in an automobile, and is said to be headed for Atlanta.

ELON COLLEGE NOTES

Series of Evangelistic Meetings—C. E. Board to Meet—Convention

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Elon College, N. C., Feb. 3.—The Butler-Atkinson series of protracted services is the talk of the campus. The interest has been intense and the enthusiasm electrifying since the first service on the evening of the 25th of last month. Dr. Atkinson, who is pastor of the local church, has done the preaching. His sermons have been eloquent, inspirational, convincing simple presentations of the gospel plan of salvation. The singing has been in charge of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Butler, who for many years were associated with Torrey in his simultaneous religious campaigns in the large cities of the world. The first visit of the Butlers to North Carolina was during the Torrey evangelistic services two years ago in Winston-Salem.

The Southern Christian Convention meets here from April 30th to May 3rd, inclusive. This convention meets biennially and is the highest body ecclestiastically of the Southern Christian Church. Seven conferences will send ministerial and lay delegates to this body. The programme of the sessions is not yet complete, but President Staley and the chairman of the various committees are now at work on it and will soon have it ready for publication.

The Christian Endeavor Business Board for North Carolina will meet in called session here on Saturday, February 10th. Rev. R. E. Steele, of Lumberton, N. C., is chairman, and Miss Florence Ledbetter, of Dover, N. C., is secretary.

The annual entertainment of the Clio Literary Society will occur on the evening of Washington's Birthday. An interesting programme is expected.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 3.—John Etheredge, aged 13 years, was decapitated by a Norfolk and Western coal train in the South Norfolk today. The boy tried to board the train and lost his footing, falling beneath the wheels

SAID SHERIDAN'S NOTES ARE FAKES

Lorimer Investigation Committee Treated to Another Sensation.

STENOGRAPHER IN CONTEMPT

Official Stenographer at Lorimer Inquiry Ordered His Stenographers to Cease Work—Confusion Prevailed.

Washington, Feb. 3.—A night session, which the Senator Lorimer committee was holding, came to a sensational close this evening when its official stenographer, Milton Blumenberg, was adjudged in contempt for ordering his stenographers to cease work. Blumenberg was placed in the hands of the Senate sergeant-at-arms for production before the committee Monday. This was preceded by a dramatic denunciation from Blumenberg of the stenographic notes made by J. E. Sheridan, then on the witness stand, as "faked" and "manufactured." The notes purported to have recorded from a stenographic reproduction of the alleged admission by Charles McGowan at Toronto that he swore falsely before the committee.

Throughout the day Blumenberg had peered over Sheridan's shoulder as the witness read from his notes. Tonight, immediately after the session began, Blumenberg, in an excited state, procured Sheridan's note book. After inspecting it he whispered to Edward Hines and stepping in front of the 19-year-old witness, addressed the committee. He said he had examined Sheridan's notes and was prepared to denounce them as a "fake". What do you mean by that?" demanded Senator Jones, who was presiding.

"I mean, they have been manufactured and are not the report of a conversation made as it took place."

"Oh, you are mistaken about that," declared young Sheridan.

Senators Jones, Lea and Kenyon, the only members present, questioned him. He was asked to whom he had talked about the notes. Blumenberg named Mr. Hines, Attorney Hynes, Miss Lawler, a committee employe, and one or two others.

"You did not communicate with a member of the committee?" Senator Jones demanded.

"No."

"Why?"

"Oh, they are not the most important people in the world."

"It seems not when every one is told except members of the committee,"

Blumenberg was asked at whose suggestion he appeared. He replied it was of his own volition. He told of quizzing Sheridan early in the day about his stenographic training and expressed the opinion that Sheridan was unable to make an accurate report of a running talk.

While members of the committee conferred, Blumenberg took a seat beside Attorney Hynes, representing Mr. Hines. Attorney Healy, for the committee, asked that the record show that the official stenographer had taken a seat beside counsel for Mr. Hines. Senator Jones immediately sent word to Blumenberg, who arose, stated excitedly he had been requested to leave the room and told his stenographer to quit work. Senator Jones explained he had merely requested Blumenberg to change his seat. Blumenberg then left the room.

Confusion prevailed, capitol policemen appeared at various doors, the assistant sergeant-at-arms was sent for and finally the committee went into executive session at which Blumenberg was adjudged in contempt and placed in the hands of the sergeant-at-arms. All persons were warned that an attempt to communicate with Blumenberg would be regarded as a contempt.

The committee which had planned to finish tonight the examination of all the private detectives in reference to the McGowan matter, then adjourned until 10:30 A. M. Monday.

UNITED STATES LEAGUE.

Lave Cross Offered Manangement of Cleveland Club.

New York, Feb. 3.—E. C. Landgraf, owner of the Richmond, Va., franchise in the new United States League who was here tonight, said that Cleveland had been formally admitted to the league. J. S. Murphy, backer of the Cleveland club, has offered its management to Lave Cross, formerly a star third baseman and one time captain of the Athletics.

The United States League will open its season in the first week in May and end the week following Labor Day. The league has decided to play 120 games. So far as possible the schedule will be arranged so as not to conflict with the big league games. However, it is proposed to play every Sunday in Cleveland, Cincinnati and Washington.

New York, Feb. 3.—After going through the Civil War, serving as an aide on Gen. Lee's staff, without receiving a wound, Col. Beverly Winfred Wrenn lost his left leg in New York today as the result of stubbing his toe a month ago. Blood poison developed and it became necessary to amputate the limb. Despite his advanced years, the colonel stood the operation well and it is believed he will recover.

OROZCO EXPECTED TO QUIET THINGS

Hope of the Madero Government is on His Way to Chihuahua.

TO PUT QUIETUS ON MUTINY

The Arrival of the Mutineers' Former General is Expected to Restore Order—Will Use Only Moral Force.

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 3.—Gen. Pasquel Orozco, idol of the ex-insurgents and hope of the Madero government, now en route from Chihuahua, is expected to arrive in Juarez by tomorrow. His coming is expected to put a quietus on the mutinous conditions that have prevailed across the Rio Grande for three days and nights. Orozco is traveling unarmed. This announcement tonight was received with cheers by the troops in Juarez.

El Paso street car officials tonight announced that traffic between the two cities would be resumed tomorrow, but this depends on Col. Steever, commander of the American troops granting permission to Americans to cross the international border. Col. Steever says he will raise the ban on international traffic as soon as he is assured that peace has been restored. It is believed Orozco will be able to give this assurance soon after his arrival.

In his telegram to Col. Augustin Estrada, military commander at Juarez, Gen. Orozco expressed regret at the occurrences in Juarez and adds:

"The time has come in which all true patriots should endeavor to restore order. This day I leave by special train, carrying with me only five of my officers, in order to straighten out matters.

"Show this telegram to your officers and troops, so that they may know I am en route with the hope that my old comrades will listen to the advice of their chief."

A second warning to the Juarez mutineers not to fire into American territory was transmitted this morning. The warning was signed by Capt. Jno. R. Hughes, commanding the Texas rangers, and was transmitted in the name of Governor Colquitt. Col. Estrada replied to Capt. Hughes, informing him that if there was a battle, "which is not probable", he said, "the fighting would not take place in the city, but east of Juarez."

Thirteen thousand dollars, Mexican money, on deposit with the Juarez customs collector, by Enrique Bowman, the American customs broker, was taken today by Col. Estrada to pay troops in Juarez. Bowman was notified that he would be reimbursed.

The Juarez bank officials announced officially that no money has been taken from them.

A telegram from Chihuahua says Gen. Orozco left there this morning for Juarez on a special train, accompanied only by his staff, to attempt to restore peace in Juarez.

"We are all friends of Orozco and are for him. There will be no fighting," said Col. Estrada, commander of the mutineers.

New Tactics to be Used.

Mexico City, Feb. 3.—No steps have been taken for the immediate subjection of the mutinous rurales at Juarez. Pasquel Orozco, accompanied only by a few staff officers, left Chihuahua today for Juarez to use moral force, but from no point have more troops been sent, and it is reported that the rurales already en route from Chihuahua have turned back.

Five hundred regulars will be sent from Monterey to Chihuahua. A small detachment of artillery from Laredo and a section of artillery from Mexico City are now on their way there.

In the campaign against the rebels of the South, new tactics are to be employed, similar to those used by Kitchener in South Africa. The forces will be divided into mobile columns of 100 men and with these an attempt will be made to sweep the rebel infested regions. Government officials announced these plans today. President Madero does not consider the Northern situation serious.

"I have not the least doubt," he said to a representative of the Associated Press today, "that the Juarez uprising will be ended in a very short time and the Chihuahua situation is already dominated by Orozco. I never have doubted Orozco's loyalty and never have considered dismissing him from the service."

As to whether Vasquez Gomez was furnishing funds to promote a revolution in Mexico, Madero expressed doubt.

"In my opinion," he said, "Mr. Vasquez Gomez has no money to put into such an enterprise."

The President declared Col. Estrada, upon whom the leadership of the mutineers had been forced, was in reality loyal to the government and was in fact assisting in affecting a reconciliation.

Orozco Reaches Juarez.

El Paso, Ter., Feb. 3.—General Pasquel Orozco reached Juarez shortly after 11 o'clock tonight, came directly to El Paso, and went into conference with Colonel E. Z. Steever, commanding the American troops here.

American Troops Ready.

San Antonio, Feb. 3. — The Third Battalion of the Twenty-Second Infantry, commanded by Major Benjamin Poor, is being held in readiness at

Fort Sam Houston to move to El Paso or other points along the Mexican border if the need for additional troops arises.

Rojas Burned Bridges

Chihuahua, Feb. 3.—Antonio Rojas, who was released from the penitentiary by mutinous rurales, today with solicited followers burned bridges along the line of the Northwestern Railroad. He has abandoned for the time his announced intention of storming the State prison and releasing all political prisoners. Rojas has established headquarters on the Fresno ranch, nine miles south of Chihuahua, where his little army of ex-rurales and recruits are encamped.

LECTURE WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

Rev. Dr. Milton on "Idealism and Realism in Modern Fiction"

Wednesday night at St. John's Parish House, Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, the rector, will lecture on "Idealism and Realism in Modern Fiction," a subject to which he has given much thought. The admission will be 50 cents and it is expected that a large audience will hear him. The proceeds from the lecture will be devoted to missions. Dr. Milton will emphasize such points as what to read in modern fiction, what not to read, how to read it, the tendencies of present day authors to embody in their works discussions on the problems that confront the world in the 20th century, etc. The remarks of Dr. Milton will be both interesting and instructive, and will undoubtedly be heard with pleasure.

SELLING WHISKEY CHARGED.

White Man Arrested for Violating the Prohibition Law.

L. T. Allen, a white man, who says he runs a barbecue stand on Nixon, between Seventh and Eighth streets, was arrested this morning at 12:50 o'clock by Patrolman B. J. Thompson, on a warrant charging him with violating the prohibition law by selling intoxicating liquors. Sis Baldwin, of no small fame in the local rogues' gallery, is the affiant in the case. Sis was arrested earlier in the night on the charge of being drunk and disorderly, upon the instigation of Allen, and she forthwith swore out a warrant against him, charging him with selling her three half pints of whiskey at different times yesterday. Allen was given berth at the City Hall last night. His case will probably come before the Recorder tomorrow.

Chased Negro With Gun

R. L. Henly, a white man, was arrested last night at Fifth and Wright streets by Patrolman C. W. Potter on a charge of drunkenness and shooting a gun in the city limits. Later a negro by the name of Will Davis told the officers that Henly pursued him with a gun and that he fired the shot which the officers heard at him (Davis). A charge of an assault with a deadly weapon will probably be brought against Henly in the Recorder's court tomorrow morning.

Services at Wrightsboro.

Pastors Beattie and Snyder, of the Lutheran churches of the city, will conduct a service at Wrightsboro in Mr. Seitter's storeroom this afternoon at 3:30. The attendance of all Lutherans and all others who may be interested, residing near Wrightsboro or Castle Haynes, is earnestly requested.

HARMON BOOM STARTED.

Headquarters for the Ohio Governor Opened in Washington.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The Ohio Democratic delegation in Congress met tonight and opened headquarters here for the presidential boom of Governor Judson Harmon. Senator Atlee Pomorene presided. Charges that Governor Harmon was not a progressive were answered in a statement issued after the conference, which said:

"It was the sentiment of the meeting that the big representation of 16 Democrats here in Congress was largely due to the fact that Governor Harmon was strong enough as a progressive executive to help put them here; that all the charges that had been made against Governor Harmon were made prior to the last election, and that his re-election by over 100,000 majority answered the charges fully as to where he lies in the hearts of his people."

Lieutenant Governor Nichols will arrive here Monday to map out the work for the Harmon headquarters.

BASKETBALL AT TRINITY

Virginia Christian College Defeated by a Decisive Score

Durham, N. C., Feb. 3.—In a walk-over game here tonight Trinity defeated the basketball team from Virginia Christian College by the decisive score of 69 to 9. Trinity had everything going her way throughout the entire game, and the result was evident from the beginning.

Hendrick and Moore were the particular stars for the locals, though Cherry did some pretty work at center during the last half.

For Virginia there was no exceptional work to speak of. J. E. Brinn, former Trinity star, acted as referee.

E. E. HILLIARD DEAD.

Oldest Editor in the States Passed Away Yesterday.

Scotland Neck, N. C., Feb. 3.—Mr. E. E. Hilliard, the oldest editor, in point of service, in North Carolina, died at his home here at a late hour last night, after an illness of several weeks. Mr. Hilliard edited the Scotland Neck Commonwealth for 26 years, retiring three years ago on account of failing health. He still retained his holdings in the Commonwealth and was a frequent contributor to its columns as well as other State papers. He was prominent in political and church affairs and was known throughout the State. As a public speaker he was in great demand up to the time his health failed.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 3.—A Jewish organization of 100 families of Chicago, has asked Labor Commissioner Guye, of Nebraska, to find a place in this State where the organization may come in a body and form a colony.

Account Laymen's Missionary Meeting, Chattanooga, Tenn., Tuesday, February 6-8, the Seaboard Air Line will operate through Pullman car, Wilmington to Chattanooga, leaving Wilmington 3:25 P. M. Monday Feb. 5th, arriving at Chattanooga Tuesday 11:30 A. M. Call 178 for Pullman reservations. 2t

NEWS AT A. & M. COLLEGE.

New Professor Elected—Offer for Football Game.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

West Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 3.—It has been announced from the president's office that Dr. H. R. Fulton, now Professor of Botany in the Pennsylvania State College, has been selected to the Chair of Botany and Plant Pathology at A. & M., to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Dr. E. L. Stevens, just before Christmas, to accept a position in the University of Porto Rico. Dr. Fulton, who will enter upon his new duties about the first of March, is a native of Mississippi, having graduated from the University of Mississippi, later taking the Master's degree at the University of Missouri. After teaching several years, Dr. Fulton went to Harvard University where he took his Doctor's degree. Since taking up teaching he has been very successful, and he has also won recognition in the scientific ranks of the United States.

President Hill has been asked to arrange for two lectures to be delivered in North Carolina some time early in May by Mr. Egan, Minister to the United States from Denmark. As Mr. Egan comes from a great farming nation and is a very attractive speaker, he will no doubt draw large audiences.

A scholarship has just been offered the college by one of the largest railroad systems in the State, the scholarship to be given to some worthy young man who desires to study agriculture.

Capt. W. G. Peace, Commandant of Cadets, attended the meeting of the North Carolina National Guard in Charlotte the first part of this week.

This week Prok. Pillsbury is in Elizabeth City aiding in some horticultural work in progress there, and while in that section of the State he will address an association of growers.

The Wau Gau Rac, the official organ of the Athletic Association, which is published as a weekly newspaper, which has not appeared since the holidays, will be out Saturday. The delay has been occasioned by the removal of the printers to larger quarters.

Wednesday a telegram was received from the manager of the football team of the A. & M. college of Texas, offering A. & M. $2,000 to play a game with the Texans on Monday, November 11th, in Houston, during the big gala week there, but it could not be considered seriously because of the fact that A. & M. will again play the U. S. Naval Academy, the date being November 16th, and could not afford to take such a trip such a short time before a big game.

CONGRESSIONAL PRIMARY.

Mr. Godwin Favorable to This Plan of Nomination in Sixth.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—Representative Godwin recently asked State Chairman Eller if the Congressional committee of his district is empowered to call a Congressional primary. Mr. Eller replied in the negative. Mr. Godwin then asked if Mr. Eller would favor a plan for a provision for a primary at the March meeting of the State Committee. Mr. Eller has this under consideration.

"I want a ballot primary," said Mr. Godwin today.

N. A. Sinclair, of Fayetteville, and George H. Bellamy, of Brunswick, have declared their intention of running against Mr. Godwin, although they have made no formal announcements.

GREENSBORO'S SNOW

Thursday Night's Flurry Followed by Another Friday Morning

Greensboro, N. C., Feb 3 – The snowstorm which descended upon Greensboro Thursday night lasted until midnight and then ceased; the stars came forth bright and indications were "fair." Shortly before 1 o'clock yesterday morning, however, the "Storm King" played a return engagement and the most severe snowstorm in the history of Greensboro ruled for 15 or 20 minutes. The flakes were exceptionally large and fell so thick and fast that street lights were practically obscured. While the fall lasted scarcely more than half an hour the ground was covered to a depth of nearly two inches.

GOLD STAMPEDE.

Armed Men and Women Encamped on South Fork River.

Southbend, Wash., Feb. 3.—Holding their ground, it is said, despite the efforts of the sheriff and a number of deputies, 150 armed men and women are reported to be encamped along the South Fork river near here, occupying ranch land where they believe there is a rich gold deposit. When the invasion began the owners of the land enlisted the services of the sheriff to drive off the trespassers, but the officers were powerless.

There has been a veritable stampede from surrounding points to this ranch for two weeks as the result of the reported gold discovery.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 3.—Supporters of Theodore Roosevelt won in a contest in the Knox county Republican executive committee today by a vote of 153 to 51 when President Taft's friends proposed to have a mass convention to choose delegates to the State convention that will select delegates to the National Republican Convention. Col. Roosevelt's supporters favored a primary, and when it was put to a vote, the ex-President's friends won.

The explosion of the battleship Liberte in the roads of Toulon is said to have been due to the ultra-violent rays. These rays work rapidly in decomposing powder, as well as other kinds of matter. Some people have thoughts of an ultra-violent character, which are known to be very effective in discharging the ridicule of the people who see things plain.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

LAY MISSIONARY CONVENTION

Lutherans Will Assemble In Salisbury Wednesday

Salisbury, N. C., Feb. 3.—Lay missionaries of the Lutheran Church will assemble here from all parts of the South next Wednesday to attend the first general convention to extend the lay missionary movement throughout the world.

Preparations have been made to receive nearly 1,000 delegates, and a programme of conference has been planned to cover all phases of present day conditions. Beginning with a welcome by Governor W. W. Kitchin on Wednesday and a response by the Rev. Dr. George B. Cromer, of Newberry, S. C., chairman of the executive committee, speakers of National reputation will discuss a variety of subjects, the convention closing on Friday evening.

W. C. Stoever, of Philadelphia, president of the Luther League of America, will dwell upon the necessity for strengthening the home base for advance in the foreign field; J. Murakami will present a message from Japan while the Rev. A. J. Stirewalt, of Kumamoto, Japan, will outline the urgency of the present situation in the Far East.

Never before has so much inteerst been taken in a convention in this section of North Carolina and the publicity committee of which Mr. C. E. Brown is chairman, is actively engaged in advertising the gathering. The erecutive secretary now in charge of the convention arrangements is Rev. E. C. Cronk, of Columbia, S. C., and the executive secretary is Rev. Geo. B. Cromer, of Newberry, S. C. There are also strong local committees actively at work on finance, deputation, registration, entertainment and auditorium.

The convention embraces the entire South, and delegates are expected from all Southern States. Preparations have been made for 800 to 1,000 visitors. Salisbury will be literally alive with Christian workers.

The programme arranged for the laymen's convention of the Lutheran Church, South, is one of the strongest ever presented in any similar gathering. The list of speakers include a number of men of national reputation such as Robert E. Speer, of New York; C. Campbell White, of New York; Governor W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina; A. J. Stirewalt, of Japan; H. A. Kohn, of Columbia; Isaac Cannady, of Gunter, Ind.; W. F. Doughty, of New York; Dr. W. A. Granville, of Gettysburg, Pa., and many others.

STANDARD NOT ADOPTED.

Cotton Exchange Wants Changes in Cotton Classification.

New York, Feb. 3.—The New York cotton exchange will refuse to adopt the United States government standard of cotton grades until a new grade con be standardized, to be called "strict ordinary," to take the place of present New York "good ordinary" and until the grades "middling fair" and "fair", be also standardized, it was declared tonight by George W. Neville, president of the exchange at the annual banquet of the institution.

Mr. Neville said that in fairness to cotton producers of the entire South the classification should, in other words, be amended so as to read "strict ordinary to fair," instead of "good ordinary to straight good middling," as at present.

"When this is done," continued Mr. Neville, "the management of the New York cotton exchange will put the adoption of the government standard types up to the members, and as your president I would strongly recommend their adoption. We have always stood for uniformity in grade, but just for uniformity's sake I cannot recommend to you the adoption of any standard classification that would maroon and leave without a market, good spinnable cotton, and also fail to give the cotton producers in North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and portions of other States such a standard to fix values in times of stress."

PUGILISTIC DOINGS.

Coulon Won Over Conley—Coming Matches Arranged.

Los Angeles, Ca., Feb. 3.—Johnny Coulon and Frankie Conley today fought 20 rounds of clean cut boxing, the favors, however, being distinctly in Coulon's favor. As early as the third round Conley's face was bleeding from Coulon's stinging punches, but every round found him boring in, head down, taking a half dozen blows for the sake of getting in one in return. Conley's punches, when they landed, shook the champion to his toes and he frequently gave ground before Conley, who often found, however, a terrific punch waiting for him when he pursued too eargerly.

The fight see-sawed through the 20 rounds, the majority going to the champion. The battle ended with the men fighting head to head in a clinch, blood from Conley's mouth running down Coulon's back and both his eyes nearly closed.

Before the contest Promoter Tom McCarey lined up 14 fighters in the ring, among them three champions—Wolgast, lightweight; Abe Attell, featherweight, and Coulon, bantamweight.

Johnny Kilbane, of Cleveland, was introduced as the opponent of Attell in the Washington birthday match, February 22nd. "One round" Hogan issued a challene and Freddie Welch, the British boxer, accepted it on the spot. The fight is scheduled for a date in March.

Houston, Texas, Feb. 3.—The Texas Baseball League of 1912 will be composed entirely of cities within the State. This was decided at a meeting of the league today, Beaumont taking over the franchise held last year by Oklahoma City, the only point outside Texas holding membership. Six thousand dollars was paid for the Oklahoma City franchise.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 3.—The battleship New Jersey, en route to join the fleet at Guantanamo, Cuba, stopped in Lynn Haven Roads today, and taking aboard a number of "stragglers" from vessels of the fleet that had been left here, sailed for the South.

Blamed a Good Worker.

"I blamed my heart for severe distress in my left side for two years," writes W. Evans, Danville, Va., "but I know now it was indigestion, as Dr. King's New Life Pills completely cured me." Best for stomach, liver and kidney troubles, constipation, headache or debility, 25c at R. R. Bellamy.

Despair and Despondency

No one but a woman can tell the story of the suffering, the despair, and the despondency endured by women who carry a daily burden of ill-health and pain because of disorders and derangements of the delicate and important organs that are distinctly feminine. The tortures so bravely endured completely upset the nerves if long continued.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the nerves. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. Honest medicine dealers sell it, and have nothing to urge upon you as "just as good."

It is non-secret, non-alcoholic and has a record of forty years of cures. ASK YOUR NEIGHBORS. They probably know of some of its many cures.

If you want a book that tells all about woman's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce to pay cost of mailing *only*, and he will send you a *free* copy of his great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser—revised, up-to date edition, in paper covers. In handsome cloth-binding, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R.V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

THE CAMORRA TRIAL

Inspection Made of Restaurant Where Victims Were Condemned

Naples, Italy, Feb. 3.—The famous Camorra trial was transferred for a few hours today to Torre Del Greco that the court might inspect the Mimi Amara restaurant where it is alleged the two victims, General Genaro Cuocolo and his wife, Maria Cutinelli, were condemned to death. The investigation lasted three hours.

The sitting was a dramatic one. Judge DeFilippis, the examining magistrate, who first went to the spot when the murders were discovered, and Signor Ventimiglia, the police official of Torre Del Greco, who was the first to reach the scene of the murder, gave descriptions of how the bodies were found.

The court then adjourned to the restaurant Mimi Amara where Elrico Alfano, the alleged head of the Camorra, and Giovanni Rappi, who is supposed to have been the treasurer, banquetted with other members of the society, while the murder was being carried out. None of the accused was present at today's sitting.

Signor Lioy, of the counsel for the defense, challenged a statement made by Judge DeFilippis that it was possible to proceed along the beach without entering Torre Del Greco. He went so far as to lay a wager that it is not possible to do so. He proposed that he himself should make the attempt, which has been set for June, the crime having occurred in that month. As it is expected the trial will not be ended by June, it is probable the court will return to Torre Del Greco for the test.

ANOTHER MILL BANKRUPT.

Trion Manufacturing Co., Has $1,000,000 Failure.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 3.—Judge W. T. Newman, in the Federal Court today handed down an order declaring the Trion Manufacturing Company, of Trion, Ga., bankrupt, and appointing W. S. Howell, of Rome, Ga., referee in bankruptcy, to wind up the company's affairs. The Trion Company operates one of the largest cotton mills in the South and nearly $1,000,000 is involved in the failure. The mills have been kept in operation under direction of the court for two months. The principal creditors are banks in Atlanta, Rome and Chattanooga.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 3.—The number of defendants awaiting trial next Tuesday in the government's criminal case against the so-called bathtub trust, under the Sherman anti-trust law, was reduced today to 15 firms and 31 individuals. The Day-Ward Company, of Warrenton, O., and its vice president, A. G. Ward, were given leave by the United States district judge, A. C. Angell, to withdraw their pleas of not guilty and enter pleas of nolo contendere.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 3.—Bachelor members of the Hermitage Club, Nashville's most exclusive social club, gave a dinner tonight designed to give the ladies a chance to propose. No member was allowed to attend the dinner who did not make an affidavit that he was more than 30 years old and had tried repeatedly to get married without success, but was willing to entertain propositions. More than 50 members of the club attended the dinner, which preceded a ball.

Boston, Feb. 3.—Failure of counsel for Joseph J. Ettor and Arturo Viovanniti, the strike leaders in jail at Lawrence on a charge of being accessories to the murder of Annie Lopizzo, to have the notice of the habeas corpus hearing served on the jailor at Lawrence, resulted today in the hearing being postponed until 2 P. M. Tuesday.

Belgrade, Servia, Feb. 3.—The Servian cabinet has resigned, partly because of the recent discovery of a conspiracy in the army to force King Peter to dismiss the radical cabinet or to abdicate in favor of the crown prince. Another reason is that support afforded by the Parliament to the government has declined considerably.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 3.—A total disorganization of the artillery branch of the army is reported by the Duma Committee of National Defense. The committee favors a prompt increase in the appropriations to remedy this condition.

St. Louis, Feb. 3.—Roderick B. Wills signed a contract today to manage the St. Louis American League baseball team for the coming season.

Scraps of toilet soap should be saved, and when half a cupful or so is on hand it is a good plan to make the scraps into a soap jelly.

Strange as it may seem, beef may be kept for months if immersed in sour milk. The lactic acid destroys the germs of putrification.

Whole wheat or brown bread cut into very thin slices and spread with unsalted butter is tasty served with oysters on the half shell.

Parffine rubbed on the heels of stockings will cause them to last much longer without wearing out.

A cloth dipped in ammonia will often remove the stains from the collar of an overcoat.

Whip cream in a pitcher instead of a bowl, to do it in half the time and without spattering.

CHINESE TONG WAR.

Raging in Pacific Coast Cities, From San Diego to Vancouver.

San Francisco, Feb. 3. — Pacific coast cities from San Diego, Cal., to Vancouver, B. C., found themselves today confronted with a Chinese tong war with three men already shot and an armistice flagrantly violated, mercenaries and leaders of the great Chinese family societies made ready to defend themselves and avenge their friends.

Two distinct feuds must be wiped out before the clans in Portland, Ore., San Jose, San Francisco and other points may lay down their strictly modern automatic firearms which have replaced the hatchet of former years and turn over to the occidentals the taxicabs they pursue and in which they escape.

At San Jose, Lee Kee, a member of the Hip Sing Tong, is dead and Wah Get, a Hop Sing Tong man, is under arrest. This feud, which started with the beating of a Hop Sing man who was collecting a gambling fund, has swept over the efforts at pacification of the Six Companies, the supervising bdy of all the tongs, in San Francisco when Lee Kees' death became known, allies of the Hip Song and Wong Yuk Sun. This news, reaching Portland, led to a rush for quantities of arms purchased earlier in the day.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 3.—With W. H. Delarm, of Seattle, and Allen Jay Biehl, of Portland, comprising the firm of "Delarm & Biehl, bonds," missing and not a dollar of assets in sight, the holders of the $5,000,000 bond issue of the Columbia River Orchards Company found not a ray of hope in the situation today. Stories continue to be received of persons of small means investing everything they possessed in the 7 per cent. bonds.

WRIGHT SELLS LOTS

We sell lots, and in most cases furnish nearly all the money to pay for them. We are daily having property listed with us for sale, so if you want to stop that rent paying habit, we will make it easy for you and get you the right place.

Here are a few—cut this out—maybe you don't see what you want. This list isn't a fiftieth of what we have, so tell us if you want a home, or an investment, big or little, it's our pleasure to find it for you.

Number 205 Grace street is a comfortable, roomy modern home, it's on a good street, fine neighborhood, near railroad.

The old "deRosset house, No. 113 South Second street, with a good sized lot. Brick house, ally on side, near downtown.

A nice cottage on a wide, deep lot is No. 314 North Seventh street. Plenty yard, good street and soon to be re-paved. Have a look at it.

At No. 711 Grace (luck number) is a very modest price home on a good street.

A tip-top fine home is No. 113 South Seventh street, big lot, a nice place, have a look at this.

There's a good profit on a small amount of cash, and a just-ahead-of-the-crowd amount of nerve, for the purchaser of 216 and 218 North Sixth street. Houses are not fine, and the price is in keeping with present condition. The location is splendid. Listen to unliejng figures on this.

The North Front street property is still awaiting the investor. Just think 99 feet frontage by 160 feet deep. Take care of a big business, or if you like, just the corner alone, 66 feet on Front street, by 100 feet on Walnut The new pavement, new $300,000 union station just one block away. Then prices will make you sorry you didn't see Wright.

At Carolina Heights we have a corner lot 200 feet on Market street. The supply here is very limited, in a few days this will be gone and opportunity lost.

Then we have a cottage—a bully bungalow —neat, convenient and cheap.

The "Sullivan" home, 1703 Market street, is going to some lucky person. Will it be you? It's worth investigating, if you like the Heights.

If you have $200 we have a good investment in a lot, or, if you want to buy one at $5.00 per month, easy money later on, we will build you a house on this lot and the five or six dollars rent coming in each month will look right good.

There are lots of trades to suit the pocketbook, several we can absolutely guarantee. You will miss a number of places if you compare this memorandum with the one we gave you last Sunday. They are sold. Just seven houses and two vacant lots were sold through our agency this past week. Every one a more than satisfied customer. Don't you want to make money, too?

SPECIAL—We have a centrally located property, on new vitrified brick street, within half block of new cathedral, that will pay 12 per cent on $15,000. This is, we believe, the best paying real estate offer that has been made in years. We will loan you most of the money at six per cent—while the property will pay this interest, all expenses, and a substantial monthly return to you. In addition to this, it is steadily enhancing in value.

J. G. WRIGHT & SON.
Real Estate Agency.
Established 22 years ago.

THE K. P. GUANO DISTRIBUTOR

4,000 of the Best Farmers in North Carolina Know the Merits of This Remarkable Distributor.

They carry large loads, are well balanced; scatters fertilizer and covers it. Wind shields on all new machines (at no extra cost) prevent the guano from blowing away.

Nothing about it to break or get out of order.

Guaranteed to give satisfaction or your money back.

PRICE $10.00.

We want one good merchant in every town to handle it.

N. JACOBI Hardware Co.

Sole Agents for North Carolina.

A Special Representative

—of—

Hopkins Tailoring Co.

of Baltimore, Md.,

Will be here Friday and Saturday, Feb. 2nd and 3rd, With a Large Display of Woolens,

Representing the Latest and Newest Styles and Fabrics. Orders taken for immediate and future deliveries. High Class Tailoring at Low Prices. Over 200 styles at $15, $18 and $20.

Also a large assortment of Higher Grades.

Don't fail to see the Hopkins Tailoring Line, and leave your measure.

J. W. FLEET COMPANY

One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

POCAHONTAS Steam COAL

Thacker Lump Coal. Wood, All Cuts. Lime, Cement, Plaster, Walrus Roofing, Shingles, Brick, Pipe, &c

Your orders Respectfully Solicited.

W. B. THORPE & CO.

PHONE 789

Call on us for up-to-date

Station Wagons

Surreys, Buggies and Carriages.

City Livery Company

Phone 15.

Now For Business

We have just received car load of RUBBER ROOFING. Get our prices and let us show you the goods. We can depend upon you to do the rest.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

Building Material.

The Murchison National Bank

Capital and Surplus $1,300,000
Deposits 3,500,000
Assets 6,000,000

H. C. McQUEEN, Pres. J. W. YATES, V.-Pres.
J. V. GRAINGER, V.-Pres. C. S. GRAINGER, Cash.

PERFECT LIGHT

To have a Perfect Light and a Smokeless Heater, it is Necessary to have a **Water White, 150 deg. Fire Test Oil** (State Test).

Prime White, and other off grades 150 deg. Fire Test Oils (State Test) will Not Do the Trick.

We sell but the One Grade. Try Us.

CAPE FEAR OIL COMPANY

'Phone 873. Wilmington, N. C.

WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

Delay of Day In Opening Court—Paving to Begin—Other Items, Personal and Otherwise In Robeson County Capital

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Feb. 3.—Sheriff McNeill received a letter from Judge Peebles saying that he would not be here Monday in time to open court on that day but that court would convene Tuesday morning. It will be good work if the business on hand is disposed of in two weeks. There are over 30 prisoners in jail, six of whom are waiting to be tried for murder, one for burglary and one for an assault. There will doubtless be several additions to the road force which needs all the help it can get, for with a large force engaged on the work it would take a long time to get the roads in many places so there would be any comfort in traveling.

Mayor White says that within three or four weeks he expects the work of paving Elm street to begin. It will be paved from the railroad to Sixth and probably to Seventh street. We do not think it possible that there is a citizen in Lumberton who will not rejoice at this great improvement. The sidewalks which were put down last year from Sixth street up could not be bought at any price.

Good many people have been heard to comment on the coincidence that during the past two months Lumberton has had three fires of unknown origin, all of which were at livery stables. Two of these fires occurred at one stable in a week, but great loss was not sustained until last week when 10 horses and two mules were burned.

We understood that it is probable that in the near future Mr. Todd, who has been first-trick operator for the Seaboard here for the past year or two, will be promoted and assigned to the agency at Keyser on the main line between Hamlet and Raleigh. This would be a well merited promotion. The Seaboard usually takes care of its employes who are worthy of promotion.

The John T. Biggs Company has added a new feature to their business by having a lady to come with samples of dress goods, take measurements for the ladies and have their garments sent them ready made same as they do for men. Mrs. E. P. Sturtevant, of Cincinnati, will be at their store Monday and will be glad to have the ladies call and see her samples, and if they desire she will take their orders for dresses made to order.

Some of the patrons of the graded school have been making an effort to have those in authority change the noon recess hour so as to make it a little longer and give the children time to go home for their lunch instead of taking it in with them when they go to school in the morning. They say give longer recess and keep them longer in the afternoon. Having been raised that way we believe we are prepared to endorse the idea.

It may seem smart to the party or parties who during the past few days or nights have thrown away time by stopping to tear down paper that had been posted advertising opera house attractions. Special pains seem to have been taken to remove "Third Degree" paper. Keep it up and watch for results.

Mr. Robert Lamb, the Fayetteville landscape gardener, has been awarded the contract for laying off and beautifying the grounds at Mr. H. B. Jennings' residence on North Elm street, and expects to begin the work first of the week. Mr. Lamb now does practically all work of this kind that is done in Lumberton.

Many friends here regret exceedingly the continued illness of Mrs. Ellen Redmond at the home of her sister, Mrs. Lamb, of Fayetteville. Mrs Redmond went to Fayetteville several months ago in the hope that a change would be beneficial, but it seems that in this she was disappointed as there is no improvement in her condition.

A few sweet potatoes found their way to market since the snow and were quickly disposed of, but eggs do not come in to any considerable extent. We heard one merchant say he bought two dozen last week while others did not see any at all. It is a hard proposition housekeepers are having.

Among those who are suffering from leaking roofs one night this week, when a hard rain fell, was the Freeman Company, who estimated their damage at not less than $50. Mr. Waits, the photographer, on the second floor of the same building was also a heavy loser.

That Robesonian baby contest has certainly caused a lot of people to get busy. Every mother naturally would like to have her baby win, and she would not be worthy of the name of mother if she did not. Some little ones are going to be happy when that $500 in gold gets to passing round.

We know it without being told that it's none of our business, but just the same we don't see why some of our people will send away to some other town and even to other States to buy articles that can be bought right at home and often for less money, counting the cost of ordering. Think of sending to some of the Northern cities for a half dozen spools of Coat's thread. Nearly every store in town keeps thread for sale, but it's a well-known fact that some people naturally like to get mail, and often request samples and prices for that reason. We heard it stated here on one occasion that a certain young attorney would write letters to himself and drop them in the postoffice just so the people could see him getting mail. This mail order business is like people going away from home to see shows when they can see just as good at home, but when a show comes right to their door they are sick or too busy.

It's hard to down a working man. With practically everything ruined by fire last week, Mr. Clarence Redmond has never stopped business. While the fire was yet burning he replenished his stock of fruits, vegetables, oysters, etc., and went right ahead, without so much as an awning to keep the rain off, and hiring a watchman to sit up at night and watch his stock. But Mr. Redmond is all right now, the express office has been moved to Mr. McLean's new building near the railroad station and he now occupies the building on Fourth street vacated by the express company.

The "Third Degree" was presented here Thursday night to one of the largest and most appreciative audiences ever seen here. "The Devil," another high-class attraction, will be presented Monday night. A strong company is said to be playing "The Devil."

Dr. R. M. Norment, whom everybody in this section loves, celebrated his 83rd birthday Thursday. Dr. Norment is a veteran of the Mexican and Civil wars, and though very feeble is serving his second term as postmaster at this place. During the afternoon Thursday, hundreds of friends called on the doctor to wish him many more birthdays. Many friends carried him presents of various kinds as tokens of their esteem. Dr. Norment said it was the happiest day of his life. Grand old man!

Miss Grace Redmond, who was operated on for apendicitis at the Thompson Hospital early in the week, is reported as rapidly improving. Miss Redmond has many friends in Wilmington as well as here who will be delighted to know that she is expected to be able to leave the hospital in a few days.

We have located the cause of the delay in getting the early morning mail to the postoffice after the arrival of the train. We noticed the mail carrier one morning this week, after he had started to the postoffice, have to unload and stop to weigh up several trunks which had just arrived. So long as one man has to do the work of two men, something is going undone.

Lumberton's new brass band made its first appearance in public last night when the boys, twenty in number, came out and played several selections in front of the Past Time Theatre. For beginners making their first appearance, it was the best we have ever heard. Prof. Whitely and each member of the band are to be congratulated on the rapid success they are making. Now let the town encourage them.

Lumberton now has an institution for the treatment of the morphine and other drug habits, where a cure is assured in ten days. There is lots of material here for the place to work on if the unfortunates desire to save themselves. While it is to be deplored that such a place is necessary it is to be hoped that those needing treatment will lose no time in seeking the relief offered right at home.

Much has been said recently of the bad condition of the streets and roads, caused by rain and snow, but at the present time the worst condition of streets we have seen are to be found near the western corner of the graded school lot. There is a chance for damages.

Mr. H. M. McAallister spent yesterday in Richmond, Va., on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. D. Proctor and little daughter left yesterday for Graham to visit Mrs. Proctor's parents. Mr. Proctor will return tomorrow so as to be here next week for court.

Beginning with next week the coupons which are being given away at the Past Time Theatre for the Robesonian baby contest, will be reduced from 100 to 50 votes, and will only be given away two nights in the week, those nights being Tuesday and Friday.

Mr. J. M. Russell, son of Capt. and Mrs. J. P. Russell, who is a student of an Atlanta college, has been spending several days here with his parents Mr. Russell was so far advanced in his studies that he was not required to stand the usual examinations, and given ten days off. Young Russell is a "chip off the old block."

Mr. F. J. Thomas, express agent here, left this afternoon for the western part of the State where he will remain for some time on account of poor health. Mr. Thomas will be followed later by his family when he has made arrangements for their coming. During the absence of Mr. Thomas Mr. Henry Boylan will be in charge of the express office.

Miss Jennie Cowan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. Q. Weathersby, has been very sick for several days with typhoid fever. While she is still very sick she is holding her own remarkably well. Many friends of the family hope for an early change for improvement.

Mrs. J. S. Norman, of Bladenboro, wife of Dr. Norman, was brought to the Thompson Hospital yesterday evening where she will be treated.

From a statement made by Sheriff McNeill this week it seems that many Robeson county people are away off on the tax paying business. The sheriff says that not over 50 or 60 per cent of the 1911 taxes have been paid.

The cabbage plant business is rushing here now and many people are preparing to have early Spring cabbage by transplanting.

Mr. A. W. McLean is having all the rubbish removed from the lot where the fire occurred last week However, Mr. McLean has no idea at this time as to when any building will be erected on the lot.

The Seaboard is now handling some of those long freight trains such as are seen passing during fertilizer season.

A good deal of excitement was caused yesterday afternoon by a cow which had been led away to the butcher pen just North of town to be put to death. The man who attempted to take the poor cow's life missed his calculation. He knocked the animal in the head with an axe and when it fell he stuck the knife in it's throat as was his custom. The cow would not stand for that—she jumped up and it is said ran over the man who was using the knife on her, and in spite of the efforts of several yelling boys who started after her, the cow came down town like something crazy, the blood running from her throat in a stream. Sidewalks where the cow went were cleared for her, and when in her frantic rage she ran into an open stable where she was lassoed and led away the second time to be slaughtered. It is said that one gentleman who is not as tall as a low fence, found himself meeting the cow, and taking in the situation ran across the street and climbed a fence twice his height without any assistance whatever.

A liquor merchant said that there has been a great increase in the sale of absinthe since it was made known that the government would prohibit the importation of this drink. He says that men who never used it before are beginning to drink it, and calls this conduct "thoroughly American." It cannot be called exclusively American, however.

CARNEGIE FOR TAFT.

Steel King Will Not Speak at Roosevelt Convention.

New York, Feb. 3.—Andrew Carnegie declined today an invitation by telegraph to address the Roosevelt State mass convention at Oklahoma City next Saturday. In his reply, Mr. Carnegie declared he was an out and out supporter of President Taft.

Mr. Carnegie's answer, sent to A. E. Perry, temporary chairman of the Oklahoma organization, reads:

"Thanks for your invitation to address the Roosevelt State mass convention, Oklahoma. I beg to say that I am an out and out supporter of my friend, Roosevelt's chosen favorite for the Presidency, who has so fully justified the encomiums he lavished upon him. It would be unfair not to give President Taft a second term and I cannot believe ex-President Roosevelt is not of this opinion. After President Taft has served two terms it will be time enough to propose a successor. (Signed)

"ANDREW CARNEGIE."

SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE MINDED.

Contracts Awarded at Kinston Friday. Ready on November 1st.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Feb. 3.—The executive committee of the board of directors of the State School for the Feeble Minded, which is to be located about one mile from this city, met yesterday afternoon and received bids for the erection of three of the buildings. The committee, composed of State Senator Baggett, of Lillington; Hon. W. A. Thompson, of Aurora; Mr. J. B. Dawson, of Kinston, and Dr. Ira M. Hardy, secretary and superintendent-elect of the institution, awarded the contract to York & Cobb, contractors of Raleigh. There were nine bidders for the work, including seven North Carolina concerns, one from Virginia and one from Atlanta. The bids offered ranged from $48,465, the price named by York & Cobb, to $89,000. In conference with the committee were Mr. Hook, of Hook & Rogers, of Charlotte; and C. C. Hartge, of Raleigh, joint architects, who drew the plans from which the bids were made. The contract calls for the erection of two dormitories, one for girls and one for boys, and a central building, to contain the dining room, kitchen and nurses' quarters. The three buildings will be two stories each, of brick with slate roofing, and the contract calls for their completion by October 1st. The prospects now are that the school will be in readiness to begin operations, on a small scale at least, by November 1st.

Doctors Use This for Eczema

Dr. Evans, ex-Commissioner of Health, says: "There is almost no relation between skin diseases and the blood." The skin must be cured through the skin. The germs must be washed out, and so salves have long ago been found worthless. The most advanced physicians of this country are now agreed on this, and are prescribing a wash of wintergreen, thymol and other ingredients for eczema and all other skin diseases. This compound is known as D. D. D. Prescription for Eczema.

Dr. Holmes, the well-known skin specialist writes: "I am convinced that the D. D. D. Prescription is as much a specific for eczema as quinine for malaria. I have been prescribing the D. D. D. remedy for years." It will take away the itch the instant you apply it.

In fact, we are sure of what D. D. D. will do for you that we will be glad to let you have a $1 bottle on our guarantee that it will cost you nothing unless you find that it does the work.

Robert H. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

North Carolina, New Hanover County.
Joseph B. Britt vs. Rebecca Britt—Notice:

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of New Hanover County; it being an action for divorce on the ground of adultery; and the defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the term of the Superior Court of said county, to be held on the 1st Monday in April, 1912, at the Court House in said County, and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiff, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This February 3rd, 1912.

JNO. D. TAYLOR,
Clerk Superior Court.
W. N. HARRISS,
Deputy.

Jos. W. Little, Att'y.
fe4-law4w

Talk of the Town

J. W. H. Fuchs' SLAUGHTER SALE, conducted by M. J. Merritt, "Dixie's Greatest Bargain Giver," is the Talk of the Whole Country. Great and eager are the crowds that inhabit the store daily, for Real, Genuine Bargains, that are High Up in Quality and Low Down in Price. Below a few Thrilling Prices are Mentioned:

Monday, Feb. 5, 10 A. M., we will sell 25 Full-Sized Bleached Sheets, values up to 75c, for 30c

Tuesday, at 10 A. M., we will sell for 10 minutes 10 yards of good Yard Bleached Domestic for 43c

Good News for Every Woman Who Intends to Buy New Goods at Bargain Prices.

Other Calico worth 7½c for 5c
Good heavy yard wide Brown Domestic, for 5½c
Yard wide Sea Island, regular 10c value, for 7½c
Hill of Hope Bleached Domestic, extra soft finish, sells everywhere for 10c; Special Sale 8c
10c Outing Flannel 7c
12½c Flannelette 8c
Best French Percale, worth 15c, for..9c
The very best Feather Bed Ticking..14c
15c Mercerized Dress Ginghams ...9c
10c Dress Gingham 7½c
5c Barber Towels 3c
15c Huck Towels 7c
20c Huck Towels 12c
15c Turkish Bath Towels 7c
50c and 60c Bleached Sheets, full size, only 39c
12½c Pillow Cases 8c

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPT.

Men's 50c and 60c Heavy Fleeced Lined Underwear, ...39c
Wright's Health Fleeced Lined Underwear, for 79c
Extra Heavy Fleeced Lined Underwear for Men; regular 75c values ...48c
Men's Spring and Summer Underwear; knee drawers, short sleeve shirts; regular 50c to 75c value; per garment .39c
25c Medium Weight Underwear for Ladies 19c
$8.00 Silk Bath Robes, for $4.69
Men's 50c Night Shirts 39c
Men's $2 Pajamas, white, plain and embroidered $1.29
Men's 50c Negligee Shirts 39c
One lot of Men's Suits that were carried over from last season; would be cheap at $5; Merritt says only $2.48
Men's $6 and $8 Suits, in Black Thibet or Cassimere $3.48
Men's $10 Suits in all the latest styles, only $5.69
Extra Heavy Worsted Suits; positively worth $15, or your money back, for only $8.98
Men's extra fine Business Suits, made by the best tailors in all the ultra styles and fabrics; equal in every respect to the finest tailor-made to-order Suits. Don't fail to see this Suit, at the ridiculously low price of $12.98
Men's Overcoats, 46 inches long, in Brown and fancy Melton; regular $8 value, for $3.98
Men's $10.00 Overcoats and Rain Coats, 52 inches long, in Black and Brown. Don't fail to see them, at $5.98
Men's $16.50 Overcoats, for $10.98
Boys' $2.50 and $3 Knickerbocker Suits, for $1.59
Boys' $4.00 Knickerbocker Suits, all sizes and styles, for $2.98
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, that are positively worth $5; made in all the latest styes for $3.98
Boys' 75c Split Hip Knickerbocker Pants, for 48c
Boys' $1 and $1.25 Pants 79c
$1.50 and $2 Knickerbocker Pants; split hip and full peg for $1.19
Men's $2 to $2.50 Trousers in blue and fancy mixed worsteds, for dress and business wear; only $1.69
Men's $3.50 Pants, for $2.68
Men's all wool Pants, in Blues and Blacks, peg and semi-peg hips; would be cheap at $4.50; Sale Price $3.29
50 Dozen Everitt Blue Denim black-stitched Overalls, worth $1.25, and strictly union made; pants or coat, for ..89c

SMALL BARGAINS THAT COUNT.

Ladies' and Misses' 10c. fast black and seamless Hose, at 6c
One line Ladies' and Children's 20c Hose at 8c
Silk finished Lisle and Mercerized Hose; black and tan; worth 25c to 35c, for only 19c
200 pairs fine Silk Hose; worth 50c to 75c, at 39c
15c Hose, at 8c
Ladies' White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, for 1c
Men's White Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth from 5 to 10c, for ..3c
Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth from 15c to 25c, for 6c
Men's fast black and tan Hose; worth 10c, for 6c

Shoes at Slaughter Prices—Make Your Selection Now.

One lot of Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords; must be sold out at, a pair, only..48c
One lot of Ladies' Shoes, worth $1.50 to $2 a pair, at $1.19
$2.25 Ladies' Shoes in all the latest styles and leathers; Merritt's Sale Price $1.58
$2.50 to $2.75 Ladies' Shoes, in patent leather and tan $1.98
$3 to $3.50 Ladies' Shoes, in all styles and leathers $2.39
Men's good heavy Satin Calf Shoes, worth $1.75, for $1.29
200 pairs of Men's nice Dress Shoes, worth $2.55, for $1.69
Men's Vici Kid, Patent Leather, Box Calf and Tan Shoes; worth $3 to $3.50, for only $2.39
Men's $5 and $6 Shoes $3.98
"Cygolf," "King Quality" and "Crossett" Shoes for Men, in all leathers and styles—they sell everywhere for $4 to $4.50, at $3.29

J. W. H. FUCHS

28 S. FRONT STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C. Railroad Fare Paid to purchasers of $25.00 or More, for 50 Miles. Mail Orders Filled Promptly. Look for the Large Green Signs on Front of Store.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective January 1st, 1912. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 90, ‡ 3:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 12:35 P. M. and Richmond 4:30 P. M.)	No. 91, ‡ 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50, *11:30 P. M.
No. 64, ‡ 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, ‡ 6:50 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52, * 8:05 P. M.
No. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway (!) Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:50 P. M.
No. 59, ‡ 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, ‡10:15 A. M.
No. 42, * 7:00 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, * 9:45 A. M.
No. 57, ‡ 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58, ‡ 8:30 A. M.

* Daily. ‡Daily except Sunday. ‖ Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DECEMBER 4, 1911.
Winter Park, Wrightsville, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points.

EAST BOUND.			WEST BOUND.		
Leave Wilmington for Winter Park	Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville	Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville Beach	Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville Beach for Wilmington
*6:30 A.M.	*6:30 A.M.	*6:30 A.M.	*6:25 A.M.	*6:15 A.M.	----------
*7:00 "	*7:00 "	----------	*7:40 "	*7:30 "	----------
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*8:00 "	*8:00 "	----------	*8:40 "	*8:30 "	----------
†8:00 "	†8:00 "	†8:00 "	†9:10 "	†8:55 "	†8:45 A.M.
*8:30 "	*8:30 "	*8:30 "	*9:40 "	*9:25 "	*9:15 "
†9:30 "	†9:30 "	----------	†10:15 "	†10:00 "	----------
10:00 "	10:00 "	10:00 "	11:10 "	10:55 "	10:45 "
11:30 "	11:30 "	11:30 "	12:40 P.M.	12:25 P.M.	12:15 P.M.
‖1:00 P.M.	‖1:00 P.M.	‖1:00 P.M.	2:10 "	1:55 "	1:45 "
2:00 "	2:00 "	----------	2:40 "	2:30 "	----------
‖2:30 "	----------	----------	‖3:10 "	----------	----------
3:00 "	3:00 "	3:00 "	‖3:50 "	----------	----------
‖3:30 "	----------	----------	4:10 "	3:55 "	3:45 "
‖4:10 "	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------
4:30 "	4:30 "	4:30 "	‖4:30 "	----------	----------
‖4:50 "	----------	----------	‖5:10 "	----------	----------
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5:30 "	5:30 "	5:30 "	6:50 "	6:35 "	6:25 "
6:10 "	6:10 "	6:10 "	7:10 "	7:00 "	6:50 "
7:10 "	7:10 "	7:10 "	8:10 "	8:00 "	7:50 "
8:30 "	8:30 "	8:30 "	9:40 "	9:25 "	9:15 "
10:00 "	10:00 "	----------	10:40 "	10:30 "	----------
11:00 "	11:00 "	----------	11:40 "	11:30 "	----------

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.
Leave Wilmington every half hour from 2:00 until 5:30 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 until 5:45 P. M.

Cars marked * do not run on Sundays.
Cars marked † run Sundays only.
Cars marked ‖ superceded by half hour schedule Saturdays and Sundays.
Cars marked ‡ leave at 1:10 P. M. on Saturdays.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

Daily Except Sunday.
Leave 9th and Orange streets 3:00 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2 to 3 P. M.

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 178.

Trains Leave Wilmington, Effective Nov. 26th, 1911.

No. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet, and intermediate points, to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:25 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York, and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:

No. 40—12:30 P. M.—From Charlotte.

No. 44—12:10 A. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 65, for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis; No. 84, for Washington and New York; No. 32, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Pullman Car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on trains 39, 40, 45 and 44.

Sleeper on No. 45 open for occupancy at 10 P. M.

CLAUDE MURRAY, Union Ticket Agt. 'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent. Orton Hotel. 'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN, Gen. Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.
mh12-tf

Clyde Steamship Company

to

NEW YORK

and

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Carib," Friday, Jan. 26, 1912.
Steamship "Navahoe," Friday, Feb. 2, 1912.

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Navahoe," Sat., Jan. 27, 1912.
Steamship "Carib," Sat., Feb. 3, 1913.

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Carib," Monday, Jan. 29, 1912.
Steamship "Navahoe," Monday, Feb. 5, 1912.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't., Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
H. M. RAYMOND, V.-P. and G. M.

DR. I. R. KEISER

OSTEOPATHY

Specialist Nervous Diseases.
Office—Carolina Apartment House.
Office Hours—9 to 12 and 3 to 5.
no13-1mo

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one months, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday February 4, 1912.

Col. Henry Watterson is a great editor, but at the same time he throws rocks when it's in order to saw wood.

The main reason why the Democracy does not win is because Democrats listen to those who talk Democracy and vote Republican.

Says the Winston-Salem Journal: "William Randolph Hearst is for Champ Clark for President." Now look what Champ's got to do to prove that he is standing on his own feet.

On Friday the ground hog saw his shadow. Whereupon he took to his hole to make room for Democrats who do not know any better than pick at the pen feathers of their Presidential eligibles.

What has become of the old fashioned gentleman who gave his order for "pistols and coffee for two" and then left it to his friends to arrange a peace pact that might keep him from taking to the woods?

Speaker Champ Clark has declared: "I am standing on my feet." However, it should be understood that he would not fail to use one of his feet to raise a kick if the Missouri Democrats do not give his Presidential eligibility a square deal.

The extremist generally throws the fat in the fire and gets roasted himself. The radical is a poor reformer because his lack of tact and diplomacy provokes resentment instead of securing endorsement. Some men think they can arouse public sentiment by using the same methods they would employ in getting the best of a snake. A radical makes the opposition mad and there is where he loses his fight.

A prominent Western North Carolina Republican tells the Greensboro News that 90 per cent. of the old line Republicans are for Roosevelt and opposed to Taft. However, it is nothing but fair to nominate Taft and give him a chance to again fool the people by promising one thing on the stump and doing the contrary thing in the White House. Taft has a perfect right to be tried by the people and recalled on his record.

Of course, the Columbia State does not know what is meant by the word "rampageous". In the North Carolina lexicon it conveys an idea of the way a South Carolina politician conducts himself when he wants to pull the wool over the eyes of the "wool hat boys." When the South Carolina primary opens in "full blast", all true reformers are expected to take to the stump, run their fingers through their hair, glare at their opponents, knock the water pitcher off the stand, and "spit pizen" on newspaper editors who insist on a decorous government for South Carolina.

Every eligible who talks like he is on the side of the people is pronounced dangerous by many newspapers which refuse to know better. We have been greatly interested and edified in their adroit and able attacks on Woodrow Wilson, Judson Harmon, Senator LaFollette, and others, but we had hoped that in a spirit of disinterested-fairness they would also entertain us by timely and lucid warnings that Taft and Roosevelt are dangerous to the Nation or undesirable because they are inexcusably committed to the policy of government aid to make the privileged classes richer. We have yearned with a great but sorely disappointed yearning to observe any kick against Taft or Roosevelt, so it is assumed that either one is perfectly satisfactory to editors whose righteous indignation is vented on individuals who stump their toes on a molehill.

LABOR'S POT OF GOLD

It is awfully naughty for labor to go on a strike for bread money after a benevolent Republican party has provided for them all the enormous benefits of a protective tariff. We are astonished to see strikes for living wages in a country where tariff benefits are so lavishly showered on the working people. Rather would we expect them to hold mass meetings, display great wads of money and pass resolutions expressing their gratitude to the Republican party which has made it possible for them to rest their tired bodies on downy beds of ease, get out of bed any time they please, cut butter, and spin around in their touring cars before they tackle their jobs.

Working people make the mistake of their lives in going on a foolish strike when the Republican party has levied a tariff of 25 to 110 per cent for their sole benefit. At least that is what is talked out in meeting by Republican tariff shouters, who shed tears as big as rain drops during an April shower because they fear the Democratic party will get in power and just about keep a working man from making his salt.

Working people make an ungrateful mistake in going on a strike and getting desperate enough to do things that call for the double-quickening of troops to the scene of distress and desperation. Working people who do that are ungratefully creating the impression that they are not getting their share of the tariff and have turned out to make a noise about what's coming to them but hasn't been delivered. Working people who give the lie to Republican pretensions by organizing labor unions to protect themselves, by dickering for better pay, and by striking so they can keep the wolf from the door, would make a better showing for the G. O. P., if they were home counting the tariff money which is emptied into their laps by the Republican party.

North Carolina Republican whanggoodles will soon take the stump and pretend that they haven't taken everything else that has been in sight for the last ten or twelve years. They will convince the working man that if it weren't for the G. O. P. they would simply have to be content with sopping out the skillet. In the meantime, it is hoped no careless and curious working man has looked over the Republican platform of 1908 and been observant enough to note where the platform positively "guarantees a profit" to the Steel Trust, the Beef Trust, and the machinery, food and clothing trusts which come under the head of "the industries of the country." Republican spielers would be mortified if a farmer should discover that the platform absolutely overlooked him in its "guarantee" of profits. It should be explained, however, that the G. O. P. has no direct way of making the farmers rich, but that it really can levy a tariff which constitutes a safe guarantee of profits for manufacturers who know how to form "combinations in restraint of trade."

"Restraint of trade" is a term frequently used in government prosecutions for quartering trusts so they won't look so terrible to people at election times. The allegations and direct proof of "restraint of trade" indicate that the practice has been a general thing under the protective tariff. Republicans hope no working man understands what is meant by "restraint of trade." Wild-eyed and dangerous Democrats define "combinations in restraint of trade" as an aggregation of protection cormorants whose wealth has been so swelled by tariff graft that they pool their billions, stifle and ruin all competitors and levy tribute on the people by the high prices which they fix at their will by reason of and by means of the tariff levied to "guarantee" their millions of profits.

Republican spielers hope no man will fully understand what the Democratic definition means. Republicans with fat jobs will do the speaking in North Carolina and they will tell in glowing terms about that pot of gold to be found at the end of the rainbow. They would fall dead if they should find out that a horny-handed son of toil should know enough to recognize a buncombe barometer and a brazen bamboozler just as soon as he begins to hoot off his mouth.

For labor there is a pot of gold at the far end of the many hued rainbow of tariff magicians.

THE SAMPSON DEMOCRAT.

In the Sampson Democrat of February 1, Mr. Henry J. Hines announces his retirement as editor and introduces as his successor one of Clinton's talented and splendid young men, Mr. Theodore Partrick, Jr. Mr. Hines has been editor and publisher of the Democrat for ten years and during that period he has made it one of the best local papers in the State. He set a high standard for it and has maintained that standard, making the Democrat a clean paper and a worthy visitor to the homes of the good people of Sampson. Editor Hines has proven himself an able editor. He is a good writer and honest thinker and his fine individuality was impressed upon his paper. He made it Democratic because his honest convictions made that his duty, and he stuck to his principles in a county where a position on the fence would have been more popular and more profitable. All honor to the man who has a flag and stands by it under all circumstances.

The new editor is a member of the staunch old family of Partricks whose name is linked with Clinton. Accompanying Editor Hines' individual announcement is the foreword of Editor Partrick. His words ring true and he announces that the politics of the Democrat will be just what Editor Hines has made it. He has a fine conception of the qualities, character and standard of a home paper and if he continues on the line of his salutatory the Sampson people will have in him a worthy successor of the old editor. Mr. Partrick is young and talented, and his declared purpose and policy shows that he thinks like one with a level head and writes in a way that proves his capacity and stamps him with fine qualifications for journalistic work. The Star, while regretting to note that Editor Hines is retiring to engage in other business, heartily welcomes the Democrat's new editor to a place in North Carolina press circles.

TEDDY THE STAMPEDER.

Many Democrats declare they would vote for Col. Roosevelt. So would Booker Washington and Dr. Crum, but Mrs. Minor Morris has a better memory than some Democrats possess. She remembers how two of Teddy's colored bouncers dragged her out of the White House, towed her across the lawn and landed her in a police van, with less clothes on than she had when cuffy took her in hand.

Teddy's principal record is his getting elected on insurance money and nailing lies with a noise like that made by the trip hammer of a boiler factory. Teddy shot some terrible beasts in the jungles of Africa, and is winding up his record by an underground campaign against the President to whom he owes loyalty.

The man with the "Big Stick" ought to emerge from his quietude, come out in the open and get beaten to a frazzle by Taft or some Democrat who won't "rascle" in the basement and jump up from the table to rush out to a cat fight.

The fellow who wants to "go the whole hog or none" gets more "none" than he gets hog.

CURRENT COMMENT.

While he had nothing to do with it, after Senator Tillman got in he did not attempt to back out.—Durham Herald.

The Winston men who ran a barroom and called it a "club" have been sentenced to work on the roads. Wanted—More solicitors like Porter Graves, whose brilliant prosecution secured conviction.—Raleigh News and Observer.

A dispatch to the Baltimore Sun from Washington says that in the campaign for Governor of Virginia two more scholars may shy their castors into the ring—Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, of the University of Virginia, but of North Carolina before he became of Virginia and of North Carolina still, and Thomas Nelson Page, the writer of most delicious books, being the two men in view. The other candidates for Governor of Virginia are Henry C. Stuart, Harry St. George Tucker and J. Taylor Ellyson. We doubt very much that either Dr. Alderman or Mr. Page has the least idea of going into politics. We thought it had been generally understood that Henry Stuart was to be the next Governor of Virginia, because of his high ability, his ready sacrifice in the Ninth District in the last Congressional election when nobody could be found to stand up against the Amalekites, and his unfailing interest in whatever will promote the welfare of the Old Dominion.—Charlotte Observer.

When Col. Watterson perceived in Woodrow Wilson qualities which led him to doubt whether "Governor Wilson is not rather a schoolmaster than a statesman," he spoke from the old-fashioned Southern point of view. The North is more familiar with the man who is both schoolmaster and statesman. The Southern Presidents of the Republic have been generally men of independent property who did not need to seek teaching for a temporary income while studying law. But Andrew Jackson taught school, rather badly for lack of training; he was also "autocratic if not tyrannous," and yet had many qualities of a great President. Thomas Jefferson was a teacher somewhat like Dr. Wilson in that he built up a great university and was prouder of it than of having been President. Robert E. Lee, not a statesman, but a famous Virginian, was a schoolmaster in the evening of his illustrious life. In the North the schoolmaster statesman was for a hundred years almost the rule. John Adams was one; and in a nearer day Pierce, Garfield, Arthur, Hayes, Cleveland, McKinley. It was once Grant's honorable ambition to become a professor in West Point. Nothing but lack of the learning to get a license prevented Abraham Lincoln from teaching while studying law. He could have handled the bad boys of the district with tact or muscle as the case required. Whether a schoolmaster may become useful also as a statesman is not a question to be settled off-hand. It depends upon circumstances and upon the man.—New York World.

AFFAIRS AT RALEIGH.

Four Charters Issued—Rebuilding Orphanage—Rex Hospital.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 3.—Sheriff R. H. Edwards, of Wayne county, has just committed to the State's prison Harris Johnson, a white man, to serve eight years for manslaughter. He killed another white man in a general row in which he became involved.

Charters for four new corporations and an amendment as to the capital stock of another were issued today. The Ballard-Cheatham Co., of Franklinton, is chartered with $100,000 capital authorized and $12,000 subscribed by B. W. Ballard, D. F. Cheatham and others; The J. E. Cartland Co., Greensboro, capital $25,000 authorized and $10,000 subscribed by J. E. and J. L. Cartland and Jno. L. Howerton for merchant tailoring and furnishings business. The Blue Ridge Manufacturing Co., capital $25,000 authorized and $3,000 subscribed by R. H. Chatham, Elkin Veneering Co., and others for timber and lumber business; The Expert Music House, Fayetteville, capital $30,000 authorized and $1,000 subscribed by E. S. VanAlstyne and others. The charter amendment is for the Thomson Mercantile Co., Gastonia, decreasing the capital from $25,000 to $11,500, J. F. Thomson is president.

Mr. E. B. Crow, a prominent banker of this city, has been nominated by the Raleigh board of aldermen for a member of the board of trustees of Rex Hospital here to take the place vacated by the death of Dr. James McKee, late superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane.

Voluntary contributions thus far by friends in Raleigh for the rebuilding of the buildings destroyed some days ago at the Roman Catholic Orphanage here now amount to $935, and the fund is still growing. The management hopes to, with the contributions and the partial insurance, to restore the equipment lost on a very much improved scope.

Rev. R. W. Alexander, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian church at Tarboro, and later of the church at Washington, Ga., was last night baptized into the faith of the Baptist church at the First Baptist church here and he will within the next few weeks be ordained into the Baptist ministry. The baptism was in connection with 21 others baptized last night as one of the results of the recent series of meetings held in the First Church by Dr. Geo. W. McDaniel, of Richmond, Va.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and Seventeenth streets.—Services at 11 A. M. and 8:15 P. M. Subject of Lesson Sermon, "Love." All are invited.

Bladen Street Methodist church, Fifth and Bladen streets, Rev. W. L. Rexford, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M., with communion service. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M., J. B. Taylor, superintendent. Preaching at 7:30 P. M. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector.—Morning prayer and Holy Communion at 11 A. M. Sunday school, 4 P. M. Evening service and sermon, 8 P. M. Seats free at all services. All are cordially invited.

Trinity Methodist church, corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. E. C. Sell, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Epworth League meeting Friday evening at 8 o'clock. All the members are urged to attend. Strangers cordially invited. Everybody welcome.

St. Thomas' church, Dock near Second street.—Mass, 9 A. M. Instructions on Catholic doctrine and benediction, 8 P. M.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, D. D., pastor.—English service at 11 A. M. Vesper service at 7:30 P. M. Sunday school, 3:30 P. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

Grace M. E. church, corner Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor.—At 11 A. M., sermon and sacrament of the Lord's Supper; 7:30 P. M., sermon by the pastor; 3:30 P. M., Sunday school, L. B. Rogers, superintendent. You are cordially invited to attend these services.

Christian church, Dock street, near Fourth, H. C. Bowen, pastor.—Sunday school, 9:45 A. M., H. A. DeCover, superintendent. Preaching at 11 A. M., "Business in Christianity;" at 7:45 P. M., "The Lamb of God." Christian Endeavor at 6:45 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday at 8 P. M. A hearty welcome to all.

Brooklyn Baptist church, southeast corner Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor.—Services, morning, at 11, and Friday evening at 7:30. Subject, evening service, "A Mother's Sin." It is companion sermon to one preached last Sunday evening. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M., Mr. S. F. Garrison, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. B. Y. P. U., Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Teachers' meeting Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Visitors and strangers always welcome.

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector.—Services, sermon and Holy Communion at 11 A. M. Evening prayer and sermon, at 8. A cordial welcome to all, especially to visitors and strangers.

Fifth Street Methodist church, Church and Nun streets.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., by the pastor. The morning service will be followed by the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. The Junior Congregation meets at 10:15 A. M. Fifteen minutes' sermon by the pastor. Mission to the Russian colony, corner Tenth and Orange streets, at 4:15 P. M.

St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral.—First mass, 7 A. M. Last mass and sermon, 10:30 A. M. No evening service.

THE GOLDSBORO HOSPITAL

Cornerstone of New Building to Be Laid—White Man Robbed

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Feb. 3.—The new Goldsboro Hospital will be thrown open to the public on Thursday, February 22nd, on which date the cornerstone will be placed with appropriate services. The hospital is thoroughly modern in construction and will be furnished with the latest scientific instruments and with the services of the able medical fraternity of Goldsboro.

The Goldsboro lodge of Elks has unanimously voted to furnish complete one of the rooms of the above hospital as a memorial room at a cost of between $55.00 and $6.00.

Mr. Lewis B. Pate, of Patetown, came to this city to do some trading and brought the money which represented the savings of himself and wife for several years, and after going the rounds of the city, discovered that he had lost, or some one had stolen $180 from his coat pocket. Mr. Pate is a one-armed man and through industry and economic living had saved this money for a "rainy day," and the loss falls heavily upon him indeed. The denominations of the money was one $100 and four $20 bills.

T. R.'s ENDORSEMENT DEFEATED.

Cook County Republicans Vote to Endorse Taft.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—An effort to endorse Theodore Roosevelt for the Republican Presidential nomination was defeated and a resolution commending President Taft and his administration was adopted at the Cook county (Chicago) Republican convention today. Governor Charles S. Deneen was endorsed for nomination for a third term and his administration was commended.

The session was marked by loud cheering when the indorsement of Col. Roosevelt was proposed, but on roll call the proposition was defeated by 864 to 198.

All the Chicago wards and the county towns in Cook county were represented in the convention.

Read Star Business Locals. **

MONDAY'S SALE!

100 Coal Hods to be Sold Monday Only at

10c

These Hods are made of Heavy Guage Iron, Japanned, and Sell the Country Over at 25c.

Ladies' Rain Coats

Oxford, Tan and Olive, $12.50 Rain Coats, in Fine Cravenette; a Splendid Bargain—They are Not 1912 Models, but they are Good Coats at $3.98

White Lined Blue Enamel Ware—Sale Friday.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE

Store Closes Evenings at 6:30.

FIRE AT ROCKY MOUNT.

Residence and Old Revolutionary Tavern Destroyed in Railroad Town.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., Feb. 3.—Flames discovered at 8 o'clock last night destroyed the two-story dwelling house of Mr. L. C. Norris, and an old Revolutionary tavern, which was occupied in 1781 by Lord Cornwallis when he passed through this city en route to Yorktown, the total loss being estimated at about $6,000, both buildings being burned to the ground, with only $1,000 insurance on the dwelling house.

The two buildings were situated on the same lot, just over the river on the edge of the city, and Mr. Norris with his family, after supper were in the sitting room when he heard a noise. He paid no attention to it at first, thinking it was some of the cats. In several minutes the noise of glass breaking was heard, and his wife asked him to go into the dining room and investigate, thinking that it was one of the cats breaking the crockery.

Mr. Norris went to investigate, and upon opening the dining room door discovered the entire rear of the building to be one mass of flames and just as the door opened the roof fell, he just escaping. The family only had time to escape with their lives and a few articles of wearing apparel.

The old tavern was empty, save a few pieces of old furniture which were highly prized by the owners of the property.

New York, Feb. 3.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $46,015,600 reserve in excess of legal requirements This is an increase of $317,000 in the proportionate cash reserves as compared with last week.

FIRST APPLICATION DARKENS

Don't Have Thin, Faded Hair A Simple, Harmless Remedy Will Bring Back the Color In A Few Days

The old idea of using Sage for darkening the hair is again coming in vogue. Our grandmothers had dark, glossy hair at seventy-five, while our mothers are gray before they are fifty. Our grandmothers kept their hair soft and glossy with a "Sage Tea," which also restored the natural color.

One objection to using such a preparation was the trouble of making it. This objection has been overcome by the Wyeth Chemical Company of New York, who has placed on the market a superior preparation of Sage, combined with Sulphur and other valuable remedies for dandruff, itching scalp, and thin, weak, falling hair.

The beauty of the hair depends more on its rich, even shading than anything else. Don't have dry, harsh, faded hair, when a simple, harmless remedy will bring back the color in a few days; and don't be tormented with dandruff, itching scalp and loose, falling hairs. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy will quickly correct these troubles, and give color, strength and beauty to your hair.

Get a fifty cent bottle from your druggist today, and prove this to your own satisfaction. All druggists sell it, under guarantee that the money will be refunded if the remedy is not exactly as represented.

Special Agents: J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., Front and Grace streets.

IT COSTS

Very Little to have your Plate Glass insured against loss from breakage at this office.

IT SAVES you a lot of money, should your Plate Glass Display Window, Show Cases or Mirrors be broken from any accidental cause whatever.

Why not spend a little and save a lot in case of breakage?

J. VAN B. METTS,
'Phone 163. 114 Princess St.

YOU Can Have MONEY

Just as well as your neighbor if you will do as he does. Save regularly a part of your salary and put it to work earning Four Per Cent. Compound Interest in this Bank.

START TODAY.

Only a Small Amount Required.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

115 N. Front Street—Orton Bldg.

DAVID'S

You can save some clothes money now

THIS is the time when you can buy good clothes for very little money. It's our clean up time; we dont like to have winter goods here when the spring goods arrive.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes are always a good "buy;" the money is in them at the regular prices.

Now we're increasing the value you get by reducing the prices.

See Our Windows for Prices.

The A. David Co.

ja29-tf

Silks and Dress Trimmings

We are showing a complete and up-to-date line of Silks in Foulards, Taffetas, 27 and 36 inch Messalines, Serge, Jap. and Chine.

Also 27- and 36-inch Tub Silks.

Our Dress Trimmings are more attractive than ever. We have them in Allover Laces and Bands to match. Colored Banding, Pearl Trimming, Fringes in all colors; also Val., Round Thread and the New Shadow Effect Laces.

A. D. BROWN Dry Goods Co.

"The Modest-Price Store."

EIGHT MONTHS FOR WILLIS

Judgment Prayed Against Former Policeman Charged With Selling Whiskey—Another Whiskey Case.

D. W. Willis, a former policeman, who for the past year or two has been engaged in business at No. 115 South Front street, who, with some 50-odd others, last week in Superior Court entered a plea of nolo contendere to a charge of selling whiskey, prayer for judgment being continued upon condition that he desist from the sale of intoxicants for a period of 12 months, was brought into court yesterday afternoon under a capias, and, acting favorably upon the solicitor's prayer for judgment, after hearing the evidence adduced by both sides and argument of counsel, Judge Oliver H. Allen sentenced the defendant to eight months on the county roads. Notice of appeal was given and appearance bond fixed at $1,000. However, the defendant was permitted to give $300 to assure the filing of the $1,000 bond within 30 days from the date. This was given and the defendant was released.

During the investigation of the Willis case it was brought out that two State's witnesses had purchased whiskey from Archie Seigler, a young white man, who claims to have bought Willis' store, following the agreement of the latter to quit the business. Judge Allen immediately issued a bench warrant for Seigler, charging him with violating the prohibition law and this was served upon him by Constable Savage in the court room. Seigler was required to give $300 bond for his appearance before the Recorder tomorrow.

A capias has also been issued for H. E. Truelove, one of the batch of defendants who entered a plea of nolo contendere last week, but officers had been unable to locate him up to last night. The paper will be served as soon as he can be found in the city and he will be required to give a $500 bond for appearance at the next term of Superior Court, this in addition to the bond given to cover his agreement not to engage in the sale of whiskey for a period of 12 months. It is understood that if service could have been gotten on him yesterday, judgment in his case would have been prayed by the solicitor.

Solicitor Shaw stated in court late yesterday afternoon that it appeared that N. E. Farrow, W. H. Millan and J. H. Ottoway had not complied with the agreement by filing their bonds and he asked that capiases be issued for them. Mr. Farrow is said to have been ill and this was given as a reason that he had not filed his bond. The bond was arranged yesterday afternoon. Capiases were issued for Millan and Ottoway, but service had not been secured last night.

Court adjourned for the term about 7 o'clock last night, it being that hour when the Willis case was disposed of. Judge Allen will preside over Sampson county Superior Court this week and leaves this morning. Solicitor Henry E. Shaw will also leave this morning.

The formal judgment of the court in the Willis case is as follows:

"State vs. Willis. The solicitor for the State having had the defendant on a charge of having violated his agreement entered into with the prosecution when he entered a plea of nolo contendere at this term and having offered evidence showing that whiskey has since been sold at the same place of business heretofore accepted, and that the same business is continuing under one Zeigler, who had been a clerk in another similar business heretofore to whom said Willis has sold out, and the solicitor stating that he considers that the spirit of the agreement has been broken, moves for judgment against the defendant Willis, the judgment is that defendant be imprisoned in the jail of New Hanover county and assigned to the roads of New Hanover county for a term of eight months. Defendant requests the court to find the facts upon the evidence offered, court declining to do so more than already appears. Defendant excepts.

"O. H. ALLEN, Presiding."

The following is the wording of the bench warrant issued against Archie Seigler:

"Archie Seigler, upon the affidavit of William Jones and Herbert Johnson, that they did on the 3rd of February, 1912, buy whiskey from Archie Seigler in the city of Wilmington, it is ordered that he be taken in custody by the Sheriff of New Hanover county, and held in a bond of $300 to appear before the Recorder of the city of Wilmington on Monday, the 5th of February, 1912.

"O. H. ALLEN,
"Judge Presiding."

Yesterday morning in Superior Court was consumed with the hearing of motions and signing of judgments in a few civil matters. In the case of the Acme Manufacturing Co., vs. G. A. Stancil, a judgment of non-suit was granted upon motion of counsel for the defendant, the plaintiff failing to appear. Judgments were also signed in cases of J. S. Brock vs. Waccamaw Lumber Co., and Chas. S. Riley & Co., vs. W. T. Sears & Co. The former case was one for personal injuries and has been in the courts for some time. The judgment merely states that it appears that the cause has been satisfactory adjusted and that upon motion, judgment is signed, the defendant to pay costs up to $50 and balance to be paid by plaintiff. Davis & Davis and Robt. Ruark, Esq., represent the defendant company, while J. W. Little, Esq., and Hon. John D. Bellamy appeared for the plaintiff.

The first matter at the afternoon session was the granting of a divorce to Preston Evans, colored, from his wife, Eva Evans. Thos. W. Davis, Esq., counsel for the plaintiff, lodged a motion for a reference in the case of Twiggs & Co., against Williams & Co. This was resisted by Hon. John D. Bellamy, counsel for the defendant. Judge Allen declined to grant the motion on the ground that it would take longer to consider the matter than he had to give to it yesterday, but the case was peremptorily set as the second on docket for the next civil term.

Willis Case Called

Before court took recess for dinner it was understood that capias would be issued early in the afternoon for Dave W. Willis to appear early in the afternoon session, at which time judgment would be prayed in the nolo contendere case. When the divorce case had been disposed of, Solicitor Shaw said that he had caused a capias to be issued for D. W. Willis and that he was in court; that he had information that he had violated his bond and had engaged in the sale of whiskey since he entered his plea on the 22rd of January. Hon. John D. Bellamy, Woodus Kellum and Walter P. Gafford, Esqs., counsel for the defendant, asked to be allowed a few minutes for a conference before proceeding with the case. The request was granted and the conference was very brief.

In order to show the court that the spirit of the agreement entered into by the defendant had been violated, an investigation was held, several witnesses being examined, both for the State and defendant. Chief of Police John J. Fowler was the first. Assistant City Attorney Geo. L. Peschau attempted to show by Mr. Fowler that Willis had a whiskey license from the United States internal revenue department. Objection of counsel for defendant was sustained, but the witness was allowed to answer a question as to the location of Willis' place, No. 115 South Front street, which was really the purpose of the first question. Mr. Fowler said, on cross-examination, that he examined the records in the office of the collector of internal revenue in Raleigh last September.

Will Jones, a young white man, under 21 years old, was the first material witness for State. He testified that he knew the location of Willis' place; that he had been in there several times during the past few days; that he had bought a half pint of whiskey there about an hour before he was called as a witness for which he paid 25 cents; that he bought some whiskey there last Friday, paying 23 cents for it; that Herbert Johnson was with him yesterday; that he had seen other people, both white and black, in the place during the past week, staiding at counter drinking.

On cross-examination by Mr. Bellamy the witness said that he bought the whiskey yesterday from Archie Seigler; that he had not bought any from Willis since last Tuesday, the date the plea of nolo contendere was entered; that Willis' place was closed the afternoon that Mack Godwin received a sentence of 12 months on the county roads.

Herbert Johnson, also a young white man, under 21 years old, was the next witness. He said that he had bonught some whiskey during the day from Willis' place, for which he paid 25 cents. He had not drunk all of it and a small quantity was displayed in the bottle in the court room. He said that he had gotten some whiskey there Thursday and Friday. He had not bought the whiskey from Willis and had not even seen Willis in the place since Tuesday, January 23rd.

Deputy Sheriff A. L. Kelly, who arrested Willis on the capias, said that Willis was standing in front of the place formerly conducted by him (Willis) when he found him. It was at this point that Judge Allen began writing out the bench warrant which was later served on Seigler. On cross-examination Officer Kelly said that Willis told him that he had sold out his business to Mr. Seigler and that he did not have any whiskey in there at the time of the sale.

Jones was recalled and he said that he saw Willis in the place Friday. The State also showed by the witness that there had not been any change in the appearance of the stock since the alleged transfer; that the whiskey sold them by Seigler was gotten from identically the same point that Willis always got it from when he was personally in charge. On cross-examination Jones said that he had been working in the health department since last September up to Wednesday of last week. The State rested.

Following another short conference Willis took the stand in his own behalf. He testified that he had not sold any whiskey to any one since he entered into the agreement referred to; that on the day the plea was entered he went from the Court House directly to his place and closed his store; that it was not re-opened until it was sold to Archie Seigler for $250, a price the defendant said was far in excess of the real value of the goods, the amount being paid mostly for the stand; that he had no whiskey in the place at the time; that he had a half barrel of gin, but removed it to his home; that he rented shad benches at the Front Street Market and expected to engage in the sale of shad this season; that the sale of his property to Seigler was bona fide and was not a subterfuge; that the sale of the property was in accordance with his agreement to go out of business; that he had been around the place since he sold out in order to collect some of the accounts due him.

On cross-examination by A. G. Ricaud, Esq., the defendant said that he had been in business at the place in question for two years; that he paid $35 a month for the store room; that the lease expires next September; that although he sold his place over a week ago to Seigler he had not seen the owner of the building about the transfer of the lease; that there was no bill of sale for the store; that his government license to sell whiskey was at his home in his safe and not displayed in the place sold to Seigler; that he has a partition in his place, separating the whites and colored, used in connection with soft drinks.

The defendant was asked by Mr. Ricaud whether or not he sold whiskey or beer at his place before entering the plea in the case under consideration. He declined to answer, availing himself of his constitutional right. Mr. Ricaud argued that the witness ought to be required by the court to answer the question, saying that it was a matter of discretion for the court. The purpose of the question was to show the character of the business conducted by the defendant and Judge Allen held that this could be brought out by witnesses. Willis was asked by Judge Allen if he had ever seen Seigler sell any whiskey there and he replied in the negative.

With reference to the question of a defendant's waiving his constitutional rights when he goes on the witness stand a lawyer present at the investigation yesterday afternoon remarked that in case of State vs. Allen in 107 N. C., Page 805, the Supreme Court had held that "The defendant waives his constitutional privilege not to answer questions tending to criminate when he voluntarily testifies in his own behalf."

L. W. Davis testified that Willis' character is good. He also testified that Willis told him on the day of the settlement of the cases in Superior Court that he was done with the whiskey business forever; that he was going in the shad business.

Archie Seigler was called by the State. B. G. Empie, Esq., said that he represented Seigler and was present to see that his client did not testify to anything that might incriminate him. Seigler testified that he had bought out Willis. He declined to answer a question as to whether or not he had been selling soft drinks, though he admitted that he had not procured license from the city for this purpose. He said that he opened his place last Friday a week ago; that he bought it on Thursday preceding; that he had not added to his stock since he bought it; that he had ordered some whiskey, but it had not come; that he was formerly a clerk for Mr. Kerr, who also entered a plea of nolo contendere last week; that Kerr is not a partner in his new business venture. On cross-examination he said that Willis had nothing to do with his business.

Seigler was the last witness to be examined.

Judge Allen in summing up the situation said that the defendant, with a number of others, entered a plea of nolo contendere at this term of court; that a motion for judgment was continued; that in his opinion the court could pass judgment now or at any other time regardless of the testimony, but the court would not interfere with what Judge Ferguson had done unless he thinks the agreement has been violated in spirit and in fact; that if the solicitor prays judgment, that he would comply with the request.

Solicitor Shaw said that he would pray the judgment of the court. He said that he thought it fully understood among counsel that the defendants were to appear at the January term, 1913, for final disposition of the cases and to give bond that they were not to engage in the sale of whiskey in the meantime.

Hon. John D. Bellamy argued that it was a violation of the agreement on the part of the State to pray judgment in any of the cases at this time; that the plea of nolo contendere and agreement was entered into with good faith by the defendants and that the State should also live up to it. He was satisfied that 99 per cent of those entering the plea mean to go out of the business.

A. G. Ricaud, Esq., far-famed as an eloquent speaker with a fine flow of the choicest language, was at his very best yesterday afternoon and seldom does one have the pleasure of listening to so fine a speech in the court room. He gave a most vivid picture of conditions in Wilmington, with particular reference to violations of the prohibition law, during the past three years, and declared that the time has arrived for a suppression of the defiance of law. In conclusion, he said: "I ask for God's sake to give this community a deliverance from the riotous condition that prevails here."

Judge Allen said that the question was one beyond the whiskey question, a question of whether Wilmington will enforce the law. He said that he did not believe the declaration that a person charged with selling whiskey couldn't be convicted by New Hanover county jury. Such statements, he said, should not be made, until it has been proven to be a fact. He said that he had found the sentiment against prohibition just as strong in other communities in the State and convictions had been secured there. Juries in those communities had convicted and Judge Allen was satisfied that they would in this county. "If they do not believe it let them come here next term of court," said Judge Allen. He went on to say that the people of Wilmington have stood the test since the days of the Revolution and that they will stand this test, notwithstanding the boast of some that a conviction for selling whiskey cannot be had in the county.

Judge Allen then pronounced sentence of eight months on the county roads and fixed the bond at $1,000. At the request of counsel for the defendant Judge Allen allowed him to give $300 cash bond last night, to insure the $1,000 bond which is to be given before the expiration of 30 days.

Woodus Kellum and Walter P. Gafford, Esqs., counsel for H. Mack Godwin, told Judge Allen late yesterday afternoon that they feared that their client would not be able to give $1,500 bond and asked for a furtuer reduction, which request Judge Allen declined to grant. Godwin was still in jail last night.

FUNERAL OF MRS. WILLIAMS

Held Yesterday Afternoon From the Family Residence

The funeral of Mrs. Harriet Elizabeth Williams, wife of Mr. E. B. Williams, whose sad death occurred at an early hour Friday morning, was held yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family residence, No. 112 South Front street. Rev. Thos. F. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, conducted the services.

A large number of sorrowing relatives and friends attended the services at the house and followed the remains to Bellevue cemetery, where the interment was made. A number of handsome floral designs offered mute testimony of the love and esteem in which the deceased had been held and the great sorrow caused by the death of a young wife and mother. The pallbearers were Messrs. M. M. Haney, J. R. Brown, J. W. Matthews and Thos. Gordon.

To Speak at St. Andrew's Church.

Coming at the invitation of the committee of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, seeking an assistant pastor, Mr. H. W. Koelling, now a student at the Union Theological Seminary, Richmond, Va., will spend today in the city as the guest of Mr. W. H. Sprunt. He will conduct the morning service at St. Andrew's Church and will also speak at the evening service, as will Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, the pastor. A full attendance of the members and friends of the church is desired.

The Prudential Insurance Co.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the Prudential Life Insurance Co., which may be found in another column and of which Capt. W. M. Stevenson is the resident agent. The advertisement is a very pathetic little poem relative to old age and dependency that should appeal to everyone. It may be found elsewhere in today's paper.

NEGRO SHOOTS ANOTHER

George Joyner Seriously and Perhaps Fatally Wounded By George Billops Yesterday Morning—No Arrest Yet

Using a 32-calibre revolver, Geo. Billops, colored, yesterday morning shot and seriously wounded Geo. Joyner, another negro, on South Front street, at Kidder's Row. The bullet entered the upper right breast and penetrated the lung. Following the shooting Billops disappeared, while the wounded man was taken to the James Walker Memorial Hospital, where it was stated last night that he was resting very well, though in a serious condition. As the bullet perforated the lung there is a possibility that pneumonia or some other complication will set in, which might result fatally.

There are two witnesses to the shooting, Mr. R. L. Henly, and Wash Joyner, colored, a brother of the wounded man. Their stories of the shooting differ somewhat. Mr. Henly lives in Kidder's Row, next to the house occupied by Billops. He stated yesterday that he had heard Billops make threats to kill Joyner, and that yesterday morning he was on his front porch when his attention was attracted to the two men quarreling in the street in front of Billops' house. Mr. Henly stated that Joyner had a baseball bat in his hand. He was not watching the men closely, but out of the corner of his eye he saw Billops suddenly raise his arm and fire point blank at the other negro. At the sound of the shot, Mr. Henly said, Joyner's hand which was holding the bat dropped limply to his side, and he swayed slightly. Billops stood off and watched him, while the other man turned and slowly walked off up the street with the bat still hanging in his limp fingers. When he had gone about the distance of a block, Mr. Henly stated, the bat dropped from his fingers, and he appeared to be about to fall. Billops turned to the crowd that had been attracted and told someone to go get the bat and bring it to him, but no one seemed anxious to do this. Mr. Henly told the negro to come and go to the police station with him and he would settle matters for him, and Billops assented to this. Help for the wounded man was summoned and Mr. Henly and the negro started toward the police station. Mr. Henly stated that the negro came willingly until they reached the neighborhood of the Tidewater Power Company's gas plant at the foot of Castle street, when he halted and told the white man to go on to the station and get the officers, saying that he would wait until they came. No argument could move him, so the white man left him and went after the officers, but when the police reached the spot the negro had disappeared.

In the meantime, the ambulance had been summoned and the wounded man had been taken first to the police station and then to the city hospital, where he was given medical attention.

Wash Joyner, a brother of the wounded man, told Chief of Police Fowler that he witnessed the shooting. He stated that the men were quarreling in the road, but that he was not paying much attention to the matter, as he did not think it was anything serious. He said that he saw his brother walk away as if to leave Billops and that when he was about 20 or 30 feet away the latter pulled a revolver and fired at him. Joyner did not mention anything about a baseball bat in his conversation with Chief Fowler.

It is said that the quarrel between the two men arose over a colored woman who is a cousin to both of them.

A vigiliant search was kept up by the police all day yesterday but up until a late hour last night Billops had not been apprehended. It is believed that he has made his way across the river into Brunswick county, where it is said that he has relatives.

This is the first shooting affray among the negroes for some weeks. It occurred within two miles of the Court House of New Hanover county, where a two-weeks' term of criminal court came to an end yesterday.

BIG U. D. C. BENEFIT

Proceeds of Grand Performances to Go to Sick and Needy Veterans

Through the courtesy of Mr. J. M. Solky, proprietor, the ladies of Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, are arranging for a big benefit day at The Grand Theatre in the very near future. The management will provide an extra big bill for the day selected and the ladies will sell tickets and invite all their friends to patronize the benefit for the reason that the proceeds will be devoted to old and sick Confederate veterans who are in need. Cape Fear Chapter is in need of funds to carry on its relief work among the old soldiers and they hope to realize a handsome sum from this benefit.

A feature of the arrangements for the benefit will be a contest among children in the sale of tickets. A prize of $2.50 in gold is to be given to the child disposing of the largest number of tickets and these may be secured from any of the following members of the Chapter, who will be delighted to give any further information:

Mrs. F. L. Huggins, No. 7 South Fourth; Mrs. E. K. Bryan, No. 9 South Fifth; Mrs. P. Q. Moore, 104 South Fourth; Mrs. Walker Taylor, 714 Market; Mrs. W. L. Beery, 401 Market; Miss Jane Meares, 408 Market; Miss Alice Davis, 312 South Third; Miss Bessie Loder, 509 Dock; Miss Lena Beery, 123 South Fourth.

With Bennett's Cafe

Mr. George S. Savage, who is well-known as a caterer, is now with the restaurant and cafe of Mr. John N. Bennett, No. 5 Princess street, and will be glad to welcome his friends. He is prepared to serve all the delicacies of the season in game, oysters and fish and will appreciate a call at any time.

Los of nerve force which weakens the whole body may be produced by eye strain. Our examination and prescribing correct lenses cure this trouble. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. Spectacles from $1.00 up. **

Loss By Fire

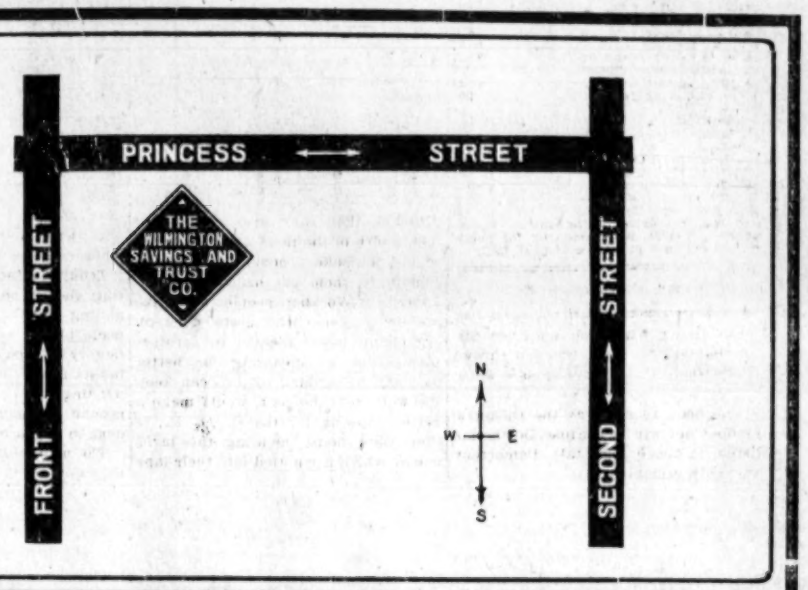
DO not keep your money at home. There is always danger of loss. When money is burned it cannot be redeemed. You should open an account—if you do not have one. Always keep your money deposited with this bank. That is the surest and safest way to protect it against loss by fire, burglary or any other cause.

THIS BANK PAYS 4% FOUR TIMES A YEAR, ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

"SAFEST FOR SAVINGS."

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

On the Corner of Front and Princess Sts. "The Big White Building."



A Proposition to Property Owners

There are any number of reasons why it is best to have an agent attend to the renting of your property, and as many more why we should have that agency.

We have facilities for calling property to the attention of probable tenants that are unequalled. The department is in the charge of men thoroughly versed in all quetions pertaining to the management of real estate. We have numerous applications for houses of all sorts, for tenants look to this office, as buyers and sellers do, as the one most likely to meet their demands.

We can rent your houses to good tenants. We'll manage the property so that it will pay the greatest possible amount of interest on your investment.

Tenants and owners alike find advantage and convenience in dealing with this office. Let us have your houses to rent.

D. R. FOSTER & CO.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy."

Messelene and Taffetta Skirts.

About 200 left of last week's sale. They are Regular $4.00 to $5.00 Values, which we offer for only $2.50 each.

$12.00 will buy a Special Value in a New Spring Suit; they are 1912 Spring Models, well made and of nobby material. Think of the Price.

NEW SILK WAISTS:—We have just received our New Spring Messaline and Taffeta Waists; $3.00 to $6.00 Values.

ANDERSON GINGHAMS have arrived and now on display. We are exclusive agents here for these popular Ginghams. They are 32 in. wide and fast color.

New Spring Mattings and Rugs have arrived.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

SOCIETY

Miss Leila B. Phillips, of Tarboro, is the guest of Mrs. Marsden Bellamy, at No. 17 North Seventh street.

* * *

Mr. E. M. McCracken, president of the First National Bank, of Ralston, Penn., and district superintendent of The Central Pennsylvania Lumber Co., is visiting his cousin, Mrs. Elijah Rogers and family, No. 205 South Second street. Mr. McCracken, with his wife, is spending a month in the South. His wife will spend the remainder of the Winter in St. Petersburg, Fla.

* * *

HOME SCIENCE DEPARTMENT NORTH CAROLINA SOROSIS.

The Home Science Department of North Carolina Sorosis held its regular meeting February 2nd with Mrs. M. N. Shepard presiding, much to the delight of the department. The subjects for the hour were "Paper Bag Cookery," by Mrs. A. J. Howell, and the "Fly" question by Mrs. H. R. Bates and Mrs. J. M. Solky. All the members and their visitors thoroughly enjoyed the programme and the department hopes to have another meeting like it soon.

* * *

Members of the Wilmington Chapter of the National Red Cross Society desire to extend to the public their heartfelt thanks for the response to the appeal several days ago for financial assistance for the Chinese sufferers. The sum of $63.90 has been received by the Wilmington Chapter and forwarded through the proper channels so as to afford relief as quick as possible. Any amount, no matter how small, from persons who desire to contribute to this cause, will be gratefully received and will be forwarded at once.

* * *

DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY ARRANGE BENEFIT AT GRAND.

Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, has arranged through the generosity of Mr. J. M. Solky, the proprietor, for a benefit performance to be given at the Grand Theatre for the sick and needy Confederate veterans of the city, and the performance will take place in the near future. The ladies of Cape Fear Chapter, U. D. C., are in need of funds to carry out the relief work among the veterans who are ill or needy, and they will no doubt receive the aid of the public in raising funds in this manner. A prize of $2.50 in gold will be given the child selling the highest number of tickets, and those children who wish to compete are asked to call at the home of one of the ladies whose names are given in another column.

* * *

MISS MARLOW BRIDE AT JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

Many friends of the bride in Wilmington will be interested in the announcement from Jacksonville, Fla., of the marriage of Miss Elizabeth Alice Marlow, who resided in this city a number of years with her uncle, Capt. Edgar D. Williams, on South Sixth street, and Mr. Malcolm Henry Holtz, of that city.

The marriage was solemnized at St. John's Episcopal church, on Tuesday morning January 30th, at 11 o'clock, Rev. Van Winder Shields, officiating. A large number of friends witnessed the nuptials.

The bride is a much admired and attractive young lady, who has a host of friends in this city. She has been making her home with her brother, Mr. David Clarence Marlow, a traveling auditor for the Coast Line at Jacksonville, Fla., for some time.

Mr. Holtz was formerly of Chicago, but for a number of years has been engaged in business in Jacksonville and is among the most progressive young men of that city. They were tendered the hearty felicitations of their many friends.

* * *

DICKENS EVE RECEPTION AT THE ORTON THIS WEEK.

A social event that promises to be a most enjoyable one and one that will no doubt be largely attended is the Dickens Eve reception to be given by the Hospital Circle of the King's Daughters and Sons at the Orton Hotel Tuesday, February 6th, from 4 to 10 o'clock P. M. In addition to a delightful musical programme there will be several tableaus from the books of Chas. Dickens. Candy and articles of fancy work will be on sale and delicious refreshments will be served. No admittance will be charged, but voluntary silver contributions will be gratefully received from all those interested in aiding the work of the Circle. The Hospital Circle confines its attention to looking after the charity patients at the James Walker Memorial Hospital and to such patients who are not able to pay their own expenses but who are not eligible to the charity ward at the hospital by reason of the fact that they do not reside in Wilmington or New Hanover county. The cause is a most worthy one and the reception will no doubt be largely attended.

* * *

MEETING OF IMPORTANCE TO WOMEN THIS WEEK.

Of interest to club women of Wilmington as well as throughout the State is the mid-Winter meeting of the Council of the North Carolina Federation of Women's Clubs, which will be held at Greenville, N. C., Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of this week. The Round Table and the End of the Century Club will be hostesses of the occasion. The programme has been received in this city and has been read with interest by all receiving a copy. Wilmington will be represented at the meeting as will many other cities and towns in the State.

The first session will be held Tuesday evening, convening at 6:30 o'clock, in Pitt County Court House. Hon. F. M. Wooten, mayor of Greenville, will deliver the address of welcome; there will be greetings from the End of the Century Club by Mrs. R. O. Jeffress and the Round Table by Mrs. S. T. Beckwith. The response will be made by Mrs. G. W. Whitsett, recording secretary of the North Carolina Federation. Following the meeting a reception will be given by Carolina Club.

Wednesday the Council will have two business sessions, the first from 10:30 A. M. to 1 P. M., and the second from 2 to 4 P. M. In the evening from 9 to 11 o'clock the visitors will be entertained at a reception by Mrs. Chas. Thomas Munford. Thursday two business sessions will be held, one in the morning and the other in the afternoon, and in the evening, beginning at 8:30 o'clock, there will be a public meeting of the Council, with Mrs. Robert Randolph Cotten, president of the North Carolina Federation of Women's Clubs, presiding. The session will be held in the auditorium of the East Carolina Teachers' Training School and will open with the Federation song. An address of welcome will be made by Mr. Robt. H. Wright, president of the training school, and the response will be by Mrs. C. C. Hook, of Charlotte, general Federation secretary. Following the formal session a reception in honor of the Council and Federate Clubs will be given by the facuity of the training school. The closing session will be held Friday. A club rally will be held from 12, noon, until 2 P. M., at which an address will be made by the president, Mrs. Cotten. Luncheon will be served at 2 o'clock, the following being hostesses: Sans Souci Club, Civic League, Embroidery Club, the Round Table and End of the Century Club.

* * *

REGULAR MONTHLY BUSINESS MEETING N. C. SOROSIS.

The regular business meeting of North Carolina Sorosis was held Thursday afternoon and was largely attended, Mrs. E. L. Prince, first vice president, presided. All department Reports showed earnest activity along the lines of their respective programmes. The civic department reported that Junior Civic Leagues had been organized in one school and the children's interest enthusiastically aroused to the extent that window boxes have been started in nearly every room. The superintendent and principal are lending their hearty co-operation towards making this part of the work a success. It is hoped to complete the organization in each school building shortly. The Civic Department announced its intention to entertain at the next social, February 15th. Dr. Moench will lecture on the Philosophy of Goethe as revealed in Faust. His lecture will be prefaced by some points on the cities of Germany, showing the attention paid to civics and the great returns derived by the citizens in way of low death rates and also from an aesthetic standpoint. It was decided to extend an invitation to the teachers of the city schools to meet with the members of Sorosis on this occasion.

The Literature Department hopes to have Dr. Henderson, of the University, to give a lecture, at the High School auditorium, some time this month. In this connection the members of Sorosis are invited and asked to help make the lecture on the Panama Canal, which will shortly be given at the High School, a success by their presence and by inviting their friends. The school authorities are to be commended for encouraging lectures of high school in the city and as Sorosis has always been desirous of such entertainments it bespeaks a large audience to hear this fine lecture, which will be illustrated with 29 lantern slides.

A communication has been received from the Goldsboro Club asking Sorosis to extend an invitation to Miss Anna Browns, domestic science teacher of the Columbia University, who will lecture in Goldsboro some time in March. By having her here at the same time expenses could be curtailed and a great opportunity seized to have this noted teacher and demonstrator in the city. It is a most opportune time for Miss Browns to come to Wilmington, immediately after the promise that domestic science will be restored as a part of the regular course at the High School.

Eighty-four dollars was the result of the benefit at the Grand for civic work. The corresponding secretary was requested to write a note of appreciation to Mr. J. M. Solky for his generosity and courtesy extended and to the press for space and advertising. Sorosis extends thanks to all who took part in the selling of tickets and the public for so liberal a patronage.

"ANNIVERSARY SALE."

Messrs. Platt & Haar Announce Big Event Beginning Wednesday.

No, not another "Earthquake Sale," but something very much like it and Messrs. Platt & Haar announce it. It is their anniversary sale and it begins Wednesday, February 7th and lasts 10 days to the 17th, inclusive. It has been just a year since this progressive firm changed their business to a cash basis and this sale is held in celebration of this change and to serve as a means of reducing their stock to make room for Spring, 1912, goods, which are now about to arrive. The change in business a year ago has been a magnificent success, as thousands will testify who have "Saved the Difference," by paying cash and getting the best for the least money. To those who will recall the "Earthquake Sale," a year ago, there is no need to quote prices. A reduction of from 10 to 40 per cent. prevails throughout the stock and the reader should bear in mind that this sale is not for the purpose of disposing of undesirable stock. The sale is in fact a celebration and to again advertise in a forceful way the "mighty power of Cold Cash". The stock is large and varied enough to furnish bargains for the entire ten days and those who miss the sale will live to regret it from the experience of their friends and neighbors. The sale is being conducted under modern methods and the firm is confidently expecting the biggest sale of the year. Remember the date, Wednesday, February 7th, 9 A. M. Elsewhere in today's paper may be found a page advertisement announcing this event and it is well worth the reading of any who may care to "Save the Difference," which is the watchword at this store.

Bench Warrant Not Issued.

Owing to the press of business, presumably, in the Superior Court, the application of Chief of Police John J. Fowler for a bench warrant for James Ward, colored, who is being held at Whiteville on a charge of housebreaking, which was filed Friday, was not reached yesterday. Ward was being held here on a charge of housebreaking and escaped from his cell in the City Hall by cutting his way through one of the wooden bars with an axe. Chief Fowler stated last night that no further effort to have Ward brought back will be made for the present.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Among the guests at The Orton yesterday were: W. L. Hill, Wilson; D. C. Potter, High Point; N. O Berry, Goldsboro.

—Patriarchs of Campbell Encampment No. 1, I. O. O. F., are earnestly requested to be present Monday night for the transaction of important business.

—There will be an important meeting of the Howard Relief Company Monday night at 8 o'clock, for the installation of officers. Full attendance is requested.

—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Co-Operative Building & Loan Association will be held Thursday, February 6th, at noon, in the office of the association.

—By deed filed for record yesterday W. G. Baldwin and wife transfer to E. L. Sleeper, for $600, tract in Cape Fear township, on Sturgeon creek, containing about 34 acres.

—The annual meeting of the Seamen's Friend Society will be held Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Seamen's Home, Front and Dock streets. Members and trustees are urgently requested to attend.

—In the Lutheran Laymen's Convention section of Friday's Salisbury Post is a picture of Mr. C. W. Polvogt, proprietor of the C. W. Polvogt Company department store, as one of the delegates to the convention from this city.

—Constable W. B. Savage will leave tomorrow morning for Raleigh to carry James Halsey, colored, to the State penitentiary, where he will begin serving the sentence of 16 years imposed in Superior Court last week for burglary.

—A negro whose name was not learned, as arrested at Front and Princess streets last evening and taken to jail by Mr. A. Silverman, on a charge of an assault with a deadly weapon. It is charged that the negro drew a knife on a street car conductor.

—The Yoke Fellows appointments for today ars as follows: City prison, P. M. Rivenbark; county home, M. H. Brimmer and H. E. O'Keef; Castle Haynes, V. Hall and M. H. French; Wrightsboro Union Sunday School, B. A. Robinson and R. G. Davis; fire station, P. Heinsberger and B. A. Thees.

—The fire department yesterday arrested two incipient blazes before any large amount of damage could be done. A frame dwelling at No. 311 North Ninth street was damaged to the extent of about $10, and a blaze at No. 114 St. James' Avenue, house occupied by Mr. R. Gay, was conquered before any damage was done.

—Complaint was filed yesterday in Superior Court in a suit brought by Lewis G. and E. T. Hancock against the trustees of Trinity Methodist Church. The sum of $1,100 is contested for, and Herbert McClammy, Esq., appears for the plaintiffs. It is said that the settlement of the action will rest upon the construction of the will of Mrs. E. T. Beery, the plaintiffs' mother, who left a trust fund for Trinity Church.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Miss Padriek Taylor, of Magnolia, is in the city a guest of her friend, Miss Porter.

—Miss Mary King, of Clinton, N. C., is visiting her brother, Mr. W. F. King, of this city.

—Among last night's arrivals at The Orton were R. P. Blackwell and W. L. Buck, Rowland; G. R. McNeill, Whiteville; C. R. Jordan, Currie, and E. W. Godwin, Jr., Point Caswell.

—Among the guests at The Southern Hotel yesterday were Mrs. W. C. Carter, Wallace; T. R. Kitchin, Wallace; C. C. Lee, J. D. Elkins, Clarkton; W. T. Norris, Teachey; W. F. Brant, Rocky Mount; L. H. Ezzell, Garland; P. J. Coppedge, Rocky Mount.

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

Storebreaking Cases Continued—One Drunk Yesterday.

Substitute Recorder Geo. Harriss presided over the Recorder's court yesterday morning. The few cases that were disposed of were only of passing interest, though one or two important cases were continued until Monday.

"Bill" Jones, a young white man, and Arthur Davis, colored, were charged with an affray and were let off on payment of costs. Jones alleged that as he was coming out of Racket Store alley Friday night Davis passed and called him a short and ugly word, in addition to throwing a decayed potato at him. He resented the insult with his fists and Officer Cox put both men under arrest. Jones assented to the proposal of the officer that they accompany him to the City Hall, but the negro broke away and fled, whereupon the policeman deputized his white prisoner to aid him in catching the negro. Being fleet of foot Jones did this, overhauling the Afro-American just as he was hoisting his nether portion over a high fence.

Ira Small, a sailor, was taxed $5 and costs for being drunk. His was the first case of drunkenness in the court for four consecutive days.

Frank Bryant, white, who was arrested Friday on a charge of carrying a concealed weapon and who was recognized for his appearance, did not show up. A capias was issued for him.

A charge of storebreaking against Rob Townsend and Walter Guion, both colored, who are charged with entering the store of Mr. John Taylor, at Eighth and Castle streets, Thursday night, was continued until Monday.

A personal difficulty between Dr. J. T. Schonwald and Mr. E. B. Haar will also be investigated Monday morning.

WOMEN AVOID OPERATIONS

Going through the hospitals in our large cities, one is surprised to find such a large portion of the inmates women, and still further surprised to find that so many of the women are there to undergo operations for female ills.

Before submitting to a surgical operation which may mean death or a lifetime of impaired usefulness, every woman should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as many grateful letters have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., of Lynn, Mass., from women who have been restored to health after having been told that a surgical operation was their only chance of recovery.

PREPARE FOR THE WORST

Indications Point to Cold Wave, Snow and Northwest Storm—The NGroundhog's Prophecy About to be Fulfilled.

Oh ye of little faith; ye disbelievers who scorned the teachings of your ancestors and reviled the tradition of the groundhog, now has the time come when you are to be taught the error of your ways. Friday when the sun shone and the oldest inhabitant wisely wagged his head and spoke with slow and solemn accent of still more Winter weather, you laughed and went your way; next February 2nd, if the forecast of the United States Weather Bureau holds good for the next few days, you will cast your nether optic on the ground to see if your shadow, like that of the groundhog, is pictured there, and if it is you will groan inwardly as you hie yourself around the corner to the coal dealers to expend a goodly portion of your hard earned shekels for a further supply of fuel.

For has not Willis himself—Willis Moore, great chief of the government weather works—spoken to the local observer, over the medium of the telegraph wire, thuswise:

"Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—Observer Wilmington: Hoist northwest storm warning 10 P. M. Storm centered in West Virginia, followed by a cold high area of great magnitude. High northwest winds, severe snow and cold indicated. Warnings ordered from Eastport to Savannah.

"MOORE."

Being interpreted, this means, if Willis is right, that Wilmington is in for another "spell of weather." A special warning message sent out from the office of the local observer yesterday afternoon stated that the temperature would fall 20 degrees or more during the next 36 hours, and the regular weather map issued yesterday morning contained the following forecast for Wilmington and vicinity: "Snow tonight or Sunday. Warmer tonight. Decidedly colder Sunday. Increasing south shifting to northwest winds." This is further backed up by the Associated Press weather prediction sent out from Washington last night about 10 o'clock, which promises generally fair weather Sunday except snow near the coast; cold wave Sunday; Monday fair and continued cold; high northwest winds.

Up to a late hour last night the drop in temperature had not occurred, but already at 10 o'clock the wind had commenced to blow in those sickly, fitful gusts which generally precede a storm. High up on the postoffice building the red and white lanterns, the northwest storm warning, shed their rays into the night. The moon shone unusually bright and clear, but gave off very little light, and only a few stars appeared blinking in the clear sky. Later on a cloud came up and a light rain began falling.

February in this section is known as the worst month of the Winter, and it promises to fairly prove its right to the title. Though only four days old the weather has been unstable all that time, and the changes have been frequent and sudden. The mercury has been chasing up and down its slender column like a thing possessed, though so far having reached no extreme degree at either end.

One fact is axiomatically certain: If the forecasts of the Weather Bureau prove accurate the question as to whether or not there is any truth in the tradition of the groundhog will be settled in favor of the affirmative once and for all.

TOTAL TIME OF SENTENCES

Aggregate of 58 2-3 Years Imposed In Superior Court

At the two-weeks' term of New Hanover Superior Court for the trial of criminal cases which came to a close last evening, the total time of the county farm, county road and State penitentiary sentences imposed was 696 months, or 58 2-3 years. Two sentences compose the greater part of this time, these being those against Timothy Pauley and James Halsy, two negro youths convicted of burglary, the former receiving 20 years and the latter 16 in the State penitentiary.

Out of the above number of months, however, appeals aggregating 21 years and eight months were taken, these being the cases against Tim Pauley, burglary, 20 years; H. Mack Godwin, white, violating prohibition law, 12 months; Dave Willis, white, similar charge, eight months.

Among some of the defendants convicted, and the crimes they were convicted of, together with their sentences, were the following: Tim Pauley, burglary, 20 years; James Halsey, burglary, 16 years; J. H. Robinson, forgery, 36 months; Pet Willis, housebreaking, 24 months; Valentine Howe, storebreaking, 12 months; Charles Dixon, highway robbery, 36 months; Tom McRae, larceny from person, 48 months; Fred Hennegan, storebreaking, 24 months; Ed Suggs, storebreaking, 12 months; H. Mack Godwin, white, violating prohibition law, 12 months; Dave Willis, similar charge, eight months.

INSTITUTE PARTY HERE

Arrived Yesterday from Successful Series of Meetings

Among last evening's arrivals at The Orton were Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Hutt and Mr. G. M. Garren, of the State Agricultural Department at Raleigh. They are just in from a series of very successful farmers' institutes in Brunswick, Bladen and Columbus counties, winding up yesterday in Brunswick. They will remain in the city over Sunday and on Monday will hold an institute for the farmers and truckers in the vicinity of Wrightsboro. Mr. Hutt is the State Horticulturist and Mrs. Hutt has had charge of the institutes for farmers' wives. The institute party has been received with enthusiasm in many of the Eastern counties despite the weather and much good has been accomplished.

Sale of Land for Taxes

Elsewhere in today's paper Sheriff S. P. Cowan publishes the advertised list of real estate for taxes for the year 1911. Due notice of the publication had been given and the sheriff requests all who desire to pay up and save further costs to call at his office during the week.

It's Up To You

IF you don't want to stop drinking or using drugs—don't take the Keeley Cure, it would be just a waste of time and money.

But if you think that Whiskey or Drugs are standing in the way of your business success and destroying your family happiness—if you want to get back your old energy and vigor and ambition—and begin life anew where you left it before you began their use—come to the Keeley Institute at Greensboro.

In four to six weeks we will give you back the clear eye, the steady nerves and the vigor of health that you used to have. We will take away completely your unnatural appetite and leave you a free man again.

Then it's up to you! You can remain a free man, with little or no effort if you will, with all the joy and rich rewards of freedom. Or you can go back to your slavery—if it is the life of bondage that you prefer. All we do—all anyone can do—is to give you a fair start—put you even with the world. Then it's up to you.

W. H. OSBORN, President

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE Greensboro, North Carolina

Regularly authorized by Leslie E. Keeley Co.

MISSION AT ST. MARY'S.

Will Begin at Pro-Cathedral Next Sunday, February 11th—Services.

Beginning next Sunday, February 11th, there will be mission services conducted at St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral, lasting two weeks. These exercises will be under the direction of the Paulist Fathers, a religious society of the Catholic Church. The Rev. Father Hawley will conduct the services here and it may be of interest to know that he is a native of North Carolina, born in Buncombe county. The first week of the Mission will be for Catholics, although all others may attend. The second week, beginning February 18th, will be for non-Catholics. Fr. Hawley is especially qualified to conduct this religious exercise. He is a convert to Catholicity and understands well the difficulties non-Catholics experience in regard to the Catholic church. He will explain Catholic doctrine as it is, not as it is represented. Everybody is invited to attend these lectures and is assured before hand, nothing will ever be said to wound the feelings of anyone.

The Catholics of Wilmington invite their non-Catholic friends. A special feature of this service will be a question box. Everybody is at liberty to write his or her question of information on a paper unsigned. The only condition is that the question pertains to Catholic faith and practice. It will be answered by Fr. Hawley. There will be no controversy. The Catholics merely desire to place their position and invite interested criticism. The schedule of lecture subjects will be announced later.

JOINT INSTITUTE TOMORROW

Meeting for Farmers and Farmers Wives and Daughters

Beginning tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock and continuing until well up in the afternoon, a joint farmers' and women's institute will be held at the public school house near Wrightsboro, on the Castle Haynes road, and it is expected that the meetings will be largely attended by the progressive farmers and farmers' wives of New Hanover county. The institutes are conducted by Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Hutt, of Raleigh, and a corps of assistants, under the auspices of the State Department of Agriculture. They are featured by lectures and discussions for and by the men, on agricultural topics, and for the women on such subjects as beautifying the rural home, more economic and better foods and better ways of preparing them, etc.

No admission is charged and everybody interested in better and more modern methods of agriculture and in the improvement of conditions in rural homes is cordially invited to attend.

A prize of $1 is offered for the best five ears of purebred corn exhibited and another prize of like amount for the best loaf of bread baked by a woman or girl living on the farm.

Carolina Building & Loan.

The Carolina Building & Loan Association, Wilmington's 12th organization of this kind, began business yesterday with 800 shares of stock in force, which is considered a most satisfactory beginning. Most of the shareholders are young men who hope to secure a home through the co-operative methods of the building and loan. The office of the association is at the real estate office of Mr. L. W. Moore, No. 12 1-2 princess street, who is secretary and treasurer.

Fat Folks Favor

Home Mixture That Takes Off the Fat Rapidly—Causes No Wrinkles—No Stomach Ills, and Requires Neither Dieting Nor Exercise.

Too much fat is both uncomfortable and dangerous, but usually fleshy people prefer to put up with its inconvenience rather than punish themselves with the tiresome exercising usually prescribed, or endanger their health by taking the so-called "cures" and patent fat "reducers."

This self-sacrifice of comfort and health to overabundant fat is entirely unnecessary, however, as Mrs. Luella Bigger tells us there is a home recipe that is far superior in every way to anything money will buy for reducing superfluous flesh. It is said this simple mixture will take the fat off of man or woman at the rate of at least a couple of pounds a week without even causing wrinkles. Moreover, it does not disturb the stomach, but is a good thing for the system, clearing away pimples, and, best of all, it does not interfere with the diet. You can use it and at the same time eat whatever you like. This recipe is as follows: ½ ounce Marmola; ½ ounce Fluid Extract Cascara Aromatic and 3½ ounces of Peppermint Water. Get these ingredients at any drug store, mix them together at home, and take one teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime.

Mrs. Bigger, as is well known, is a famous beauty expert, and whatever she recommends is sure to be found eminently satisfactory.

ATHLETIC CONTESTS HELD.

Fourth of a Series at Boys' Brigade Yesterday Afternoon.

The fourth series of athletic events at the Boys' Brigade was held yesterday afternoon and proved to be the most interesting and generally satisfactory yet pulled off. There were 18 contestants.

The 440-yard run was the first event, this being run on Church, Third, Nun and Second street. The event for men was won by J. U. King with Geo. Bornemann, second, and R. C. Burnett third. The same event for boys was won by Louis Hill with James Monroe, second; U. C. Ellis, third; Chas. Bell, fourth, and H. Fergus, fifth. In the strength test, shoving up a 50-pound dumb bell, C. W. Davis won with 16 times; W. R. Dosher, second, 16 times; J. U. King, two times, and George Borneman, one time; Burnett, not scoring. The strength test for boys was shoving up a 25-pound dumb bell. This was won by Edgar McCartney, 10 times; Chas. Bell, nine times; Irving Davis, eight times; Jas. Monroe, seven times, and Louis Hill and U. C. Ellis tied for fifth place with six times. The third event, the running broad jump, was won by J. U. King, 15 feet 8 1-2 inches; W. R. Dosher, second, 15 feet, four inches; Geo. Borneman, third, 15 feet 2 3-4 inches; C. W. Davis, 10; U. C. Ellis and Louis Hill, James Monroe, nine each. E. McCartney, seven; L. Davis, three, and H. Fergus, one.

CAROLINA AUTO REPAIR CO.

Removed to New and Handsome Quarters at No. 129 Market Street.

The Carolina Auto Repair Company, which has been conducted the past several months with much success by Messrs. C. W. R. Korb and R. W. Montgomery, two popular young Wilmingtonians, removed during the past week to new and more suitable quarters at No. 129 Market street, Bonitz building, where they will conduct a general auto repair, supply and storage business. These young men, who are skilled machinists, give their personal attention to all work entrusted to their care and have built up an enviable reputation for themselves. They are in the same building with Mr. H. L. Fennell, the Ford and Oakland dealer, and are building up a nice business in their line. They will appreciate a call from their friends and the general public.

Brigade Meeting Today.

This afternoon at 5 o'clock the regular monthly meeting at the Boys' Brigade will be held. The meeting will be open to the public, both ladies and gentlemen being invited to attend. The speaker is Rev. J. A. Sullivan, who is known as an able minister, who has a message that appeals direct to the heart and conscience of his hearers. He speaks in plain English and without fear or favor, having but one desire and that is to help. The Acme Male Quartette will render several selections during the service. The meeting will begin promptly at 5 o'clock. The song service will be led by Mr. Chas. Dushan and the meeting will be presided over by Col. Walker Taylor.

Fifth Street Services Today

The Fifth Street Methodist church, Church and Nun streets. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., by the pastor, Rev. G. T. Adams. The morning sermon will be followed by the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. The junior congregation meets at 10:15 A. M. Fifteen-minute sermon by the pastor. Mission to the Russian colony, corner Tenth and Orange streets, at 4:15 P. M.

THE RIDDLE

"Where's an old woman to go when the years
Leave her alone, with her sighs and her tears,
Gray-haired and penniless, feeble and slow—
Where's an old woman to go? **To the "PRUDENTIAL."**

"What's an old woman to do when her kin
Fail to remember that hands, worn and thin,
Cared for them, slaved for them, all the years through—
What's an o ld woman to do? **Trust in the "PRUDENTIAL."**

"What's an old woman's reward for a life
Given to others as MOTHER and WIFE,
Leaving her faltering, furrowed and scored—
What's an old woman's reward?" **A "PRUDENTIAL" Policy.**

Branch Office
W. M. STEVENSON, Agent **Wilmington, N. C.**

By Urgent Request

From Many Patrons and special advice from my New York Tailoring House, I am permitted to continue my Special Sale 5 Days Longer.

Now is the Time and This is the Last Call to Buy Away Below the Regular Price.

Think of it—a beautifully made-to-measure Suit from the very finest of ALL-WOOL Domestic Fabrics, for the Ridiculously Low Price of $13.50 per 2-piece Suit, or your choice from the Finest Imported Novelties for the equally Low Price of $19.00 per 2-piece Suit.

Do not delay—get measured now.

Special Sale Prices Strictly Cash. **I. SHRIER** Special Sale Prices Strictly Cash.

The Reliable Tailor and Men's Furnisher, N. E. Corner Front and Princess Streets.

fe4-1t

Financial and Commercial

COTTON MARKET WAS NERVOUS

Cotton Was Irregular Most of the Day But the Close Showed Net Gain of From Two to Five Points

New York, Feb. 3.—The cotton market was nervous and irregular today, with realizing heavy for over the week-end, but the closing tone was firm and last prices showed a net gain of from 2 to 5 points. The opening was steady at an advance of 4 to 9 points in response to higher Liverpool cables than expected and a continued good spot business in the English market. There were heavy overnight buying orders around the ring, attracted, doubtless, by the strength of yesterday's market, but these were readily executed at the opening advance, as a result of active realizing, while during the middle of the morning prices sold off to a net decline of 3 to 4 points on the active months under continued profit-taking and local selling for a turn. Private cables from Liverpool, claiming that the advance in prices was checking the demand for cotton yarns, and a few advices from the South, indicating that interior spot offerings were becoming heavier as a result of the higher values, probably encouraged local selling, but in the late trading there was aggressive support as well as more urgent demand from old shorts, and last prices were some 5 to 7 points up from the lowest. Advices indicated the possibility of renewed labor troubles in Lancashire, owing to a demand from operatives for increased wages and the labor disputes at Lawrence appear to be dragging out rather beyond expectations; but a continued improvement was reported in the demand for cotton goods in the domestic market and sales of printcloths at Fall River for the week were estimated at 260,000 pieces comparing with only 75,000 pieces for the same week last year. The week-end figures were considered about a standoff, while spinners' takings were heavy, there was a slight increase in the world's visible of American for the week, comparing with a decrease last year. Increasing receipts of Indian cotton are reported at Bombay and total receipts for the season there are only 155,000 bales behind last year, notwithstanding the estimated shortage of the crop.

Receipts at all ports today 51,028 bales, against 46,143 last week and 25,145 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 10,894, against 7,276 last year; at Houston 13,948, against 5,629 last year and at Galveston 10,562, against 2,947 last year.

Spot, in quiet demand; middling uplands, 10c.; do. gulf, 10.25. Sales, 500 bales.

Cotton futures closed firm.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	10.27	....	....	10.27
Feb	....	....	....	9.99
Mar	9.80	9.80	9.75	9.79
Apr	9.89	9.90	9.90	9.88
May	9.96	9.97	9.87	9.96
June	10.04	10.04	9.98	10.00
July	10.08	10.09	10.00	10.08
Aug	10.12	10.13	10.05	10.11
Sept	10.16	10.16	10.09	10.14
Oct	10.18	10.19	10.11	10.19
Nov	10.23	10.23	10.22	10.23
Dec	10.26	10.26	10.19	10.25

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Firm, 10⅝; net receipts, 10,563; gross receipts, 10,563; sales, 300; stock, 413,175; coastwise, 1,827.

New Orleans—Firm, 10; net receipts, 10,894; gross receipts, 10,981; sales, 1,130; stock, 267,117; continent, 7,000; coastwise, 1,166.

Mobile—Net receipts, 1,292; gross receipts, 1,292; stock, 72,699; coastwise, 74.

Savannah—Steady, 9⅞; net receipts, 9,858; gross receipts, 9,858; sales, 5,754; stock, 242,476; continent, 32,915; coastwise, 166.

Charleston—Firm, 10; net receipts, 3,442; gross receipts, 3,442; stock, 45,135.

Wilmington—Firm, 9⅝; net receipts, 1,693; gross receipts, 1,693; stock, 23,700.

Norfolk—Firm, 10; net receipts, 2,289; gross receipts, 2,289; stock, 57,521.

Baltimore—Nominal, 10; stock, 13,776.

New York—Quiet, 10; gross receipts, 1,754; sales, 500; stock, 180,726; coastwise, 1,292.

Boston—Quiet, 10; net receipts, 39; gross receipts, 4,483; stock, 13,148.

Philadelphia—Steady, 10.25; gross receipts, 330; stock, 2,905.

Brunswick—Net receipts, 7,725; gross receipts, 7,725; Great Britain, 15,650.

Pensacola—Net receipts, 74; gross receipts, 74; continent, 74.

Jacksonville—Net receipts, 157; gross receipts, 157; coastwise, 157.

Total today at all ports—Net, 51,028; Great Britain, 15,650; continent, 39,989; stock, 1,398,972.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 51,028; Great Britain, 15,650; continent, 39,989.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 8,879,549; Great Britain, 2,789,734; France, 847,342; continent, 2,883,452; Japan, 293,320; Mexico, 4,597.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 10 5-16; net receipts, 13,948; gross receipts, 13,948; shipments, 13,726; sales, 1,193; stock, 176,762.

Augusta—Steady, 10¼; net receipts, 2,765; gross receipts, 3,072; shipments, 2,136; sales, 1,627; stock, 89,452.

Memphis—Steady, 10¼; net receipts, 1,727; gross receipts, 2,532; shipments, 5,057; sales, 1,600; stock, 155,527.

St. Louis—Firm, 10¼; gross receipts, 2,205; shipments, 2,879; sales, 275; stock, 25,345.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 3,067; gross receipts, 3,067; shipments, 1,419; sales, 300; stock, 12,455.

Little Rock—Quiet, 9⅝; net receipts, 929; gross receipts, 929; shipments, 1,346; stock, 34,184.

Total today—Net receipts, 22,436; gross receipts, 25,753; shipments, 26,563; sales, 4,995; stock, 495,805.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Feb. 3.—Spot in active demand and large business; prices unchanged. American middling fair, 6.41; good middling, 6.03; middling, 5.77; low middling, 5.47; good ordinary, 5.13; ordinary, 4.87.

The sales of the day were 15,000 bales, of which 1,500 were for speculation and export, and included 13,000 American. Receipts, 8,100 bales, all American.

Futures opened barely steady and closed steady. February, 5.56½; February and March, 5.56; March and April, 5.53; April and May, 5.50½; May and June, 5.61; June and July, 5.61½; July and August, 5.61; August and September, 5.58½; September, and October, 5.54½; October and November, 5.52; November and December, 5.51½; December and January, 5.51½; January and February, 5.51⅝; February and March, 5.52½.

Account Laymen's Missionary Meeting, Chattanooga, Tenn., Tuesday, February 6-8, the Seaboard Air Line will operate through Pullman car, Wilmington to Chattanooga, leaving Wilmington 3:25 P. M. Monday Feb. 5th, arriving at Chattanooga Tuesday 11:30 A. M. Call 178 for Pullman reservations. 2t.

MARINE.

Cleared.

Str. Carib, 2,080 tons, Hale, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

Barge Severn, Younger, Georgetown, in tow of tug Reliance, C. D. Mafflitt.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Valetta (Br.), 1,937 tons, Kilies, Alexander Sprunt & Sons.

Str. Dachre Hill (Br.), 1,714 tons, Price, Heide & Co.

Str. Simonside (Br.), 1,956 tons, Turnbull, Heide & Co.

Str. Wilster (Br.), 1,763 tons, Eggert, Alexander Sprunt & Sons.

Str. Remembrance (Br.), 2,286 tons, Nesbit, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Schr. Lottie R. Russell, 268 tons, James, C. D. Mafflitt.

Schr. John H May, 319 tons, Stille, C. D. Mafflitt.

Schr. Richard Linthicum, 191 tons, Roberts, C. D. Mafflitt.

Schr. Augustus Welt, 1111 tons, Sproul, C. D. Mafflitt.

Schr. Brina P. Pendleton, 821 tons, Coombs, C. D. Mafflitt.

Stephen G. Loud, 409 tons, Graham, C. D. Mafflitt; in distress.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 3rd:

Atlantic Coast Line—1,465 bales cotton; 11 casks spirits turpentine; 44 barrels rosin; 70 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—228 bales cotton; 9 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. Whitlock—42 casks spirits turpentine; 19 barrels rosin.

Total—1,693 bales cotton; 23 casks spirits turpentine; 63 barrels rosin; 70 barrels tar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

Total last year—4,015 bales cotton; 66 barrels tar; 3 barrels crude turpentine.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Feb. 3.—Flour firmly held with demand slow. Spring patents 5.25 to 5.50; Winter straights 4.30 to 4.40; Winter patents 4.50 to 4.80; Spring clears 4.25 to 4.45.

Rye Flour—Steady, 4.75 to 5.25.

Buckwheat Flour and Rye—Steady.

Corn Meal and Barley—Firm.

Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 1.04 elevator export basis, and 1.05 1-2 f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth 1.24 f. o.b. afloat. Options 1-8 lower to 1-4c net higher. May 1.08 1-8; July 1.03 1-8.

Corn—Spot easy; export 73 f.o.b. afloat. Futures nominal.

Oats—Spot firm; standard white 60 1-2 elevator; No. 2, 60 1-2. Futures nominal.

Pork and Beef—Steady.

Cut Meats and Tallow—Quiet.

Lard—Barely steady.

Petroleum and Molasses—Steady.

Wool and Rice—Firm.

Sugar—Raw steady, refined quiet.

Coffee—Futures barely steady at a net decline of 6 to 10 points. Spot—Steady; Rio No. 7, 14 1-4; Santos No. 4, 15 1-2. Mild—Quiet; Cordova 15 1-2 to 17 1-2 nominal.

Potatoes and Cabbages—Steady and unchanged.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Butter—Unsettled.

Cheese—Firm and unchanged.

Eggs—Steady.

Cotton Seed Oil—Shade higher on the strong crude situation, covering of shorts and local bull support. Switching operations confined a large part of the business. February 5.45 to 5.53; March 5.52 to 5.53; April 5.56 to 5.58; May 5.62 to 5.63; June 5.66 to 5.68; prime crude 4.50 to 4.54; prime Summer yellow 5.44 to 5.65; prime Winter yellow 5.65 to 5.90; prime Summer white 5.60 to 5.90.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, 46½.

ROSIN—Steady, $5.80.

TAR—Firm, $1.90.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $3.50@$4.50.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin, nothing doing; tar, firm, $2.00; crude turpentine, firm, at $4.50@$6.00.

Receipts:

Spirits Turpentine	23
Rosin	63
Tar	70
Crude Turpentine	11

Receipts same day last year, 66 barrels tar; 3 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady, 9¾.

Same day last year, nothing doing.

Receipts, 1,693 bales; same day last year, 4,015 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Jan. 24.)

CORN—Firm; .85 to .87½c. per bu.

PEAS—White, $2.50 per bu.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, new crop, 80c. per bu.; nice yams, 75c. per bu.

BEEF—On foot, dull. 6@8.04 per lb.

WOOL—Burry, .11@.12c. per lb.; free of burr, 17 to 18 per lb.

HIDES—Green, .06 to .08½ per lb.; dry, 14 to 15c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 20c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 14c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; 27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Turkeys, 17c. on foot; no demand. Chickens, grown, 40 to 45 per head; chickens, spring, 20@35c. per head. Geese, 65 to 75 per head.

SHEEP—No sales.

EGGS—Good demand, 27@28 per doz.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Feb.3

Market, steady on North Carolinas and Virginias; stronger on Spanish.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock: Prime hand-picked, $1.25; machine-picked, $1.20.

Spanish—Prime hand-picked, $1.10; machine-picked, $1.05.

Virginia—Prime hand-picked, 75c.; machine-picked, 70c.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., Feb. 2—Spanish—Market, steady. Small Spanish, 90c per bu.; Jumbo Spanish, 85c per bu. Virginias—Firm. Fancy Jumbo, 4c. to 4¼c. per lb.; Fancy Hand-Picked, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Machine Picked, 3 to 3½c. per lb.; Shelling Stock, 2½c. to 3c. per lb.

He Won't Limp Now.

No more limping for Tom Moore of Cochran, Ga. "I had a bad sore on my instep that nothing seemed to help till I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve," he writes, "but this wonderful healer soon cured me." Heals old, running sores, ulcers, boils, burns, cuts, bruises, eczema or piles. Try it. Only 25 cents at R. R. Bellamy.

"Getting Married."

All sorts of parental objection, but then all's well that ends well. **

LITTLE TRADING IN STOCKS

The Volume of Business in the Stock Market Was Light and the Trading Was of a Superficial Character.

New York, Feb. 3.—Trading on the stock market today was of a superficial and unimportant character. The volume of business was light and more than ordinarily restricted to professional operations. Net changes, except in the case of the coalers, which were subjected to some pressure, were slight.

Union Pacific and United States Steel were moderately active, but frequently reflected selling of a character which has marked these particular issues for the past fortnight. St. Paul showed some strength, as a result of its rather favorable earnings for December.

The bank statement was notable, chiefly because of the slight difference shown in the "average" and "actual" tables. Today's statement was the first of the year to show an actual cash loss.

Bonds were steady, with no especial feature. Total sales par value, aggregated $2,020,000. Government bonds were unchanged on call throughout the week. Total sales for the day 118,900 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	6
Amalgamated Copper	69¾
American Agricultural	50¾
American Beet Sugar	25
American Can	11¼
American Car and Foundry	49¾
American Cotton Oil	48½
American Hide and Leather, pfd	20½
American Ice Securities	19¼
American Linseed	10
American Locomotive	33
American Smelting and Refining	68¾
American Smelting and Ref., pfd	103
American Steel Foundries	28½
American Sugar Refining	118½
American Tel and Tel	139¼
American Tobacco, pfd	106½
American Woolen	26
Anaconda Mining Co	34½
Atchison	104¼
Atchison, pfd	103¾
Atlantic Coast Line	134½
Baltimore and Ohio	102
Bethlehem Steel	31¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	77¾
Canadian Pacific	229½
Central Leather	18½
Central Leather, pfd	85
Central of New Jersey	350
Chesapeake and Ohio	69½
Chicago and Alton	24
Chicago Great Western	17½
Chicago Great Western, pfd	35
Chicago and North Western	140¾
Chicago, Mil, and St. Paul	100⅜
C., C., C. and St. Louis	97
Colorado Fuel and Iron	25⅜
Colorado and Southern	43
Consolidated Gas	139¼
Corn Products	10⅜
Delaware and Hudson	171
Denver and Rio Grande	24
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	43
Distillers' Securities	30¾
Erie	30¾
Erie, 1st pfd	50¼
Erie, 2nd pfd	40
General Electric	156¾
Great Northern, pfd	127⅜
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	37¼
Illinois Central	135¾
Interborough-Met	17⅜
Interborough-Met., pfd	55¾
Inter Harvester	105½
Inter-Marine, pfd	21
International Paper	10⅝
International Pump	29½
Iowa Central	12
Kansas City Southern	26
Kansas City Southern, pfd	61¼
Laclede Gas	100¼
Louisville and Nashville	150⅞
Minneapolis and St. Louis	29
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	129
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	27
Missouri, Kan. and Texas, pfd	65
Missouri Pacific	39⅞
National Biscuit	147¼
National Lead	53⅜
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	33⅜
New York Central	110½
New York, Ontario and Western	36½
Norfolk and Western	107¾
North American	77½
Northern Pacific	116¼
Pacific Mail	32⅝
Pennsylvania	124¼
People's Gas	106⅝
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	100½
Pittsburg Coal	17½
Pressed Steel Car	30¼
Pullman Palace Car	158½
Railway Steel Spring	28½
Reading	156⅜
Republic Steel	22¾
Republic Steel, pfd	79
Rock Island Co	23¾
Rock Island Co., pfd	49¾
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	39
St. Louis Southwestern	29½
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	69
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	38
Southern Pacific	107
Southern Railway	26⅜
Southern Railway, pfd	68½
Tennessee Copper	34½
Texas and Pacific	21
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	13
Toledo, St. L. and Western, pfd	32
Union Pacific	161⅞
Union Pacific, pfd	91⅞
United States Realty	67
United States Rubber	45¼
United States Steel	60¼
United States Steel, pfd	110⅛
Utah Copper	54½
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	53¼
Wabash	6⅞
Wabash, pfd	17⅜
Western Maryland	58
Westinghouse Electric	70
Western Union	82¾
Wheeling and Lake Erie	4½

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Feb. 3.—Rosin steady. Turpentine, steady.

Charleston, Feb. 3.—Turpentine, firm, at 47½.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: A, B, C, 6.55; D, 6.55; E, 6.55; F and G, 6.62½; H and I, 6.55; K, 7.00; M, 7.20; N, 7.30; W G, 7.35; W W, 7.50.

Savannah, Feb. 3.—Turpentine, firm, at 47¾; sales, 427; receipts, 228; shipments, 182; stock, 28,392.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 1,582; receipts, 1,560; shipments, 331; stocks, 109,281. Quote: B, D, 6.50@6.60; E, 6.55@6.60; F and G, 6.67½; H, 6.70; I, 6.65; K, 7.00; M, 7.20; N, 7.30; W G, 7.35; W W, 7.50.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Feb. 3.—The cotton goods markets are growing firmer. Fruit of the loom, 78 bleached sheetings have advanced 1-8 cent a yard and 4-4 goods have been placed at value. Discounts are being shortened on many other lines of cotton goods. Knit goods are in better call. Linens rule firm. Burlaps are higher.

THE MONEY MARKET.

New York, Feb. 3.—Money on call, nominal. Time loans, steady; sixty days, 2½@2⅝ per cent, and ninety days, 2⅝@3; six months, 3@3¼. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.8450 for sixty day bills, and at 4.8745 for demand. Commercial bills, 4.83¾; bar silver, 58⅛; Mexican dollars, 47.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

February 4, 1912.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 30 degrees; at 8 P. M., 40 degrees; maximum, 44 degrees; minimum, 28 degrees; mean, 36 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; for the month, .00 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 13.5 feet.

STORM WARNING.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—Observer: Wilmington, N. C.—Moist northwest storm warning 10 P. M. Storm centered in West Virginia, followed by a cold high area of great magnitude. High northwest winds, severe cold and snow indicated. Warnings ordered from Eastport to Savannah.

MOORE.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Generally fair Sunday, except snow near the coast; cold wave Sunday; Monday, fair and continued cold; high northwest winds.

Port Calendar—Feb. 4.

Sun rises	7:07 A. M.
Sun sets	5:45 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 40 min.
High water at Southport	8:58 A. M.
High water at Wilmington	11:38 A. M.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

February 3, 1912.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest Today	Lowest Last Night	24-Hour Precipitation 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	54	42	.0
Asheville	cloudy	36	14	.0
Atlanta	clear	56	24	.0
Augusta	clear	51	28	.0
Birmingham	raining	62	28	.08
Boston	clear	30	24	.0
Charleston	clear	48	32	.0
Charlotte	cloudy	42	20	.0
Chicago	cloudy	10	0	.0
Galveston	cloudy	68	54	.0
Jacksonville	clear	58	36	.0
Memphis	pt cldy	48	32	.0
Mobile	clear	62	58	.0
Montgomery	clear	64	32	.0
New Orleans	pt cldy	68	42	.0
New York	pt cldy	28	18	.0
Palestine	clear	66	46	.0
Oklahoma	clear	40	34	.06
Pittsburg	snowing	18	8	.0
Raleigh	pt cldy	40	32	.0
Savannah	clear	52	34	.0
Shreveport	cloudy	66	46	.0
St. Louis	clear	18	18	.40
Washington	cloudy	30	18	.0

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Poise rather than action distinguished today's market for wheat. Nevertheless, the price level was raised just enough to surpass any previous figures touched during the present bulge. Latest trade left quotations steady, the same as last night to ¼c. up. Corn finished ¼ to ⅜c. advance; oats, unchanged to ¼c. higher, and hog products varying from yesterday's close to an additional cost of 10c.

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.01¼@1.02⅝; No. 3, red, 1.00@1.01½; No. 2, hard, 1.00@1.02½; No. 3, hard, 99@1.01; No. 1, Northern, 1.12@1.14; No. 2, Northern, 1.10@1.12; No. 3, Northern, 1.05@1.10; No. 2, Spring, 1.02@1.12; No. 3, Spring, 98@1.08; No. 4, Spring, 90@1.02; velvet chaff, 90@1.06; durum, 90@1.05.

Corn—No. 3, 65@65¼; No. 3, white, 65⅜@66; No. 3, yellow, 65¼@65⅝; No. 4, 63½@64; No. 4, white, 64½@65; No. 4, yellow, 63½@64⅝.

Oats—No. 2, 52; No. 2, white, 53@53½; No. 3, 51½@51⅝; No. 3, white, 52@53; No. 4, white, 48@51; standard, 52½@53.

Wheat:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	1.04¼	1.04⅝	1.03⅞	1.04⅛
July	97⅝	98⅜	97⅛	97⅜
Sept	95¼	95¼	94⅞	95⅛
Corn:				
May	69	69⅝	68⅝	69¼
July	68⅝	68⅝	68	68⅝
Sept	68⅝	68⅝	68	68⅝
Oats:				
May	52¾	52¾	52½	52⅞
July	48⅝	49⅜	48½	48⅝
Sept	42⅝	42⅝	42⅜	42⅝
Mess Pork, per bbl.:				
May	16.35	16.35	16.27½	16.35
July	16.52½	16.55	16.45	16.55
Lard, per 100 lbs.:				
May	9.37½	9.40	9.35	9.40
July	9.52½	9.55	9.50	9.55
Sept	9.67½	9.67½	9.65	9.67½
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.:				
May	8.80	8.80	8.77½	8.80
July	8.85	8.85	8.82½	8.82
Sept	8.92½	8.97½	8.95	8.95

HOW TO FIGHT CONSUMPTION

Education Best Weapon of Attack and well Enforced Laws

Consumption is a preventable disease. Yet we continue to have more deaths from consumption than from any other disease. Why? Largely because some of our consumptives continue to spit, cough, and sneeze in such a manner that their friends and associates are infected. These, then are the people that cause us so much trouble, that increase our death rate and decrease our population, that increase our poverty and decrease our wealth, that increase our misery and decrease our happiness.

But why do they do it? First, because they do not know any better, and second, because they are willfully or criminally careless. What is the remedy? For the first-class the remedy is education—education along the line of sanitation and hygiene. Such education in regard to the very fundamentals, of how to eat, sleep, bathe, breath, and live, works wonders with this classs. For this class the remedy is comparatively simple. The best place for such education is, of course, in the schools. There, it reaches the greatest number of people. There, it is easily taught and well remembered. There, it reaches the coming generation.

Tremendous results can be accomplished with the masses after the school periods. For them there should be lectures given by the county superintendents of health, city health officers, physicians ministers and well-informed members of Anti-Tuberculosis and health leagues. For this purpose the State Board of Health, as well as many citie boards of health, distribute literature on consumption and other health subjects. Countless means of public education may be used as for instance, lantern slides showing pictures and health sentences, signs in street cars and on bill boards, notices from the press and pulpit, tuberculosis exhibits, etc. After the public conscience is somewhat awakened to its sense of duty we should have free dispensaries and visiting nurses to carry the gospel of health to all classes.

For the willfully or criminally careless class it is necessary to enact and rigidly enforce anti-spitting ordinances. Ordinances requiring the reporting of cases of consumption to the health department should also be enforced. Literature and oral instruction may then be furnished and disinfection of houses may be accomplished after each removal of the inmates.

Consumption, like yellow fever, will soon be a disease of the past, when the masses are properly educated to their sense of responsibility and the criminally careless are made law-abiding.

GOOD DOWN EAST STORIES

Hogs That Make Own Living in the Swamps and Peanut Patches

(J. Z. Green, in Marshville Home.)

Besides the staple crops, the soil and climate in eastern North Carolina are well suited for trucking. And the fishing industry in the tidewater section is a source of big income. The fields are fenced and stock run at large. "Our hogs make their own living most of the time," said a citizen of Gates county the other day. Among other things they get fish to eat in the swamps. The fish come out with the tide into the swamps and as the tide goes back they are left in small holes and the hogs go in and root in the mud until the fish rise to the surface and the active long-nose pine rooter grabs it. This is a fish yarn that was told me by a liveryman. He looked as solemn as a judge or Sunday school superintendent when he was telling it, and as we had just crossed some shallow water in a swamp and I had seen the fish making waves right in the road, I decided that his story about the hogs catching fish was the genuine article. I could not help but think, however, that nature hadn't distributed fishing opportunity with equity when it takes two dozen men and several nets a whole day here to catch as many fish as a dozen pine rooter hogs can catch in a few hours in the swamps of eastern North Carolina. I hope my reference to this will not cause the expert fishermen of Marshville to have any hard feelings against those fishing hogs, for they are trying to make an honest living.

At this season of the year a good portion of the peanut crop has been threshed out, but I noticed large fields in Edgecombe and Bertie counties, just before Christmas, from which the peannuts had not been removed, but were standing in stacks. The threshing machine is carried into the field, and there hasn't been much weather lately favorable for outdoor threshing. Peanut threshers get good pay for the work, but it's a dusty job, and the cloud of dust that goes up from the peanut threshing machine makes ordinary wheat and oat threshing look like a clean job in comparison. I classed hogs as a money crop in eastern North Carolina. Pork is, however, a sort of side line with which the peanut waste is utilized and turned into profit. The hogs are out on the open range until Fall and after the peanuts are harvested the hogs are turned into the peanut patches and fattened on the peanuts that were not lifted out with the vines. Hence the pork costs comparatively nothing. Last year was dry during Summer and hogs did not die of cholera as they usually do in eastern North Carolina. The unusually large production of pork last year caused falling prices and I am told that Suffolk pork packers have been refusing pork this season at six and a half cents a pound.

ROCKY MOUNT "TIGER"

Express Receipts Bring About Conviction of Negro in R. R. Town

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., Feb. 3.—The receipt of 123 gallons of corn whiskey within four months by one negro, was the record shown by the receipt book of the local express company when, produced as evidence against Henry Ricks, in Recorder's court this morning, he being charged with selling whiskey. The police have been working on this case for some time, but until yesterday were unable to get evidence, and witnesses were produced swearing that they had purchased whiskey from the negro at various times.

Henry, of course, declared that he did not order all the whiskey, and that he ordered only corn when the witness stated that he had bought rye. The fact was proven that he did receive 123 gallons of whiskey. Despite the fact that there was another negro named Henry Ricks, in the city, he could not write his name, and the express books showed that the entire amount had been signed for by the express agent, with Henry's mark adjoining.

This, and other evidence convinced the Recorder that the man was guilty, and he was given six months on the roads.

DYNAMITE INDICTMENTS

Names Will Not Be Divulged Until Arrests are Made

Indianapolis, Feb. 3.—The plan of the government to make known the number of indictments at once, but not to divulge the names of the men involved until they are arrested, in case the Federal grand jury finds true bills in its report on the dynamite conspiracy on Tuesday, was announced at the District Attorney's office today.

Although this is the usual procedure in conspiracy cases, the territory involved in the present investigation, it is said, is so wide that it will be necessary to fix a date for any arrests five days or a week ahead.

Many clerks and assistant attorneys continued under United States District Attorney Charles W. Miller, the preparation of the forms of indictments which are to be acted upon by the grand jury. It was said the jury had so far completed its work that its final action probably would be only a formality.

Daytona, Fla., Feb. 2.—George H. Munroe, of Joliet, Ill., treasurer of the Lakes-to-the-Gulf Deeper Waterway Association, former Illinois State Senator, and one of the largest orange growers in Florida, dropped dead last night in the bathroom of his Winter home here. Apoplexy is given as the cause of death.

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Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rail

Schedule in Effect February 12, 1911:

Lv Norfolk	8:30 a m	8:00 p m
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	5:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a m	6:55 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	4:33 p m	2:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

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C. H. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

SPECIALS

For Thursday, Friday, Saturday

at Fuchs' Big Sale conducted by M. J. Merritt, "Dixie's Greatest Bargain Giver."

Friday, at 10 A. M., we will sell ladies' and gents' fast black and tan Hose, worth 10c, for..... 2c

Friday and Saturday we will sell men's good Work Pants, worth $2.00, for..... 98c

Friday and Saturday we will sell men's and boys' satin calf Shoes worth $2.00, for..... $1.19

Extra Special Men's Union made Overalls, made from the very best material, per pair..... 89c

Men's and boys' Suits in all styles at Bargain Prices. Don't fail to see them.

Saturday, at 3 P. M., for 10 minutes we will sell men's 50c and 75c Coat Sweaters for..... 29c

J. W. H. FUCHS

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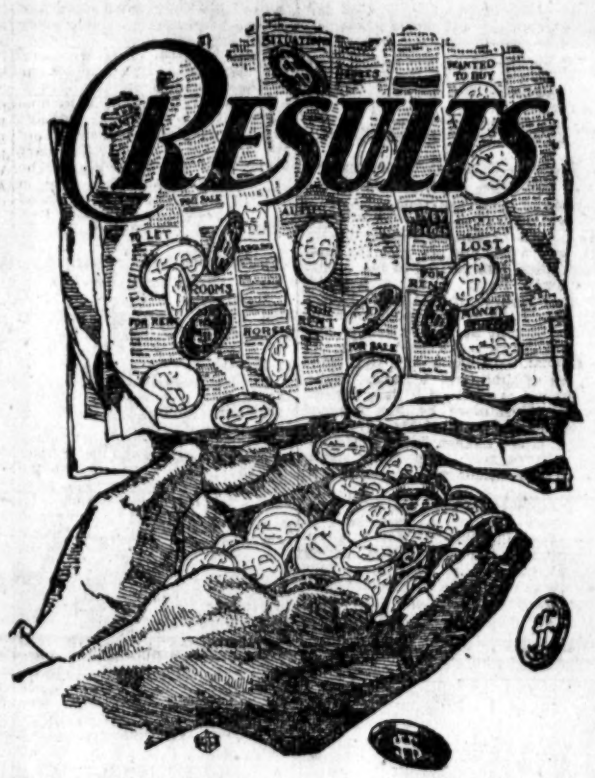

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Our chief source of enjoyment and culture lies in our innate love of books. A love of literature naturally engenders an interest in the furnishings of a library. The well-furnished library makes the house home-like, and its influence on the family is a wholesome one, because it constantly draws them together and promotes a common interest.

Books that are **worth reading** are **worth keeping** and worthy of protection from dust, wear and tear incident to promiscuous handling. Whether you have only a few books, or a great many, we can supply you with a GLOBE-WERNICKE case suitable for your present needs, and you can secure additional sections at a minimum cost as you require them. We carry in stock an assortment of styles and finishes that will enable you to match your furniture—Sheraton, Art-Mission, Mission, Ideal and Standard Styles are carried, and you may select as your fancy chooses.

We handle only the best of everything, and we guarantee the Globe-Wernicke Bookcases to give satisfaction.

Call and see our stock. We shall be pleased to show you our line and quote prices on any size case you may need.

C. W. YATES & CO.

Office Supply Department,

The Pair of Rubbers You Buy Tomorrow Won't Keep Your Feet Dry Today.

Procrastination is positively dangerous at times, and particularly so when RUBBERS are NOT purchased until wet feet have brought on a cold. It is usually a good time then to call in the family doctor.

We sell the famous Wales-Goodyear brand Rubbers, reliable, comfortable and good wearing. Buy now and be ready.

Men's	65c to $1.00
Women's	50c to 75c
Boys' and Girls'	50c to 75c
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CHARGES CONFIRMED.

Packers Co-Operated in Exchange of Selling Prices.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Further confirmation of the government's charge that there was concerted co-operation in the exchange of selling prices and margins between the indicted Chicago packers, was given today at their trial in the United States District Court.

Isadore A. Snyder, of Boston, assistant manager for the National Packing Company in New England, admitted having seen weekly summaries of margins for New York and Boston, giving the sales made by Armour & Company, Morris & Company, Swift & Company and the National Packing Company.

He said the figures for New York and Boston were received each week at the National Packing Company's offices in Chicago. Snyder was employed in the Chicago office of the company before going to Boston. He declared that he did not know where the information came from and that he had never obtained the margins from his competitors in business.

Two other witnesses previously had testified that it was the practice in 1909 and 1910 for the representatives of the packers in New York and Boston to exchange margin figures and wire them to their superiors in Chicago.

Snyder defined the test cost which was computed by the beef department as an arbitrary estimate of the value of the dressed product. When this figure was sent to the branch house managers and consignees, this test cost was known as the request price. The margin he said was the difference between the actual selling price and the request price.

If the actual selling price was below the request price it was a minus margin, and if above, it was a plus margin.

The government contends that this test or request cost and margin system was an important feature of the intricate plan by which it is alleged the packers divided territory, regulated shipments and agreed upon prices.

YOUTH SENT TO ROADS.

Convicted of Retailing in Greensboro. High School Superintendents.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, N. C., Feb. 3.—Will Busick, a son of former Policeman Busick, and a lad not yet past the knee pants stage, was carried to the county road force today to begin a four-month sentence for retailing. Busick was caught by a local policeman delivering a pint at the passenger station and offered no defense at the city court trial. He has before this faced charges of burglary, highway robbery, larceny and others of less serious nature. Heretofore he has escaped punishment because of his youth, but for the latest offense Judge Eure decided that a road term might prove good where kinder remedies had failed.

A number of school men were here last night to attend a conference of the eastern Carolina division of State High School Superintendents, called for the purpose of making certain changes in the rules and regulations governing the district contests to be held between the various schools April 5th. These contests which include declamations, recitations and athletic events were held here last year and a strong effort is being made to have the meet here in April. The eastern central division is composed of 21 counties in which are 53 high schools, and each of these, by the rules formulated last night, is entitled to representation in the annual meet.

KINSTON COTTON MARKET

Ten-Cent Level Is Reached—Big Lenoir County Hog

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Feb. 3.—Ninety-six bales of cotton were sold on the Kinston market yesterday. A surprise came when good cotton brought ten cents, the result of the steadiness and upward tendency of New York futures.

J. Dawson, of near here, reports the largest hog of the season in a record-breaker which tipped the scales at 879 pounds gross, and was not fat, apparently at that. The porker which had been penned only two weeks, weighed 748 pounds dressed.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Comptroller of the Currency Murray today issued a charter to the Heard National Bank, of Jacksonville, Fla., with a capital of $1,000,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wright's—Sells Lots.
D. R. Foster & Co.—1912.
B. Shrier—By Urgent Request.
W. B. Cooper Co.—Don't Forget.
J. W. H. Fuchs—Talk of the Town.
D. R. Foster & Co.—A Proposition.
Platt & Huar—Our Anniversary Sale.
Southern National Bank—It Has Been.
Concord Chapter—Special Convocation.
Home Savings Bank—You Can Have Money.
S. P. Cowan, Sheriff—Sale of Land for Taxes.
Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.—Cash Reserves.
Jno. D. Taylor, C. S. C.—Summons by Publication.
Dr. Culbreth's Dental Parlors — Ride Your Hobby.

Business Locals.

Wanted—Rooms.
For Sale—Cottage.
Wanted—Women.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Wanted—Roomers.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted—Salesmen.
J. F. Rulfs—For Rent.
Wanted—Lady Agents.
International Milk—Men.
J. O. Reilly—$1,200 Buys.
For Rent—Furnished Flat.
W. G. James—$2,000 Cash.
Wanted—Furnished Rooms.
L. W. Moore—Audubon Lots.
For Sale—Dining Room Set.
For Sale—Pair Black Horses.
L. W. Moore—Only $300 Cash.
J. O. Reilly—Audubon Lots.
L. W. Moore—Winter Park Lot.
For Sale—Maxwell Touring Car.
W. G. James—Suburban Home.
L. W. Moore—Fifth Street Home.
Wanted—Position by Bookkeeper.
W. G. James—Carolina Place Lots.
Rural B. & L.—One Week Longer.
Wilmington Concrete Co.—Concrete.
W. G. James—For Less Than $5,000.
E. L. Matthews—Carolina Place Lot.
J. O. Reilly—Handsome Brick Store.
L. T. New—Look for Opening Specials.
J. O. Reilly—Fifth Avenue of Wilmington.
Bradstreet System—Be a Traveling Salesman.
Edward M. Swann—Granolithic Sidewalks.
Campbell Encampment—Attention Patriarchs.
Standard Mercantile Co. — Earn $30 Weekly.
Co-operative B. & L. Ass'n.—Annual Meeting.
United States Calendar Co.—Sideline Salesmen.

RECEIVED CONSIDERATIONS

Suits Filed Against Directors of Boss Cox's Bank

Cincinnati, Feb. 3. — Certain directors of the Cincinnati Trust Company, of which George B. Cox was the head are charged with having received "considerations" from borrowers, in a suit filed today in the United States District Court by Attorney Harvey Myers, a stockholder. The suit charged that doubtful loans were made under this arrangement and that the "consideration" was not placed among the assets.

The court was asked to order the return to the assets of a note for $352,500 signed by all but two of the directors, and which had been removed from the assets after it was placed there to cover loans made to the Ford & Johnson Company. The suit also asked an accounting for $1,048,000 said to have been loaned the Ford & Johnson Cmpany.

Suits, asking the appointment of a receiver for the trust company, which has been absorbed by the Provident Savings Bank and Trust Company, were filed in the State court also this week.

COTTON ACREAGE REDUCTION

"Rock Hill Plan" Will Be Tried In Georgia

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 3.—E. J. Watson, Commissioner of Agriculture of South Carolina and president of the Southern Cotton Congress, and J. G. Anderson, originator of the "Rock Hill Plan," of cotton acreage reduction, conferred here today with Governor Brown and other State officers relative to the campaign for reducing next year's acreage, in hopes of obtaining better prices.

Governor Brown pledged himself to reduce his planting by 25 per cent and T. J. Hudson, Georgia Commissioner of Agriculture, pledged to cut his by 33 1-3 per cent.

Frank Weldon, formerly an Atlanta newspaper man, was placed in charge of the campaign in this State. He will organize the counties by appointing a banker, a farmer and a merchant in each county to raise funds to pay expenses of township canvassers, whose duty will be to obtain pledges for the contemplated 25 per cent acreage reduction.

ARMY REORGANIZATION PLAN

Fight on the Measure Will Open on Tuesday In House

Washington, Feb. 3.—An explanation of the proposed reorganization planned for the army was made to the House today by Chairman Hay, of the Committee on Military Affairs. A small attendance was present when the House took up the $88,000,000 army appropriation bill in which the reorganization plan is carried; and the real fight on the measure probably will open Tuesday, when debate is to be renewed.

The plan contemplates the consolidation of the quartermasters, paymasters and commissary departments into a single supply corps; the elimination of 42 officers, now embraced in the separate division; the consolidation of the offices of adjutant general, inspector general and chief of staff, under the adjutant general's staff; the establishment of the army service corps; to add about 6,000 civilian employes to the enlisted rolls of the army and the lengthening of the enlistment period from 3 to 5 years. War Department officials are split in their views on this reorganization plan.

HAWLEY'S FUNERAL HELD

Prominent Financiers Attend the Last Sad Rites

New York, Feb. 3.—Funeral services over the body of Edwin Hawley, railroad president and capitalist, were held this afternoon at St. Thomas Episcopal church in Fifth avenue. After the services the body was taken to Chatham, N. Y., for private burial.

A notable gathering of financiers and railroad men paid a last tribute to Mr. Hawley's memory. Among them were Charles W. Gates, Thomas F. Gates, C. B. Alexander, James Speyer, W. C. Taylor, Jay Gould, Jr., and Clarence Mackay. Nearly all the officers of the Chesapeake & Ohio attended.

CLUE TO MURDER

Lawrence Police Looking for Short Powerful Greek

Lawrence, Mass., Feb. 3.—A short powerful Greek is being sought by the State police for the murder of two men and two women in a tenement in the foreign quarter of this city last night. While the police do not divulge what clue they have indicating the nationality of the author of the crimes they point to the nature of the wounds as evidence that the murderer was a man of great strength and unusual viciousness.

No less than 75 knife wounds were found on the four bodies.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Gen. Leonidas Plaza, the Ecuadorean government commander who recently defeated the revolutionists at Guayaquil, has been stricken with yellow fever and reports to the State Department indicate a violent epidemic of the disease is imminent at Guayaquil. Capt. Ellicott, of the cruiser Maryland, reported that, with the exception of slight disturbances near Esmeralda, the revolution practically was ended. Raymond Simmons, seamon of the Yorktown, who is ill with yellow fever, is convalescent.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Senator Robert M. LaFollette on the verge of a physical breakdown, has cancelled all his speaking engagements for the next two weeks, at Trenton, Jersey City and elsewhere, and will seek a complete rest. He has decided to drop entirely all his work for a fortnight.

IT HAS been and is now the policy of this Bank to pay particular attention to the Business of young and growing concerns with a view to assisting such enterprises to take and hold their rightful place in the community. Realizing that these firms need a thoroughly dependable banking connection, we invite their business.

The Southern National Bank

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONFERENCE

International Sunday School Association at New Orleans

New Orleans, Feb. 3.—One hundred and fifty delegates, representing 13,000,000 Sunday School pupils, attended the second day's conference of general secretaries and field workers of the International Sunday School Association here today. The afternoon meeting of the conference was abandoned to allow visitors to reach nearby towns where they will fill pulpits tomorrow. Rev. R. M. Weaver, of Corinth, Miss., was chairman of today's session.

A resolution favoring a uniform standard for Sunday schools throughout North America, regardless of denomination, was adopted by the conference.

Questions affecting Sunday School administration and improvement were generally discussed.

A strong plea for health preservation on the part of the religious workers was made by Charles B. Hall, secretary of the Chicago Sunday School Association.

A committee to conserve the ideas brought out at the conference for future reference, consisting of J. H. Engle, of Kansas; G. H. Burnie, of Indiana, and W. B. Wilson, of Rhode Island, was named.

RAILROAD WAR

V. & C. S. and Seaboard Having Trouble at Lumberton Cotton Mill

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., Feb. 3.—There has been some excitement in railroad circles at the Lumberton Cotton Mills today. Some time last nigut the Seaboard siding at the mill was torn up for a distance of a hundred yards or more and at an early hour this morning it was found that the Mayor of East Lumberton and two or three policemen were on guard duty with instructions to allow no one connected with the Seaboard to enter the grounds the V. & C. S. people being in charge of the work of putting down their track where the Seaboard track had been.

Agent Beverly, of the Seaboard, and Section Master Bryant went down to investigate the trouble but were forbidden to go on the ground. At 8 o'clock tonight guards are on duty to prevent any attempt of the Seaboard to re-build the track tonight. The outcome is being watched with interest.

RAILROAD CROSSINGS

Company's Duty to Signal at Places Used by Public

New York, Feb. 3.—In a decision made public today the United States Circuit Court of Appeals defined the duty of a railroad to signal at a place where the public is accustomed to cross its tracks, even though such a place is not a public highway.

The decision was rendered against the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company in a suit in which a verdict of $31,000 was rendered in favor of a boy who was injured while crossing the companies's tracks near Stratford, Conn. This judgment the court sustained.

"Father's Bluff."

Big comedy production at The Grand Theatre Monday afternoon and evening. **

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone —but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

HAVE YOU BEEN TO AUDUBON? If not, let me take you. My automobile is at your disposal any time you wish to go. Just a few beautiful lots unsold. Ten dollars down and ten dollars per month, is all you have to pay. Buy now. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. fe4-5t

$2,000 CASH, balance on easy terms, secures investment that will yield 14 per cent. The rentals from this property will prove a handsome monthly income. If you don't take advantage of this opportunity, some one else will. See W. G. James, with James Owen Reilly. fe4-1t

FOR LESS THAN $5,000.00 you can secure an attractive home at Carolina Heights. The lot is large and the location delightful. See W. G. James, with James Owen Reilly. fe4-1t

A WELL BUILT Suburban home at Carolina Place for $2,600.00. A bargain. See W. G. James, with James Owen Reilly. fe4-1t

IN A FEW MONTHS it will be impossible to buy a building lot at Carolina Heights. I have the few remaining ones for sale. See W. G. James, with James Owen Reilly. fe4-1t

SIDELINE traveling salesmen make $50 to $75 weekly handling our latest production of advertising fans. Liberal terms. Apply at once. United States Calendar Co., Cincinnati. fe4-1t*

LADY AGENTS—New article. Every woman needs it. Sells on sight. Write for agency proposition. Mrs. Liby's Bandage Co., 179 Shelby st., Detroit, Mich. fe4-su2t*

FOR SALE—At a great bargain, Maxwell 5-passenger touring car; 4 cylinder, 30-horse-power; in A-1 condition. Just been repainted. For further information, see H. L. Fennell, 129 Market street. fe4-6t

DINING ROOM and china set for sale. Call 11 North Fifth street Monday. fe4-1t*

ANNUAL MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Co-operative Building and Loan Association will be held Tuesday, February 6th, at 12 M., office of the Association, 124 Princess street. B. C. Moore, vice-president; Thos. H. Wright, secretary. fe4-1t

"ATTENTION, PATRIARCHS!" All members Campbell Encampment, No. 1, I. O. O. F., are earnestly requested to be present Monday night. Important business. Chas. W. Stewart, D. D. G. P. fe4-1t

WANTED—By an import china house, energetic man to handle line on commission basis. Good opportunity for party wanting side line. Goods sold by illustrations. Have also an opening on salary basis for capable man with established trade. Address with references, J. R. Co., 32 S. Howard St., Baltimore, Md. fe4-3t*

WOMEN—Sell guaranteed hose; 70 per cent profit; make $10 daily; full or part time; beginners investigate. Strong Knit, Box 4029, West Philadelphia, Pa. fe4-su10t*

MEN—If you want work, sell guaranteed hosiery to wearers; big commission; make $10 daily; experience unnecessary. Address International Mills, 3038 Chestnut, Philadelphia. fe4-su10t*

I OFFER FOR SALE a choice building lot, 66x113 feet, on Perry ave., between 18th and 19th streets, Carolina Place, next to my residence. Price, reasonable for quick buyer. E. L. Matthews, care E. L. Matthews Candy Co. fe4-1t

FOR RENT—Lower floor furnished, 410 North 3rd st. 4 rooms, including kitchen. 'Phone 1606. fe4-2t*

GRANOLITHIC SIDEWALKS — If you want first-class granolithic sidewalk and also all kinds of concrete work, address Edward M. Swann, 17th and Market streets, 'phone 1614. fe4-6t*

BE A TRAVELING SALESMAN—Earn while you learn. Write for particulars of our system. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. fe4-1t*

WANTED—Position by first-class bookkeeper. Best of references. Address "B. K.," care Star. fe4-1t*

WANTED—Good man to handle line of Ciders and Vinegars. Exclusive territory and high grade goods. Liberal commissions, weekly settlements. Exclusively or side line. References required. Redlands Mfg. Co., Richmond, Va. fe4-3t*

ONE PAIR of black hourses, 5 years old, weighing 2,800; mate close; must be sold, regardless of price; can be seen at 511 Dock street. W. B. McClennan. 'Phone 381. fe4-1t*

ROOMERS WANTED—One block from Front street, near business section; all modern conveniences. 'Phone 1767. fe4-6t*

WANTED—2 or 3 boarders, in private family; modern conveniences. Call at 307 So. 5th street, between Ann and Nun. fe4-1t*

IF CONCRETE is what you want, call Wilmington Concrete Co., 'phone 1162-J, contractors for all kinds of concrete work, granolithic sidewalks a specialty. fe4-1t*

EARN $36 WEEKLY taking orders for Cut Rate Groceries. Outfit Free. Standard Mercantile Co., Hippodrome Bldg., Cleveland, O. fe4-1t*

FOR SALE—7-room cottage, good location, near car line; 10 minutes walk from post office. Address "Cottage," care General Delivery. fe4-1t*

LOOK FOR THE OPENING specials Tuesday, Feb. 6th, new cash grocery. We will carry a full line of staple and fancy groceries. Give us a call. L. T. New, 6th and Queen. fe4-1t*

FOR RENT—House 405 Walnut street; modern conveniences; possession given at once. Apply J. F. Rulfs, care Peterson & Rulfs. fe4-1t

WANTED—Three rooms for light housekeeping, by elderly lady and daughter. Address P. O. Box 56. fe4-1t*

WINTER PARK LOT—66x330, near Masonboro road, off electric line and near station, can be bought at low figures; only small amount cash required; balance, easy terms. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 1-2 Princess street. 'Telephone 332. fe4-1t

AUTOMOBILE NUMBERED 3800 is ready to take you to Audubon, the select suburb. Only ten dollars and same amount monthly thereafter until paid for, without taxes or interest. Call telephone 332 for an engagement. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 1-2 Princess street. fe4-1t

MAGNIFICENT FIFTH STREET home between Ann and Nun, lot 66x165, nine large, airy rooms, modern throughout; can be sold at a reasonable price. Let me tell you about its many advantages. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. Telephone 332, 123 1-2 Princess street. fe4-1t

ONLY $300.00 CASH required. Balance, easy terms, to secure corner lot with three houses, paying nearly twelve per cent; good renting property. Will be sold next week. Call 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 1-2 Princess street. fe4-1t

WANTED—Four furnished rooms; must be centrally located; modern conveniences. Address "Quick," care Star. fe4-1t*

HERE IS A BARGAIN—Three houses on the N. E. corner of 8th and Wright streets. Will pay 12 per cent as an investment. Lot is 66 by 82 1-2 feet; rear faces ten-foot alley. You can buy this for less than $1,500. Buy now. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. fe4-1t

$1,200 BUYS a house and lot, No. 406 So. Seventh, between Nun and Church. Lot is 33 by 82 1-2 feet. A fine investment. This property is increasing in value every day. Buy now. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. fe4-1t

A HANDSOME BRICK STORE on Market street, nearly opposite the Atlantic Trust and Banking Company's new home, can be bought at a very low figure now. This property is increasing in value every day. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. fe4-1t

ALL THE STOCK in the Nineteenth Series of the Rural Building and Loan Association has almost been sold. Series limited to 1,000 shares. For the convenience of those who forgot to take stock yesterday, the Directors will hold the series open another week. You can subscribe stock any day of the coming week. R. C. DeRosset, President; Jas. Owen Reilly, Secretary and Treasurer. Office, 118 Princess street. fe4-4t

ON THE FIFTH AVENUE of Wilmington (Fifth street) you can buy a beautiful lot sixty-six feet front and one hundred and twenty feet deep, at a very low figure. Only a small amount of cash needed. This is the most desirable lot you can buy on Fifth street. See me at once. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. fe4-3t

DRESSED POULTRY—Dressed poultry. We have it today. The very finest dressed chickens, turkeys and geese. Also supply of beef, veal, lamb and pork, unexcelled in city. Call us up or come and see. Palace Market. 'Phone 72. fe3-tf

WANTED—Salesman to sell oils, paints and specialties. Good live wire can earn big money. Champion Refining Co., Cleveland, Ohio. ja27,s4t

WANTED—Salesman to sell line of fancy fruit ciders in small country towns; salary, $125 per month and expenses. Prefer those with experience. Red Cross Co., St. Louis, Mo. jy14-su-4t

TAILORING—Gentlemen, see my line of Fall and Winter Suitings before you buy; popular prices. Leger Meyer, Merchant Tailor, 109 Princess st., 2nd floor; Princess Building. jy9-su-tf *to7-18

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Harriss Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. del-tu,su,th-tf

EXCEPTIONAL Opportunity. Party with $700 to invest in permanent cash business paying $3,000 yearly; free from competition and easily managed, should address "Exceptional," care Star. ja30,tu,th,su—6t

FOR SALE Vault doors at a bargain; formerly used by the Murchison National Bank. J. H. Hinton. fe3-3t

ANNUAL MEETING—Seamen's Friend Society will be held Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 7th, at 3 P. M., at Seamen's Home. Members and trustees are urged to be present. Jas. I. Metts, Pres. T. E. Wood, Sec. fe3-3t

BOARD in private family. A couple without children, or two gentlemen, can be accommodated with nice front room and good table board, at reasonable prices. Apply 414 South Fifth street. fe3-2t*

THE EASIEST WAY TO SAVE $1,000.00 is to take ten shares of stock in the Rural Building & Loan Association. You will never miss the amount you save. Only $2.50 per week. New series opens Saturday, Feb. 3rd, 1912. fe1-5t

FOR SALE—One practically new log cart, 6½ feet high; 3-inch tires; chains, stretchers, all complete, $50. D. D. Lennon, Box 406, Wilmington, N. C. fe2-3t*

WANTED to exchange a fancy, high-bred driving horse, dark bay, 8 years old, for a draft horse suitable for wagon or plow. Apply "Horse," care Star. fe2-3t

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY THIRD—Remember the date. The Rural Building & Loan Association will open the Nineteenth Series. The safest way to save your money. James Owen Reilly, Secretary and Treas. fe1-5t

SECOND HAND square piano for sale. In good order. Cheap to cash purchaser. Address "Piano," care Star Office. se15-tf

PREASE BROS. CO. wish to announce that in connection with their tinning business at 215 Market street, they have fitted an up-to-date plumbing establishment, and have employed the well known Thos. Schraeder as manager of this department. They will give every call immediate attention and guarantee the best work. 'Phone order will bring our man. ja11-tf

WANTED—Teams to do logging. Good grounds and good pay. Town Creek Railroad and Lumber Co., Town Creek, N. C. ja28-6t

FRESH CUT, Home Made sauer kraut. Get some of it. It is the very best in town. Also all kinds of fresh meats, fruits and vegetables. Oysters, Norfolk and New River, fresh every day. Palace Market. 'Phone 72. ja30-tf

AGENTS WANTED—$5 to $7 daily, selling New Fibre Brooms; 100 per cent. profit; every woman will buy. Begin canvass at once. Sample by express, 30c. Wynne Broom Co., Elmira, N. Y. ja31-6t*

AGENTS WANTED—Exclusive territory. Good chance to build up permanent business. Mail us $10 for 36-pound feather bed, and receive, without cost, 6-pound pair pillows. Freight on all prepaid. New feathers; best ticking; satisfaction guaranteed. Turner ⅞ Cornwell, Feather Dealers, Charlotte, N. C. Our references: Commercial National Bank. ja23-tf

THE RURAL Building and Loan Association will open the nineteenth series on Saturday, February 3rd, 1912. You can subscribe for the number of shares you wish now. R. C. DeRosset, President; James Owen Reilly, Sec. and Treas. Office, 118 Princess street. ja21-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent in very desirable location. All modern conveniences. Half block from postoffice square. Address Box 122; 'phone 773. ja23-tf

THE GILBERT — Remodeled; newly furnished; all hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets, junction of trolley lines; cars to beach and depot; steam heat; electric lights and hot water. Excellent cuisine and good service. Rates, $1.50 a day. Liberal discount to couples and people who stay longer. no4-tf

FROST PROOF Cabbage Plants, $1.40 per thousand, delivered anywhere in North or South Carolina; plants bunched and selected. Enterprise Plant Co., Meggetts, S. C. de22-2mo

BARGAINS in a fine line of trunks, suit cases and hand bags. Also all kinds of unredeemed pledges. Save money and see Uncle Charles, 16 S. Front street. ja3-tf

Diamond Resetting

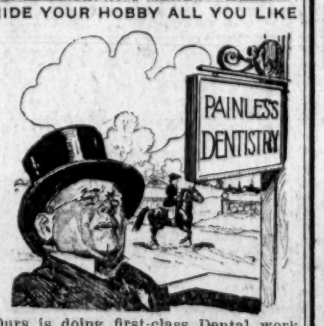
and Special Order work.

Repairing of Fine Watches and Jewelry.

A particular branch of our business, to which we give special attention, and satisfactory service guaranteed.

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER,
104 North Front Street.

RIDE YOUR HOBBY ALL YOU LIKE



Ours is doing first-class Dental work at a moderate price, and we have made a big success of it. May we have your work in our line? We promise you in advance complete satisfaction, whether you need the painless extracting of teeth or crown and bridge work, or filling, or any other professional operation. And you will find our charges right.

Remember, we guarantee all work.

DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors
Front and Princess Sts.

CONCORD CHAPTER NO. 1, R. A. M. Companions:

There will be a Special Convocation Monday evening, 8 o'clock to confer the Mark Master's degree.

By order of the High Priest.

W. A. MARTIN, Secretary.

fe 4-1t.

Notice to the Public

In tendering to the people of this community the use of the facilities of this Bank in all financial matters, it is our earnest desire to assist them to easier and better methods of handling funds.

In the investment or transfer of funds, in the collection of moneys, and in all financial matters, you may feel free to consult with us.

American National Bank
of Wilmington.
"A FINANCIAL STRONGHOLD."

fe3-tf

A SKUFFER BOY

Get your boy a pair of

SKUFFER SHOES

the most comfortable and best wearing shoe made.

—AT—

Peterson & Rulfs

NEXT TO MURCHISON BANK.

fe3-tf

CASH RESERVES

Business men and firms are fast adopting the idea of setting aside surplus funds at certain seasons of the year ready for use at other periods. In this manner the surplus is made to earn interest which partially offsets interest paid on loans during the borrowing season.

Such funds are usually put into Certificates of Deposit in order that they may be ready for use at any time We allow interest on both Time and Demand Certificates.

The Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.
Southern Building — Opposite Postoffice.

fe4-tf

It's Bear's
and
It's Delicious

Made by perfect process from the choicest fruit of the vine.

Sherry, Port, Catawba, Claret & other wines.

SOL BEAR & CO.
7 and 9 CHESTNUT ST. 'PHONE 866
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Don't Forget the Firm

Who sells cheap for cash.
Who sells on 30 days time.
Who sells on 60 days time.
Who sells on Spring time.
Who sells on Fall time.
Who can always fill orders.
Who is always in position to accommodate you.
Who does not want a dissatisfied customer.
Who endeavors to keep in touch with the markets and gives their customers the benefit of their work.

W. B. Cooper Co.
Wholesale Grocers.

Boat Schedule

Steamer Lisbon leaves every Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock for points along the Cape Fear river to White Oak. Returning on Wednesday. Leaves Friday morning at 6 o'clock for Clear Run on Black river, returning Saturday.

Steamer Alice leaves every Monday at 12, noon, for Long View on Black river, returning on Tuesday. Leaves Wednesday at 12, noon, for Long Creek, returning on Thursday. Leaves 6 o'clock Friday morning for Jessups Landing, on Cape Fear river, returning Saturday.

Steamer Whitlock leaves at 12 noon, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Town Creek, as usual.

J. W. Brooks, Agt.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 16

VOL. LXXXIX—NO. 116. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 4, 1912. WHOLE NUMBER 13,816.

GOSSIP OF GOTHAM'S TOWN

Want State of Manhattan Added to Constellation—Wall Street Unpopular—Female Lawyers. "Whispering Gallery."

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Feb. 3.—If the movement set on foot here two weeks ago is carried through, a new star will be added to the National flag within the next year or two. The proposal does not look to the admission of Alaska to the Union, as might be supposed, but to the creation of the State of Manhattan with boundaries practically the same as those of Greater New York, except that the whole of Long Island would be included instead of only a part as at present.

The plan is being pushed in all seriousness and a bill for accomplishing this purpose has been introduced in the State Legislature. Before the new State can become an actuality the proposal for its creation must be voted upon by the people of the city and those of the State and their action, if favorable, would have to be ratified by the President and Congress. While there seems little doubt that the citizens of the metropolitan district would vote for a divorce from the rest of the State, it is doubtful if the residents of "up State" would consent, since the State derives two-thirds or more of its revenues from various taxes contributed by the city. It is pointed out by those behind the new movement that the State of Manhattan would be the richest in the country and that only two others would have a larger population. The cost of running the city is at present $190,000,000 and will soon pass the $200,000,000 mark, which, of course, is in excess of the governmental expenses of any of the States. The new commonwealth would make a good showing in other respects than those of wealth and population, too, for its annual output in manufactures would be nearly $1,500,000,000 and its commerce would amount to nearly $2,000,000,000, or more than half that of the whole nation. Incidentally, Tammany Hall is in favor of the new plan as most of its troubles as a political organization come from revolts originating in other parts of the State.

* * *

The measure of Wall Street's unpopularity with the rest of the United States was pretty well indicated here this week by the approval which the report of the Monetary Commission providing for the reconstruction of the country's banking and currency system has received from all parts of the country. The plan has been severely criticised here on the ground that it discriminates against this city by giving it a representation in the directorate of the proposed National Reserve Association which is to supervise the banking affairs of the Nation, of only about one-third of what it is entitled to by its proportion of the National banking resources. The very fact, however, that the new plan will curb the financial power of Wall Street apparently is the feature that has contributed most largely to securing the enthusiastic approval of the rest of the country for the proposed measure. According to the statement made here today by John V. Farwell, of Chicago, president of the National Citizens' League, which is conducting a campaign for banking reform, the National Reserve Association plan is receiving the general support and approval of business men throughout the country. He justifies the discrimination against New York by claiming that the commission, in giving the preponderance of authority to the West and South, has merely favored the portions of the country most in need of credit facilities at the expense of the section already well supplied in this respect. Thirty-four States have joined in the movement for the adoption of the National Reserve plan, according to Mr. Farwell.

* * *

With Oyster Bay, the home of Col. Roosevelt on one side, and Washington on the other, and as the headquarters of the booms of several Presidential aspirants, New York this year has become more than ever a centre of all sorts of political stories and rumors. Its personal interest is made more keen not only because Roosevelt, the great unknwn quantity in the coming Presidential race, is practically a resident of this city, but also because Charles D. Hilles, Mr. Taft's chief adviser, who has lately had a number of tilts with the Postmaster General, which make the cabinet look too small to keep them both, was a well known worker here for many years. In the Hilles-Hitchcock controversy the sympathies of this city are with Mr. Hilles, as a native son. Other factors, too, detract from support of Mr. Hitchcock. His proposal for the government ownership of telegraph lines finds little favor here where it is regarded as the opening wedge for government ownership of all public service facilities. It is becoming known, too, that railroad officials here are bitterly opposed to Mr. Hitchcock's plan for the readjustment for railway mail pay, since they do not hesitate to state that if it were applied to all the business of the roads it would force them at once into bankruptcy. They assert that the figures by which the Postmaster General seeks to sustain his claim that he can bring about further great reductions in the cost of mail transportation are distorted and his conclusions unwarranted. The rumor which has caused most speculation here, however, is that from Oyster Bay to the effect that the Colonel would shortly go abroad for two months—a most significant report, since such action on his part would leave his friends free to carry forward such plans as they might decide on. Altogether with the convention still five months away, New York is getting a bit dizzy, and if rumors continue to fly at the present rate this city's politicians will be about ready for a strait jacket by the end of June.

* * *

With the admission of three women to the New York bar this week, the city has now passed the half hundred mark of Portias following the profession of law here, thus putting it considerably ahead of any other city in the country in this respect. Small as the number of female lawyers, or lawyeresses, may seem, it is really surprising that it is as large as it is. Investigation shows that they find it extremely difficult to get started, and all the way through their careers have a somewhat more difficult time of it than the male lawyers, who in this case at least seem to be the more deadly of the species, notwithstanding Rudyard Kipling's assertion. Just why this is the case has not been very definitely determined, although a number of reasons are suggested. The female lawyer is still looked upon as a novelty and as a result perhaps not as reliable as her more firmly entrenched professional brother. Then, too, it is pointed out that possible female clients strangely enough simply will not place confidence in a woman lawyer, being much stronger in this attitude than possible male clients. However, a number of women are making a good living at this profession, one of the most notable cases being that of a wife who is associated with her husband as equal partner.

* * *

One little known feature of the great Equitable fire was the destruction of the once famous "whispering gallery" which more than a decade ago was the bane of politicians, and which probably had more to do with the making of political history than any one man knows. As was well known when Henry B. Hyde erected the building, which at that time was one of the sights of the city, he incorporated in it a private suite of rooms for himself which included a great dining room of novel design. According to the story which was always believed at Albany, many a member of the Legislature visited that dining room only to discover later that a stenographic record of his suggestions, proposals and veiled threats as to insurance legislation was in existence. The explanation which finally came to be accepted was that artful curves in the panelling of the private dining room carried the most intimate conversations over coffee and cigars far away to a niche where sat the stenographer who recorded them. —LONGACRE.

CORN CLUB PRIZES.

Those Announced for Largest Yield in Various Districts.

State prize of a free trip to Washington, D. C.: to be awarded to the boy making the largest yield at the least cost per bushel.

District cash prizes, offered by the State Department of Agriculture. Five prizes in each district for best yield at least cost per bushel. First, $15; second, $12.50; third, $10; fourth $5; fifth, $2.50.

First District: Counties of Camden, Currituck, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Chowan, Washington, Tyrrell, Dare, Hyde, Beaufort and Pamlico.

Second District: Counties of Gates, Hertford, Bertie, Martin, Northampton, Halifax, Edgecombe, Wilson and Warren.

Third District: Counties of Pitt, Green, Wayne, Lenoir, Craven, Jones, Carteret, Onslow, Duplin and Pender.

Fourth District: Counties of Vance, Granville, Durham, Franklin, Nash, Johnston, Wake, Chatham and Lee.

Fifth District: Counties of Person, Orange, Caswell, Alamance, Rockingham, Guilford, Randolph, Stokes and Davidson.

Sixth District: Counties of New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Robeson, Cumberland, Harnet and Hoke.

Seventh District: Counties of Scotland, Moore, Richmond, Montgomery, Anson, Stanley, Union, Cabarrus and Mecklenburg.

Eighth District: Counties of Surry, Alleghaney, Wilkes, Alexander, Ashe, Watauga, Caldwell, Burke, McDowell, Mitchell, Yancey and Avery.

Ninth District: Counties of Yadkin, Davie, Rowan, Iredell, Catawba, Lincoln, Gaston, Cleveland, Rutherford and Polk.

Tenth District: Counties of Madison, Buncombe, Henderson, Transylvania, Haywood, Jackson, Macon, Graham, Swain, Clay and Cherokee.

Rules.

1. All members must be under 18 years of age August 1, 1912.
2. Each boy must plant one acre of corn, (4,840 square yards) doing all the work himself, except that small boys may hire their land broken.
3. No member must use more than $10 worth of commercial fertilizer.
4. Each member must keep a record of his work, amount of manure and fertilizer used and make out a report on the special blank which will be furnished him.
5. Each member must read the instructions sent him by the Department of Agriculture.

For further information or enrollment, address I. O. Schaub, Special Agent in Extension, West Raleigh, N. C.

Almost Lost His Life.

S. A. Stid, of Mason, Mich., will never forget his terrible exposure to a merciless storm. "It gave me a dreadful cold," he writes, "that caused severe pains in my chest, so it was hard for me to breathe. A neighbor gave me several doses of Dr. King's New Discovery which brought great relief. The doctor said I was on the verge of pneumonia, but to continue with the Discovery. I did so and two bottles completely cured me." Use only this quick, safe, reliable medicine for coughs, colds, or any throat or lung trouble. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

LEVIATHANS OF THE DEEP

What the Future Will Bring Forth to Those Who Go to the Sea in Ships—Navigation Congress in May.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, Feb. 3.—What will be the dimensions of sea-going vessels of the future? Will trans-Atlantic liners and war vessels continue to grow until the present monster ships seem as canal boats by comparison? What will be the maximum in 1930? In 1950?

This is one of the most vital questions that will have the attention of the great International Congress of Navigation beginning in Philadelphia May 23rd next. The foremost experts of the world will discuss it.

To the ordinary layman, this question may seem of small moment. He may say, "Why not wait and see? Why prophesy?"

But, to the men of the nations who have the world's navigation in their care, this question is of vast importance. The men who build the canals and dredge the harbors and deepen the rivers and construct docks and repair slips, they cannot wait. They must look into the future with the vision of prophets and plan their works for ships which the future will place on the ocean to carry the world's trade.

Ship canals and great dry docks can not be built quickly nor cheaply. As their required size increases the cost and time of construction are manifold. The dredging of a harbor or estuary to an extra depth of a few feet takes many years. These men must work for the future.

For that reason, this 12th Navigation Congress, bringing together the foremost navigation authorities of all nations, will treat this question thoroughly and attempt to arrive at predictions by the light of the best experience, the most complete data and the opinions of the most learned experts.

What size do these men believe vessels of the future will attain? C. Leemans, an eminent engineer of Amsterdam, predicts that a few years will see vessels of 70,000 and 75,000 tons traversing the ship lanes of the North Atlantic. In a generation he believes there will be ocean leviathans of a hundred thousand tons plying between Europe and North America. This sized vessel, he says, will have a length of 1,500 feet, a width of 160 feet and a draught of more than 50 feet. Mr. Leemans will present an interesting paper on this subject at the Navigation Congress.

E. L. Corthell, a celebrated engineer of New York, who will also discuss this subject at the Congress, coincides with Mr. Leemans' view that vessels will continue to increase greatly in size. His predictions are based on tables worked out from past increases and from the economic advantages of larger ships. He believes that vessels of 1,100 feet length for 1948 is a modest prediction.

At the Eighth International Congress of Navigation in 1900 at Paris, Mr. Corthell predicted that before 1923 there would be vessels afloat of 765 feet length, 80 feet breadth and 31 feet draught. This prophecy was received with amusement by other members of the Congress and Mr. Corthell was called the "Romancer of Navigation." Just seven years later the Cumard Line put in service two vessels, the Lusitania and Mauretania, which exceeded the dimensions predicted in every respect.

The Olympic and Titanic of the White Star line have a length of 883 feet and are 45,000 ton vessels, while the Hamburg-American Line is building in German ship yards two liners of 56,000 tons each.

The future size of both merchant and war vessels has an important bearing on the size necessary for canals. Mr. Corthell points out that important ship canals should be large enough to accommodate the largest vessels afloat, because even the merchant vessels are liable to be impressed into service by their governments in time of war.

When it is completed two years hence, the Panama Canal will be the only ship canal with capacity to pass the greatest vessels afloat. Its locks will take vessels nearly 110 feet wide, more than 40 feet deep and 1,000 feet long. These dimensions were insisted on by the General Naval Board of the United States after the Consulting Board and Canal Commission had suggested a size that has already been proven inadequate.

The German government is now paying dearly for constructing its Kaiser Wilhelm Canal too small. This canal was built in the years 1887-95, requiring eight years to complete. In less than 15 years it became inadequate, so that the largest vessels were compelled to go around the Cape Skagen route. Now the canal is being enlarged at enormous cost in order to accommodate Germany's merchant and war fleets.

The Suez Canal is also being deepened, the Canal Company recently being compelled to borrow 150,000,000 francs for this purpose. Herr von Thierry, of Berlin, a noted expert on this subject and a member of the International Technical Commission of the Suez Canal will discuss this phase of the question at the Congress in Philadelphia. He agrees with Leemans and Corthell that the size of vessels is likely to increase and that canals must be enlarged to accommodate them.

Among others who will present papers on probable dimensions of sea-going vessels of the future and required dimensions for maritime canals are M. Quellenec, of France, chief engineer of the Ponts et Chaussees, and consulting engineer of the Suez Canal Company, Mr. Vandervin, of Antwerp; Mr. J. Foster King, of Glasgow, Scotland; M. Zamiatine, a naval engineer of St. Petersburg.

The enrollment of members of the 12th Congress continues to increase. Lieut. Col. J. C. Sanford, U. S. A., the general secretary of the Congress, 344 Bourse, Philadelphia, reports that the attendance of both foreign and American members promises to surpass all expectations.

ABOUT CONSUMPTION

Fundamental Facts About Avoiding, Greatest of All Diseases

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 3.—North Carolina loses 6,000 lives annually from consumption. This means a total annual loss in cold dollars and cents, from their productive value alone, of not less than $30,000,000, estimating a human life at $5,000. But what sane man or woman would take $5,000 for his life? These lives are worth more, for by far the greater number of consumptives' deaths occur between the ages of 20 and 45, the most valuable period of life. More than one death out of every three deaths occurring between the ages of 20 and 45 are from consumption. These are facts proven by vital statistics. With these facts and figures it behooves us to avoid the disease.

To do this we do not necessarily need to avoid all consumptives. A careful consumptive is not dangerous. The only consumptives that spread the disease are the careless spitters, and those that cough or sneeze without holding a paper napkin or handkerchief before the mouth to catch the spray or tiny droplets thrown off. Avoid these careless consumptives. It is never advisable to sleep in the same bed or the same room with a consumptive. By far the best way to avoid consumption is to build up a strong body. We are all exposed to consumption when we breathe foul, dusty air, or when we eat or drink articles of food that have been exposed to such air. Meat and milk from tuberculous cattle may also convey consumption. The surest way to keep from getting consumption when we are so frequently exposed to it is to keep our bodies in excellent physical condition. This will prevent many other diseases and, in fact, it is the only real way to live. By always keeping ourselves in good physical condition we get the most out of life and put the most into it.

To be able to cure the disease it is necessary to recognize it early, for then it is most curable. The best indication of consumption are a gradual loss of weight not due to other evident causes. Loss of weight is usually accompanied by a gradual loss of strength and vitality. If the body temperatures goes much above 99 in the afternoon or remains much below 98 in the forenoon, it should be regarded with suspicion. Any or all of these conditions may or may not be accompanied by a cough. If matter is occasionally coughed up in the early states it will not often be found to contain the germs of consumption, but if the germs are found by the aid of the microscope, it is a sure indication that the disease exists. Heroic efforts should then be made to cure the disease.

The prime essentials in the care of the disease are rest, fresh air, and an abundance of good, wholesome food. Milk and eggs are excellent articles of diet for consumptives. No medicines are necessary unless other diseases are also present. Avoid all alcoholic drinks and patent medicines. The least they can do is to rob you of your money, and the worst, which they invariably do, is to rob you of your life.

Prevention is always better than cure, and consumption would positively be prevented and the disease would soon disappear if all consumptives destroyed every particle of matter coughed, sneezed and expectorated by them. But there are lots of careless spitters and coughers, who do not know they have the disease. These are the people that have perpetuated the the disease from time immemorial. Do not be one of this class. Don't spit, cough or sneeze except when absolutely necessary, and then only in such a manner as not to convey the disease.

These and others are only a few of the facts that everybody should know about consumption. To find out more about this and other preventable diseases, write to the State Board of Health at Raleigh for their free Monthly Health Bulletin.

VIRGINIA STUDENT-SOLDIERS.

University to Honor Them at Commencement Next June.

Charlottesville, Va., Feb. 2.—The University of Virginia will call back the survivors of the student companies that left the University and joined the Confederate forces at the outbreak of the Civil War, and will decorate each with a badge or medal at the commencement exercises next June. An effort is being made to find every one of the veterans, who are widely scattered throughout the country.

Three companies were organized among the students at the University in 1861 and 1862. They were officered by graduates of the Virginia Military Institute and were called "The Sons of Liberty," "The Southern Guard" and "The University Volunteers."

Shocking Sounds

in the earth are sometimes heard before a terrible earthquake, that warn of the coming peril. Nature's warnings are kind. That dull pain or ache in the back warns you the Kidneys need attention if you would escape those dangerous maladies, dropsy, diabetes or Bright's disease. Take Electric Bitters at once and see backache fly and all your best feelings return. "My son received great benefit from their use for kidney and bladder trouble," writes Peter Bondy, South Rockwood, Mich. "It is certainly a great kidney medicine." Try it. 50 cents at R. R. Bellamy.

LAYMEN OF SOUTHERN STATES

Great Meeting Under Auspices of the Presbyterian Church at Chattanooga This Week—Speakers of Prominence.

Chattanooga, Tenn, Feb. 3.—Men of all persuasions from a religious standpoint are showing an unparalleled interest in the coming convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement which will open in Chattanooga February 6th and continue for the ensuing two days. It is a Southern meeting promoted by the Southern Presbyterian Church, but participated in by men of all religious denominations as well as men of no church affiliation.

Indications at the offices of the local entertainment committee are that all records for attendance upon conventions of this character will be broken. Chattanooga is preparing to take care of all who may come. It will not be surprising if the attendance exceeds 2,000. No matter how many are attracted to Chattanooga at this time by the cheap rates, the important matters involved or by the opportunity to see the historical points of thrilling interest in this community, they will all be cared for in the best style.

Chattanooga asked for this convention, which marks the fifth year in one of the most significant movements in the history of religion in this country. At the Birmingham convention, which was the zenith of Southern religious zeal up to that time, Chattanooga asked the privilege of entertaining the next convention, and over some spirited competition by reason of a material cash guarantee, succeeded. Every church in this city of churches is behind the preparations to receive the delegates, and every effort is being put forth to render the occasion memorable in the history of the mission movement.

This will mark the fifth year of the Laymen's Movement in America. It had its origin November 15, 1906, in a prayer meeting attended by less than 50 persons. Now the movement has grown until there are thousands upon thousands interested, and in various cities conventions are convening to systematically organize for the evangelization of the world.

A provisional programme has been prepared for the coming convention which contains the names of men prominent in affairs of the world, not only religious, but commercial and financial. Some even are of consequence in the political world. All are authorities on the subjects assigned them, thus insuring a fruitful conference.

Heading the list of speakers is J. Campbell White, who is general secretary of the Laymen's Missionary Movement. He has just come from the Orient and will bring a late word from the mission fields. Other well known speakers secured are Robert E. Speer, secretary of Foreign Missions of the Northern Presbyterian Church; Rev. Egbert W. Smith, Missionary Secretary of the Southern Presbyterian Church; Rev. Robert E. Vinson, president of the Austin Seminary, Austin, Texas; Rev. James I. Vance, chairman of the executive committee of Foreign Missions; Rev. W. H. Hudson, of Kashing, China; Harry Wade Hicks, general secretary of the Missionary Educational Movement and others of like consequence.

Great quantities of literature are being mailed to all communities of the South, giving more complete information regarding the subject of the conference, the rates and routes in reaching Chattanooga and particulars as to entertainment, hotel rates and other facts of interest to people desiring to attend. The sessions will be held in the city auditorium, an ample building that will comfortably seat more than 4,000 people. Committee and sub-organizations will be taken care of at the handsome rooms of the Y. M. C. A., the Manufacturers' Home, parlors of hotels and the various churches.

THE GOOD OLD DAYS

Col. Pearsall Writes Some Reminiscences of Duplin and Sampson

Editor of The Charlotte Chronicle.

Colonel Harker, of The Maxton Scottish Chief, goes reminiscencing back in 1872, and speaks of being weather bound at Mr. Rice Matthews' near the old plank road. Now, there never was but one Rice Matthews and he lived near Clinton on the plank road (there's a real railroad there now). The question naturally arising to our mind was young Harker out there teaching singing school or was he there courting the old man's gals—or was he doing both? We remember the house a double story one with verandas all around—a delightful house of much hospitality and a houseful of "likely gals."

It was our pleasure to meet Mr. Harker at the press convention at Wrightsville, and from his looks we thought he might be able to "hark" back to the most severe snow storm of our experience; that of January 1857. About the seventeenth, when snow fell continuously for two and one-half days and was of five-foot depth, and remained for three weeks, our house was in the land of "Goshen." Duplin county game in that day was extremely plentiful. Thousands of doves and partridges could be taken by simply using a switch—their wings were so frozen they could not fly. We remember fattening hogs remained for days without any feed, covered with snow. Wild turkeys could easily be stalked by tracking them in Goshen swamp; foxes grew almost tame; cows were raised then in large droves and many persihed for the want of proper shelter. The Northeast Cape Fear river was frozen over and teams could easily haul over its surface.

Of course, all country and village schools were suspended, but the boys looked on this vacation as the "time of their lives," catching birds, hares, etc. When nightfall came on with frozen ears, frost-bitten heels and toes, the happy boy didn't count his birds but measured them by the bushel. And such a happy time broiling birds at night we had out in the kitchen before the open fireplace that held wood eight feet long. There's no modern range that could touch that cooking. And the woodpile covered over some less than a half acre of land piled up eight feet high. Not with one "nigger in the woodpile," but ten "nigger fellows" swinging the axe with a grunt for each blow, chopping wood for the "big house" and kitchen that was presided over by old Mammy Mary, who wore always a red bandana kerchief over her head and could cook such rations that no chef has, ever can, or ever will come up to.

Ah! Those were halcyon days Boys played "bull pen," "cat," "roly-hole," "old hundred," "hail-over," marbles. They knew nothing of baseball, football and other such games that ruin and deform the players frequently for life. The school teacher didn't spare the rod and spoil the boy. The old "Webster blue-back," "Emerson's arithmetic," "Lindley Murray's English Grammar," and their rules were thoroughly drilled into the minds and were not forgotten. The girls jumped the rope—frequently a bamboo brier vine—had playhouses, made hats by stitching large oak leaves with pine needles, and were veritable queens. "Progressive bridge" and other modern rot games were happily unknown. We all drank from the same gourd at the spring. If there were any hookworms, appendicitis, trichinosis, they were unknown and we boys useter think "ground itch" was too good for poor folks because it was so nice to get a corn cob and scratch it—such a soothing feeling. Would we were boys again so we could go barefooted and wade in the dew and branches. Don't you say so, Colonels Harris and Harker?

The boys raised then made the finest and best fighting soldiers the world ever saw. Cigarettes were unknown as well as many of the modern fads. E. D. PEARSALL,

Rocky Point, Jan. 23.

JACKSON MONUMENT.

Corporation Organized for Meritorious Recognition of Peerless Southron.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 3, 1912.

To the People of the South and to the Admirers of "Stonewall" Jackson Everywhere:

The Thomas J. "Stonewall" Jackson Monument Corporation has been chartered and organized for the purpose of erecting, in the city of Richmond, an equestrian statue to commemorate the virtues and achievements of "Stonewall" Jackson, one of the greatest military heroes, and one of the noblest and most patriotic of Christian soldiers and gentlemen.

The above organization was the outcome of a meeting of representative Confederate veterans and their sons and daughters held at R. E. Lee Camp Hall, in this city, on the 29th of November, 1911, at which the feeling was freely expressed that while the people of the South have done a noble and patriotic work in erecting monuments to their great leaders, such as those to President Davis, General Lee, General Albert Sidney Johnston, General Hampton, General Stuart, General Forrest, and others, yet there has been no adequate monument erected to General "Stonewall" Jackson, among the greatest of these, and the man whose marvelous skill and matchless achievements in arms have "belted the world with his fame" and shed lustre and renown on the cause for which he gave his life. The only monument in Richmond, the late capital of the Confederacy, in defense of which Jackson fell, is the statue standing in the Capitol Square, erected solely by admiring Englishmen, the only tribute of the kind from foreigners to any Confederate leader, thus evincing the exalted opinion in which he was held by people of foreign lands. It was also the expressed opinion of those at this meeting that the work of erecting an equestrian statue in Richmond to General Jackson has already been too long delayed, and that the time was now ripe for the performance of this patriotic duty—a duty which we owe to ourselves and to those who come after us.

It is the purpose of this association to do this, and to appeal to the Legislatures of Virginia and the other Southern States to aid us in the accomplishment of our task. But since no one had a stronger claim or a firmer hold on the affections of all of our people than "Stonewall" Jackson, the association now appeals to all those who admire his virtues, his patriotism and achievements, to help us in our "labor of love" by sending their contributions to Mr. E. D. Hotchkiss, our treasurer, at Richmond, Va.

We wish to make this subscription as popular as possible, and to that end and that the young people may be honored by sharing in our work, the association has set apart the 10th day of May, 1912 (the 49th anniversary of General Jackson's death), as "Jackson's Statue Memorial Day," on which it earnestly asks that each child in the schools of the South will contribute ten cents to the erection of this monument. We also appeal to all Confederate camps and comrades, and to all admirers of General Jackson everywhere, especially throughout the South, to aid us in this movement by sending their contributions, great or small to our treasurer. If all will do their part, our task will be a light one and soon accomplished; and we feel sure that this, our appeal, will not be in vain.

By order of the Board of Directors and Executive Committee.

JAMES P. SMITH, President.
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NEW SOUTHERN ENTERPRISES

Number of Industrial Undertakings Announced In This Weeks Issue of Baltimore Manufacturers' Record—Other News

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, Feb. 3.—Among the announcements of Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises reported in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

H. M. Atkinson, of Atlanta, president of the Birmingham Coal & Iron Co., Birmingham, Ala., was quoted as stating that his company has practically consummated proposed merger with Woodward Iron Co., of Birmingham and agreed upon appropriating $2,500,000 for additions and improvements to Woodward properties; these betterments to include 90 additional by-product coke ovens, costing $1,000,000; 400-ton furance (at Woodward) costing $300,000; steel cars costing $150,000, and Vanderbilt furnace repairs costing $50,000.

Barrett Manufacturing Co., New York, determined details of coal-tar distilling plant at Corey, Ala., for which $250,000 was recently appropriated; will construct 300x400-foot main building, boiler house, mill batteries, pipe line from by-product coke ovens of Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Co., steel tanks to store 2,500,000 gallons of tar and 1,250,000 gallons of oil, 90x250 pitch bay or tank of 1,000,000 gallons capacity, etc.; will manufacture tar roofing paper and Tarvia for roofing.

Atlanta Steel Co., Atlanta, Ga., has about completed contracts for doubling capacity at cost of $300,000; improvements to include open hearth furnace, continuous billet mill and gas reheating furnace for rolling.

El Paso Milling Co., El Paso, Tex., was chartered with $500,000 capital stock to build sash and door factory; will construct main building 400x400 feet and other structures.

Tennessee Mountain Coal & Land Co., Birmingham, Ala., was incorporated with $300,000 capital stock to develop and secure development of coal properties; organized by Pennsylvania capitalists.

Federal Finance & Construction Co., Baltimore, Md., was chartered with $100,000 capital stock to finance and build Portland cement plant in Kentucky; details are being determined.

Cannon Manufacturing Co., Concord, N. C., will erect additional building and install 5,000 spindles at Kannapolis, N. C., plant, about $100,000 to be invested.

San Antonio Gas & Electric Co., and San Antonio Traction Co., San Antonio, Texas, will expend about $300,000 for new equipment and improvements during 1912.

W. G. Kleine, Cleveland, Ohio, purchased 120,000 acres ranch near San Angelo, Texas, for $300,000; will develop by irrigation and colonization.

Rocky Mount Machine Works, Rocky Mount, N. C., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to operate machinery plant.

Bladenboro Cotton Mills, Bladenboro, N. C., was incorporated with $300,000 capital stock to build plant.

Southern Pecan and Orchard Co., Monticello, Fla., is incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to develop land for pecan growing and orchards.

Barke Lumber Co., Morganton, N. C., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock to manufacture lumber.

Nicholson Coal Co., Middlesboro, Ky., increased capital stock from $60,000 to $120,000 and will improve coal mining equipment including installation of $15,000 washing plant.

Salvation Match Corporation, Roanoke, Va., was chartered with $50,000 capital stock by New York and New Jersey capitalists to manufacture matches.

Asheland Leather Co. Asheland, Ky., awarded contracts for construction of reinforced concrete and brick fireproof building costing $100,000, and will install electrically driven machinery for daily capacity of 400 sole leather hides.

Amherst Coal Co., Red Star, W. Va., was chartered with $50,000 capital stock to develop coal properties.

Turkey Foot Lumber Co., Huntington, W. Va., recently incorporated with $300,000 capital stock, intends to build double band saw mill with daily capacity of 100,000 feet of poplar and white oak.

Birmingham Metal Products Co., of Birmingham, Ala., was organized with $35,000 capital stock to manufacture corrugated metal culverts, tanks, etc.

Among important buildings for which contracts were awarded are the following:

$808,000 hospital at St. Louis; $275,000 hotel at Kingsville, Texas; $75,000 apartment house at Atlanta; $40,000 bank building at Danville, Va.; $30,000 store at Ashburn, Ga.; $38,000 university building at Fayetteville, Ark.; $20,000 hospital at Fort Worth, Texas.

Buildings for which contracts are to be awarded are:

$1,400,00 theatre at Dallas; three hotels at Birmingham to cost about $1,000,000 each; $8000,000 hospital at St. Louis; $600,000 hospital at Louisville; $250,000 store at San Antonio; $300,000 to $400,000 hotel at Shreveport; 10-story hotel at Jackson, Miss.; passenger station and railroad yard improvement at Cleburne to cost $350,000; $200,000 hotel at Brownsville, Texas; $50,000 hospital at Alexandria, Va.; $50,000 fair building at Newbern, N. C.; $75,000 church at Henderson, Ky.; $50,000 school at Dallas; $75,000 hotel at Kansas City; $30,000 residence at Roland, Md.; $30,000 railway station improvements at Baltimore; $75,000 railway station at El Paso, Texas; $40,000 church at Savannah; $125,000 apartment house at Waco.

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

President Taft spent yesterday in New York on his way to Ohio and made several speeches.

Governor Stubbs, after an interview with Roosevelt yesterday, declared Roosevelt would be nominated and elected President.

Champ Clark declared yesterday that he was a candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination and was "standing on his own feet."

Woodrow Wilson spent 18 hours in Boston yesterday and made several speeches but made no statement in regard to the Watterson-Tillman-Wilson controversy.

The Democrats adjourned the House shortly before Sunday after having almost completed the metal tariff bill. Republicans charged Underwood with "caucus domination," and "gag rule."

Governor Wilson's campaign manager issued a statement yesterday declaring that Col. Watterson suggested securing Ryan's financial aid and that he told Col. Watterson he didn't want the money.

The proposed investigation of the "money trust" is one of the next important issues before House Democrats, and there is a great divergence of opinion among party leaders as to its necessity.

House committee hearing the complaints of shoe manufacturers yesterday when counsel for the United Shoe Machinery Company insinuated that Louis D. Brandeis changed his views of trusts after leaving the directorate of that company.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet, 5 points higher. Flour firm. Wheat firm, No. 2 red 1.01 7-8, elevator export basis, and 1.04 3-8 f.o.b. Corn steady, export 72 1-2 f.o.b. afloat Rosin quiet. Turpentine firm.

TUESDAY.

Democrats in the House passed the metal tariff bill yesterday over strenuous objections from the Republican side.

The Duke of Fife, brother-in-law of King George V, of Great Britain, died yesterday afternoon at Assuan, Upper Egypt.

A bill prohibiting the admission into Russia of Jewish citizens of the United States was introduced in the Russian Duma yesterday.

The proposed Congressional inquiry into the alleged money trust has developed into a live issue and threatens to mar Democratic harmony.

President Taft has reached Ohio and spoke yesterday in Cleveland on peace and arbitration, and talked politics with leading Republicans.

The election of Robert F. Broussard as United States Senator was assured by the withdrawal from a second primary of Governor Sanders, of Louisiana.

In a statement issued last night, Col. Watterson declared either he or Wilson had lied and Wilson "dared not face the facts." Wilson had no comment to make on the statement.

The Democrats of the House, in caucus last night, decided to eliminate from the appropriation bill all appropriations for public buildings and battleships.

Two indictments containing counts of bribery and attempted corruption were returned yesterday by the grand jury against Clarence S. Darrow, former counsel for the McNamara brothers.

The strike situation in Lawrence, Mass., became more serious yesterday, one woman being killed and a policeman stabbed; Gov. Foss finding it necessary to send out 10 more companies of infantry to quell the rioting.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 1-8 to 2 1.4, ruling rate 2 1-8, closing bid 2, offered at 2 1-4. Cotton closed quiet. Flour firm. Wheat firm, No. 2 red 1.03 elevator, export basis, and 1.03 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Corn firm, export 73 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin and turpentine easy.

WEDNESDAY.

Immediate abdication of the Chinese throne has been decided upon.

On account of a serious strike Lisbon, Portugal, was placed under martial law yesterday.

Secretary Meyer, of the Navy, criticised the Democrats yesterday for eliminating the appropriations for two battleships.

Joseph J. Ettor, leader of the textile strike, was arrested shortly before last midnight charged with being an accessory to murder.

The Spray Woolen Mills and the Rhode Island Cotton Mills at Spray, N. C., were adjudged bankrupt yesterday and receivers appointed for them.

President Taft spoke in Columbus, Ohio, yesterday, but the greater part of the day was taken up talking politics with Republican leaders in the State.

The strike situation in Lawrence, Mass., was quieter yesterday, the military restoring order after one striker had been killed. No efforts towards settling the strike were made.

Superintendent R. L. Davis, of the Anti-Saloon League yesterday refused to appear in the Raleigh police court with the evidence collected Sunday of "blind tiger" liquor selling.

The correspondence between Governor Wilson and George Harvey, subsequent to the withdrawal of Wilson's name from the columns of Harper's Weekly, was made public yesterday.

Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, was subpoenaed yesterday to appear before the Federal grand jury to give evidence as to the disposition of the McNamara defense fund.

New York markets: Money on call steady 2 1-2 to 2 3.8 per cent. ruling rate and closing bid 2 1-8, offered at 2, 1-4. Cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat easy, No. 2 red 1.02 1-2 elevator export basis, and 1.05 1-4 f.o.b. afloat. Corn barely steady, 72 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin quiet. Turpentine dull.

THURSDAY.

The answers to the petition of the government to declare the United States Steel Corporation illegal will be filed today. They were made public yesterday and a general denial of the allegations was made.

Wm. J. Burns appeared before the Lorimer Investigating Committee yesterday and a mild sensation developed when Burns' greatness was called into question by McGowan, the alleged perjurer.

President Taft closed his speech-making trip at Akron, O., yesterday, attending a dinner tendered him by the Chamber of Commerce, where he spoke on the Tariff Board.

The Child Labor bill was passed by the Senate yesterday, after an amendment prohibiting the invasion of private homes was added.

Colonel Watterson, en route to Florida, reiterated his statement yesterday that Wilson "dare not face the facts."

Many of the strikers in Lawrence, Mass., returned to work yesterday, and the order allowing a parade of strikers was rescinded.

Henry S. Dewey, second cousin of Admiral Dewey, was yesterday sen' to teh Boston State hospital fo rthe insane.

Many protests against the steel tariff bill will be heard in the Senate.

Shippers want about thirty-five per cent. reduction in existing rates.

Seismic disturbances were felt in several sections of the country yesterday, the earthquake shocks being the strongest in parts of Alaska.

New York markets: Money on call, steady, at 2 to 2 1-4; ruling rate, 2 1-8; closing bid, 2; offered at 2 1-8. Cotton closed quiet, 5 points higher. Flour, unsettled. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2, red 1.02 1-2, elevator export basis and 1.04 1-4, f.o.b. afloat. Corn, easy; export, 72 1-2 fob afloat. Rosin, quiet Turpentine, easy.

FRIDAY

Edwin Hawley, one of the leading railroad magnates in this country, died at his home in New York yesterday.

Congressman Lawrence declared yesterday that appropriations were badly needed to complete present waterway projects.

Charles D. Hilles, the President's secretary, said yesterday that he was sure Mr. Taft would be nominated and re-elected President.

Fire last night destroyed the plant of the Arcadia Sugar Refining Co., at Halifax, N. S., entailing a loss of $1,.000,000.

The Mexican revolutionists issued a proclamation yesterday declaring the recent elections null and void and Americans are fleeing across the border.

Woodrow Wilson spent yesterday in Richmond, Va., where he addressed a number of students and the General Assembly. He made a slight reference to Col. Watterson.

The fact was brought out before the Inter-State Commerce Commission yesterday, investigating express rates, that the Adams Express Co., had received $67,000 in overcharges on one month's business.

Ortie McManigal, the confessed dynamiter, slipped away yesterday to Los Angeles, Cal., and Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, testified before the Federal grand jury.

A Burns operative testified yesterday before the Lorimer investigating committee that he had secured admissions of having committed perjury from McGowan, the Lorimer witness, by means of the dictograph.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 to 2 1-4 per cent., ruling rate 2 1-8, closing bid 2, offered at 2 1-8. Spot cotton closed quiet, 20 points higher. Flour steady. Wheat steady, No. 2 red 1.02 1-2 elevator, export basis, and 1.04 f.o.b. afloat. Corn firm, export 73 1-4 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin and turpentine steady.

SATURDAY.

Fourteen men were drowned yesterday afternoon when the British submarine A-3 collided with the gunboat Hazard.

Philip R. Yow, of Atlanta, shot and killed C. C. Cadle in a Knoxville, Tenn., hotel yesterday afternoon and then killed himself.

The Hamburg-American liner Allegheny was sunk yesterday after a collision with the British steamer Pomaron off Cape Henry. All the passengers were saved.

President Taft notified Governor Colquitt, of Texas, yesterday that precautions would be taken to protect Americans and their interests on the Mexican border.

Two men and two women were mysteriously murdered at Lawrence, Mass., yesterday. It is not thought that the murders are connected with the strike in any way.

President Taft sent two messages to Congress yesterday, one recommending an international high cost congress and the other concerning the public domain and government ownership in Alaska.

Geo. W. Perkins spoke before the Traffic Club in New York last night and submitted some advice to Congress, members of which, he claimed, were strangulating corporations rather than regulating them.

Former Governor Joseph W. Folk, of Missouri, opened his campaign for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency last night with a speech to the Joplin "Folk for President Club."

New York markets: Money on call steady 1 3-4 to 2, ruling rate, closing bid and offered at 2. Spot cotton closed steady, 10 points higher. Flour firm. Wheat strong, No. 2 red 1.04 elevator, export basis, and 1.05 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Corn firm, 73 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin and turpentine steady.

SUNDAY MORNING THOUGHTS

(By T. W. C.)

A conscience light gives rest at night.

* * *

A large-hearted person can forget a wrong.

* * *

It is your duty to yourself to make each day a success.

* * *

We are not likely to get anything higher in life than we seek for.

* * *

Some people object to the Bible because it does not flatter them

* * *

Any business that religion will hurt is a business that needs to be hurt.

* * *

The man who is willing to die for the truth is the best friend of mankind

* * *

Among the benefactors of mankind the peacemakers are worthy of high rank.

* * *

If you take all the vanity out of some lives there would be very little left.

* * *

The trouble with some is, that when you add them up, there is nothing to carry.

* * *

A man should so live that his death will mean a distinct loss to his community.

* * *

A great deal of energy that might be put to better use is spent in the service of sin.

* * *

Work and pray for things that will make you better and happiness will come of itself.

* * *

Don't think that the world has it in for you simply because you have eaten too much supper

* * *

Laughter is one of life's best tonics. Criminals rarely laugh. Give us the man who can laugh and cry. God deliver us from stoicism.

* * *

It never troubles the wolf how many the sheep may be—Virgil. Its the sheep, that have the trouble.

* * *

The man who covets earnestly the best gift is not the man who is seeking the way of ease and pleasure.

* * *

You want to help? Then help yourself first. To him that hath shall be given.

* * *

Work is often the best evidence of genius. The watchword of the world should be "work".

* * *

Absolute submission to one whose power and love we can absolutely trust is not servitude, but freedom of the highest kind—freedom from worry and care.

* * *

The final test of our colleges is, the men they make. We have a right to judge an institution by the samples they send out.

* * *

All the world works to feed the man who use his brain and thinks for the world.

* * *

The man who criticises everything is a fice; the man who finds nothing to criticise is a fool.

* * *

Our age places a premium on the man of one talent—provided of course, he uses it arightly.

* * *

Hypocrisy has probably done more than any other thing to retard the progress of Christianity.

* * *

If a fool could see his own folly as well as he sees that of other people, he would be a wise man.

* * *

To err is human; to forgive divine—Pope. According to this there is mighty little divinity about some people.

* * *

We measure success by accumulation. The measure is false. The true measure is appreciation. He who loves most has most.—Henry van Dyke.

* * *

You may not be a genius, but you will be a delight and a joy to all who come in contact with you if you are dependable.

* * *

It is mighty hard for those who are themselves wrong to forgive others The man who cannot forgive has never been forgiven.

* * *

The man who "never forgets a friend or forgives an enemy" will likely go where neither friends nor enemies can change his condition.

* * *

There are few folks, who like Vesuvius, always keep you in fear of an eruption. Even when on their good behavior,you never know how long it will last.

* * *

The difference between a Christian and a heathen is, one fashions himself after his God while the other fashions his God after himself.—Selected.

* * *

"A man finds himself seven years older the day after his marriage."—Bacon. We have never known it to work this way, on widowers of our acquaintance.

* * *

Poverty is a severe test of friendship and many friendships go down before it. Friendship is more than a name, though it often seems only nominal.

* * *

The man who says he is sinless, assumes that lying is not sinful. We have never seen a man who professed sinlessness to whom we would be willing to lend five dollars.

* * *

I remember no one sin that my conscience doth so much accuse and judge me for, as for doing so little for the saving of men's souls, and dealing no more fervently and earnestly with them for their conversion.—Baxter.

* * *

"Take your needle my child, and work at your pattern; it will come out a rose by and by." Life is like that—one stitch at a time taken patiently, and the pattern will come out all right.

* * *

"Kissing on the lips dies hard; but at least little babes should be protected from it."—Exchange. Evidently the author is not a father, and probably never a lover. The old-fashioned way of kissing will likely live long after the lips of this iconoclast have crumbled to dust.

* * *

Some years ago a famous subject for college orations was, "Every man the architect of his own fortune." The orations generally were very good. They urged energy and self-reliance in the affairs of life, and pointed to many eminent men who by hard labor and heroic conflict had reached conspicuous positions. But the sentiment of the subject is entirely false.

* * *

The really great and noble men of history have not been the architects of their own fortunes. Under the direction of a wise master they have done work in building the edifice, but the architectual plan has been designed by a greater mind than theirs. A half drunken congressman staggered up to Horrace Greeley and exclaimed: "I am a self-made man." Horace replied that he was glad to hear it, "For," said he, "that relieves God of a great responsibility."

* * *

"When the hour comes for us to close the last chapter of our life; the winding up of all things, the rush of unknown darkness on our spirits, the awful wrench from all we have loved on earth—O, my brethren, I ask you and I ask myself, fearfully and humbly, what will then be finished? A life of self-gratification and sin? An unfinished, incomplete life? Or will it be—'Father I have finished the work which Thou gavest me to do.'"

* * *

Society is overrun and cursed by self-made men. Every libertine and debauchee on our streets is a self-made man. Every rich man who is not rich toward God is a self-made man. Such a man once assumed to be the architect of his own fortune. His riches increased and he set his heart upon them. He pulled down his barns and built greater and laid up goods for many years. Foolish mothers pointed him out to their little boys, and tell them that perhaps they would some day be as rich as he. But God called him a fool, and that very night a soul was lost. Such men are often allowed to live for many years. They enter into greedy corporations and oppress society by their exactions.

* * *

Whether the road be steep, or whether the sky be gray,
You can sing and smile, o'er each lagging mile,
If only you know, that after awhile
There's a tyrst to keep, and a tear to stay
And a hand to greet you though long the way.

Whether the task be hard, or whether the hand be weak,
You can laugh and jest, if the hours for rest
Bring peace and calm to your troubled breast,
The flush of joy on a dear one's cheek
And home the haven you seek.

Whether the night be dark, or whether the toil be vain,
You can lift your voice and at heart rejoice,
Though lost the effort and ill the choice,
If courage lost you can find again,
In a light Love sets in the window pane.

Reduction in appropriations was promised by the Democrats. They are carrying out their pledge. There are plenty of hungry members who demand public buildings, river and harbor improvements and appropriations for their own districts. But the leaders have put on the curb. There will be no rush for the pie counter, because there will be no pie. No division of "pork" will occur, because the "pork barrel" has been demolished. The Democratic caucus firmly declined to pass anw omnibus public buildings bill, though the committee had made up a measure carrying millions. No battleships are to be provided for at this session, thereby cutting $24,000,000 from naval appropriations. Mr. Hobson vigorously protested against the suspension of the naval building programme, which calls for two monster battleships a year. But a majority of the caucus concluded that there is no war cloud in the sky, no danger of attack from any nation and no immediate reason why we should compete in the European race of dreadnaught building. The one mistake the Democrats in the House have made is the passage of the Sherwood bill for an increase of some $50,000,000 in pensions. That one measure will wipe out all the saving made in cutting off appropriations for battleships and public buildings. It may be too late for the House to rectify its own mistake, but it is not too late for the Democratic senators to defeat the Sherwood bill and make effective an economy programme that, in other particulars, carries out the Democratic pledge to the letter.—Baltimore Sun.

Georgetown, Colo., Feb. 2—Leo Gow, a Chinaman, yesterday announced his candidacy for councilman here, filed the proper papers to secure a place on the ballot and started his campaign with an American as campaign manager. The first step of Gow and his manager was to purchase silk hats to complete their otherwise sylish attire, after which they started a house to house campaign for votes. Gow is said to be the first foreign-born Chinaman to run for office in America. He came to this country when he was four years old.

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 2.—The State Senate tonight passed and ordered sent to the House the bill providing for a State warehouse system for storing cotton. The bill calls for a bond issue of $250,000 to pay for the establishment of the system and provides for a State warehouse commission to take charge of it. The bill is modeled generally on the Louisiana plan.

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Oliver Plows

We are unloading today, January 20th, the Second Car Load of GENUINE OLIVER TURNING PLOWS. Also their Sulky Plows. Have the Third Car Now on the Way. Now, we think this is some Plow business. We also unloaded a Car of Boy Dixie Plows and Castings yesterday (Friday). We now have One Car each Wire Fencing and Wire Nails on the Way, to Arrive Within the Next Ten Days.

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Trial Package by mail 10 cents.

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HOME HEALTH CLUB

By Dr. David H. Reeder, La Porte, Indiana.

Everyday Dangers—

The Home Health Club is the enemy o ffear; it constantly advises all who may possibly be brought under its influence, in the slightest degree, to be brave. But there is a difference between bravery and carlessness, and there is one kind of fear that is much to be commended. Always fear to do wrong. Never fear to do right. Carelessness is wrong, whether it be carelessness of yourself or others. You would consider it criminal in one who had a contagious and dangerous disease, to go into a public place and thereby spread the contagion. When, by carelessness, you contract a disease, you not only endanger yourself, but your friends when you are brought in personal contact. At any rate you place yourself in a condition to become a trial and a burden to them in taking care of you during your illness. Ordinarily this care is a labor of love, when it must be given, but it is highly reprehensible and useless to cause your friends such work, anxiety, and sometimes expense, when it can be avoided.

It is not with any disposition to become alarmists that we speak of "everyday dangers," but to call attention to the heedless—even foolish—incurrence of danger to your own health and that of others.

Just think a minute. See that dirty chap over there with a sore mouth, uncombed hair and a general appearance of filthiness? He is evidently the victim of his own indolence or general "onariness." How would you like to take a cup of water from his hand? Worse; how would you like to take a drink from a cup or glass that you knew he had been drinking from? The very thought is sickening, isn't it? It is almost sickening to ask the question. But those who look after the health of others have to do and say a great many unpleasant things.

Well, just remember that every time you take a drink from a public drinking cup or other vessel of the kind, that some such person may have drank from it, the minute before you did, and left upon its edge where you may get them, the microbes of some awful disease. But, you say, that kind of persons are not to be seen on sleeping and drawing room cars, or even respectable day cars, about decent hotels and the like. Just remember that scrofulous and syphilitic diseases, the most contagious, insidious and dangerous, are easily conveyed by the bacilli of the disense—germs so infinitesimally small that the particles of the air that you breathe are sometimes larger; and not only the wealthy and hig everywhere, but even royalty may be hereditary or acute sufferers from such diseases.

At Hot Springs, Arkansas, the most famous of all places for the cure by the waters, of syphilitic and mercurial diseases, the first-class hotels do not make even a pretense of furnishing bath-towels to their guests, but for fear of promoting contagion, require every guest to supply his own bath towels. The managers of those hotels, doubtless under the instruction of resident physicians, do not risk as safe, such articles, even though thoroughly laundered. But little less dangerous are the public towels anywhere. Have your own drinking cup with you wherever you go, as scrupulously as you would have your own tooth brush, and carry your own toilet articles when you start on even the briefest trip, where it is possible that such articles may be needed, for even a moment.

These admonitions and everything akin to them should be taught by parents, in the schools, and all the time The approach of disease is invisible and insidious, and for this reason it is less guarded against, in the simplest matters. If a malady like consumption or pneumonia, which two were lately shown by a capable and distinguished specialist in vital statistics, in Chicago, carried away nearly fifty per cent of those who died in that city last year, should come with the roar of a lion or the noise of a great gun, the utmost means of defense or escape would instantly be organized. And yet, neither a herd of roaring lions or a battery of great guns is so dangerous as these diseases, and many others that are entirely preventable by carefulness in all the ways so frequently set forth in these dectures from the Home Health Club.

In the advice of Moses, commanded by the Most High, to be given to the Children of Israel in the passage of the Wilderness, on hygiene and sanitation, these everyday dangers were shown and directed to be guarded against "thus to put away evil out of Israel."

This subject may seem distasteful and almost uncanny, but it is one of utmost importance, and should be regarded from that standpoint.

To be brave is one thing, to be careful is another, and there is no reason why they should in the least, militate against each other, and this is what is meant by the admonitions to guard against "Everyday Dangers."

* * *

Dear Doctor:

Noting in my favorite paper that you will answer questions on all subjects of health, I write for your advice in my boy's case. He cut his knee when he was 10 years old; is now 14. In a year he was, apparently all right but now at times the knee is weak and painful and the muscles seem to be too short. Joint is smaller than the other but is not stiff. It will hurt for a week or more, then it may be well again for a month. L. A.

(Answer) Foment the knee about twice a week, seeking to keep the fomentation hot for a considerable length of time, rather than to make it extremely hot for a short period. Then bathe freely with olive oil rubbing it in thoroughly both above and below the knee as well as around it. The rubbing in itself would prove very beneficial.

* * *

All readers of this publication are at liberty to write for information pertaining to the subject of health at any time. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, or Dr. David H. Reeder, La Porte, Indiana, with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

Dates stuffed with peanut butter and then rolled in sugar are a pleasing change from dates stuffed with nuts.

GREAT REUNION OF VETERANS

Macon Making Elaborate Preparations for Gathering In May—How Old Soldiers Are to Be Entertained in Georgia

(By Brown McMillin.)

Macon, Ga., Feb. 3.—In all probability no city in the South in the history of former Confederate Re-unions has made greater strides so early in preparation for such an enormous undertaking than Macon, and at the present time arrangements are well under way auguring that the Re-union to be held in Macon May 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th, will be the most elaborate as well as the most completely arranged in the history of the South.

Already departmental committees are at work in a systematic manner in an effort to have the city in perfect condition for entertaining the 15,000 visitors who will have to be housed and fed. The general committee with Col. W. A. Harris at the head, is supervising the work of the departmental committees. And last but not least, the committees from the various ladies' organizations are doing everything in their power to see that their important part in the work of preparation is as complete in detail as any other element of this gigantic undertaking.

Macon is prepared to raise $100,000 if necessary for the entertainment of the heroes and the families of heroes who will flock to the city in May, and from the scope of the work already accomplished it seems no stone will be left unturned to make this Re-union the most successful in history. Detail has been the motto of each committee and it is the main object of these bodies to have a system of entertainment at work in May in which there will not be a flaw nor defect.

To one visiting the Re-union, Central City Park will revive the spirit of war times, for spread out in the May sunlight will be acres of white tents housing comfortably the men who wore the grey. And the comfortable entertainment of these veterans will be a matter of the greatest care at the hands of the committees which will make it an especial point that they shall not suffer the slightest discomfort. Special care will also be paid to the matter of sanitation and the entire camp will be under military control. Major J. A. Thomas will be in charge of the encampment.

As to the commissary department and its importance at the Re-union, it suffices to state that there will be about 15,000 mouths to be fed three times daily. And along this line it will come as pleasant news that already Macon business men and the committees are mapping out plans to meet this contingency; these preparations promising to eclipse in perfection those of any previous Re-union The best food will be bought, none but experienced chefs will be employed, cleanliness will be the salient motive of the commissary department and the "fat of the land" will be served as none too good for the men who fought for home and principle.

At the same time at which the battle of preparation and the skirmishes before the big event swing on, under the leadership of the general and departmental committees, the Ladies' Auxiliary of which Mrs. W. D. Lamar is in charge, is silent but skillfully working for two ends, these being that visitors to the Re-union shall not suffer for lack of accommodations, and that Macon, the City Beautiful of Georgia, shall blossom forth in her greatest beauty and in her richest habiliments during the time the visitors are within her portals.

These ladies have arranged with Congressman Bartlett, at Washington, that free flower seed be distributed in Macon, and they will urge the property owners to beautify their yards in the Spring with these. Another request which is being made, is that all of the fences of the city be whitewashed or painted for the gala occasion.

In the matter of accommodations, a canvass of the whole city is now being made in an effort to secure quarters for the visitors in private residences who are unable to obtain places at the hotels. It is an assured fact that Macon will have quarters for all who wish to attend. Plans for decoration are also being discussed by the ladies.

A full-fledged publicity department is in operation at the Chamber of Commerce building and this organization is laboring night and day to turn the eyes of the South to Macon.

The beautiful Spring climate of this historic center, the warm hospitality of its people for which it is noted, and its accessability all give assurances that this Re-union will be the greatest from the standpoint of attendance ever held.

Florida's new amusement place Phoenix park, just finished at a cost of $200,000, has the advantage of Coney Island in one respect. It will have an exhibit of 1,500 alligators, besides a race course for ostriches. The park is situated in one of the most picturesque parts of Florida, and not even the giant coaster and the device called the "social whirl" can spoil it.

SICKLY CHILDREN

Made Strong and Rosy by Vinol—It Makes Them Eat

Pale, sickly children usually have poor appetites. But you can get them to eating heartily in a few days by giving them Vinol, our delicious tonic, in teaspoonful doses. There is a book in every package that tells exactly what to do for such children.

"Seven years ago when my little girl was two years old," says Mrs. Carl Wittenberg, of Brooklyn, "she was quite delicate and we gave her Vinol. It helped her so much that this Spring when the doctor said she had weak lungs and needed blood, I knew Vinol would do her good again. I started her on it right away and it does her far more good than all the doctor's medicines. I feel like we are putting new life into our little girl when we give her Vinol."

Children like to take Vinol for the taste is pleasant, and we guarantee that Vinol will build them up and make them strong—if it does not, we give back your money. Robt. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

Sale of Lands

FOR TAXES UNPAID FOR 1911.

I have levied upon and will sell at public auction at the Court House door of New Hanover county on Monday, the 4th day of March, 1912, at 12 o'clock M., the following described real estate, to satisfy the unpaid taxes due the State of North Carolina and County of New Hanover for the year 1911, together with the cost and expense due thereon, unless the amounts so due and unpaid are settled before sale.

W. F. COWAN,
Sheriff New Hanover County.

WILMINGTON TOWNSHIP. WHITE.

Names.	Description.	Blk	Tax and Costs
Applewhite, R. C.	pt w 4 5	283	7 41
Bell, Maggie E.	e m 6	90	10 00
Benson, Isabella	s e pt 4	554	3 41
Biddle, hrs. Julia	w 1 2 3	78	9 05
Best, Robert W.	pt e 4	207	9 70
Borneman, Mrs. Berthah	e ½ 1	66	13 14
Bowden, hrs. Mrs. Sarah C.	w 5	181	25 28
Boylan, J. E.	w m 1 2	183	14 57
Brinkley, J. B., Jr.	n e ¼ 4 pt 3	300	4 22
Brown, Alberta R.	w 1	18	3 18
Brunswick Wood & Coal Co.	e m 5 6	20	
	all 4	125	115 01
Bryan, C. G.	s w 2	574	2 71
Cameron, G. W.	pt m 5 6	534	6 10
Cannon, J. W.	pt w end 1	38	3 91
Carney, J. G.	e end 1	89	10 23
Clark, hrs. J. E.	pt 1 2	219	22 45
Clowe, Mrs. Lillie	w m 1 2	109	
	s w 4 s e pt 5	17	32 52
Corbett, Maud H.	e end 6	71	9 86
Core, W. N.	pt e end 5 6	503	5 63
Carney, W. M.	e m 6	211	8 35
Davis, Edna L.	s w 1	104	13 06
Davis, E. H.	e 5	76	13 38
Decover, Mrs. H. A.	n e ½ 5	115	21 61
DeVane, hrs. Wm.	m 4 5	64	5 29
DeVaney, Mrs. H. L.	w m 1	103	14 94
Emmett, Heirs W. J.	s w ¼ 2	118	31 64
Forrest, Mrs. W. A.	e 5	200	32 32
Furpless, W. F.	w 4 5 6	318	6 00
Gaskill, J. W.	n w ¼ 3	32	5 06
George, Mrs. E. W.	administrator n w 3	293	8 11
Goldstein, J.	pt s w ¼ 4	153	70 63
Greer, Gussey	n w 2	198	19 64
Griffith, F. M. & Mrs. M. A.	e 6	71	10 10
Gwaltney, Mrs. O. B.	½ int. w end 1 A.	129	23 40
Haar, George	s e 5	197	20 10
Haar, G. Henry	e ¼ 3	103	35 97
Hall, J. E.	w 4 5	325	6 37
Hall, R. H.	e ½ 5 6	70	10 70
Hill, Virginia C.	s w m 1	171	14 46
Hinnant, Mary G.	pt e m 5	199	3 41
Holland, J. M.	e 1	321	708
Harriss, W. M.	w ¼ 6	66	
	e m 1 2 3	52	12 40
Haskett, J. H.	n e ½ 3	291	15 36
Hayden, Mrs. M. A.	e ½ 2	108	41 96
Henderson, I. B.	n e ¼ 4	76	8 45
Herring, J.	w end 6	34	5 06
Hines, J. A.	e m 6	50	4 35
Hanby, hrs. John H.	w ½ 2	184	
	e m 4 5 6	194	
	e 3 4	145	
	e 3 4 5	489	
	w 4 5 6 6½	145	
	n w ¼ 1	147	
	w 6	77	
	w 4 5 6	144	
	e m 5 6 w 1 2 3	132	
	e 1	208	
	w 1 2	487	
	pt Peter	588	
	w 2 3 4 5	233	
	s e 2	105	
	e 2	168	273 88
Jackson, M. J.	s e ¼ 1	549	2 47
Jarman, R. H.	w end 1	173	9 37
Johnson, J. G.	pt 1 2 3	487	18 51
Johnson, Thos. L.	w m 1	294	2 71
Jones, Mrs. C. H.	pt m 1	205	
	m 1	198	
	e m 4 5	282	16 28
Keathley, Mark E.	e m 1 2 3	202	8 92
Kennedy, R. H.	w 2 3	93	17 39
King, E. A.	pt w m 6 6½	146	14 32
King, Josephine	e 1	64	8 11
King, Rev. J. F.	n w 4 5	32	10 70
Lander, Frank	m 1	18	6 16
Lawton, Miss F. V.	s m 1 2	114	22 92
LeGwin, J. H.	w m 3	321	8 92
Lewis, E. F.	s w ½ 2	292	6 47
Lewis, W. R.	w 5	34	6 47
Long, L. F.	e ½ 2	31	3 51
Long, S. G.	w pt 2 3	490	
	n e ¼ 5	552	8 88
Mintz, S. H.	w ½ 5	65	9 76
Moore, R. E.	e 1 2	20	
	s e ¼ 2	20	7 41
Morton, Chas.	s e ¼ 2	62	5 78
Murchison, Mrs. K. M.	m 4 5 6	191	48 30
Meares, Iredell	m 2	34	27 11
McElary, Violet	e 3 4 5	200	24 80
McKoy, Mrs. Bertha B.	s w 1	550	
	w 1	553	6 94
Nelms, Mrs. Kate D.	m 1	292	8 35
Northam, Jas. A.	pt e 4 5	144	8 82
Padrick, E. J.	s e 5 6	51	11 04
Pate, A. W., D. N. Chadwick, Jr., and W. M. Crimy	pt 3 4 5 6	522	
	pt 5 6	523	
	all 1 ¾ 2 ¾ 3 pt 5 6	527	
	all	529	7 54
Pittman, R. L.	w end 4	49	7 98
Pickard, W. W. & Wife	e m 1 2	132	12 58
Penny, Mrs. E. N.	w m 2	307	6 47
Reaves, Mrs. M. E.	s e ½ 2	87	16 81
Reaves, W. J.	e ½ 4 n e ¼ 3 w ¼ 2	87	
		88	44 27
Register, Edmund	w 6 s ½ 2	372	8 08
Register, W. H.	s e ¼ 2	117	13 52
Lanahan & Graffiln, J. O. Reilly, Agent	pt 1	337	
	e 2 3 w 4	338	
	w 1 2	339	
	w 1 2 3	340	
	e 1 2 3 pt 4	348	
	w 1 m 4 m 4 5	349	
	pt 1 2 w 3 4	350	
	w 1 2 3	352	
	s e 5	358	
	pt 2 3 all 4 5	362	
	3-5 block	403	
	all	407	
	all	408	
	1-6 of block	409	
	pt 1 2 3 4 5	405	
	e ½ 1 2 3 4 5	416	
	all 1 ½ 3 pt 4 5	417	
	all 1 2 3 4 pt 5	418	
	n e cor block	426	62 71
Reville, Emma E.	s e ¼ 3 s e ¼ 4	572	4 59
Reville, Fannie J.	pt 5 6	554	
	e m pt 1 2	554	
	w pt 3 pt 4	3	14 86
Rooks, R. H.	e 5 6	84	1 78
Russ, J. D.	w m 1 2	4	7 65
Sanders, S. W.	m 5, e ½ 4	68	
	e ½ 3	219	
	e 4	292	
	e 5	160	180 33
Schad, Joe	e 1 2 3 4 5	483	
	m 4 5, pt 3	483	40 94
Sellers, S. E.	m ½ 3	323	12 68
Shepard, Jos. C.	w ½ 5	114	
	e end 6, pt 5	67	40 14
Sherman, Ellis	e 5	318	10 56
Sherman, H.	pt 1	59	10 80
Singletary, G. C.	w 6 1	10	2 47
Slocombe, A. H.	all	16	22 45
Sneeden, Mrs. E. A.	n w ¼ 4	146	0 53
Stefano, J. D.	w m 5 6	92	12 21
Surles, Mrs. E. R.	pt 3	348	14 93
Standard Turpentine Co.	s e 4 pt 3 4, all 5 6	29	30 288 67
Van Amringe, C. S.	w end 1	1	
	e 1	103	18 42
Ward, R. L. or A. L.	pt e m 5 6	74	7 27
Warren, E. D.	e end 1	104	20 91
Watters, J. J.	n w ¼ 4	592	4 36
Westbrook & Wright	pt	495	
	pt	505	
	all	500	
	all	509	
	all	550	
Z. W. Whitehead	m 1 2 3 4	127	
	w ½ 3, w m 4	127	
	m 3	164	216 41
Williamson, Heirs Mary C.	e m 1	190	
	m 1 2 3 4 5	189	36 04
Willson, Mary M.	e 3 4, w m 3 4 5	174	37 02
Willson, W. A., Jr., Trustee	pt w 6	70	2 95
Worth, W. E.	pt 1 2 3	138	66 16
Zellers, F. F.	pt m e 6	91	9 16

DELINQUENT.

Bryan, S. J.	s e 6	51	4 36
Borneman, D. M.	pt e end 6	96	2 71
Blake, H. C.	n w ½ 1 2	53	2 48
Bordeaux, Henry	s w ¼ 4	572	3 65
Cooper, Thos. E.	e ½ 3	11	1 54
Foster, D. R.	pt w end 5	49	
	m 5	300	10 47
	& C. C. Loughlin	w 1 2	354	3 18
Greer, Augusta	w end 1	189	3 65
Gilligan, Annie	e 4	210	5 73
Gafford, John W., or Maria Sylvia	e end 1	295	7 88
Hansley, E.	n w ¼ 4	574	2 24
James, Sarah C.	w pt 3	502	1 77
Lee, Mrs. J. C.	w m 1	20	6 00
Mallard & Craig	e end 1, pt 2	61	9 76
Millinor, H. M.	pt 2 3	31	1 54

WILMINGTON TOWNSHIP. COLORED.

Names.	Description.	Blk	Tax and Costs
Austin, Julia	n e ¼ 3	255	3 18
Ballard, Gabe	n w ¼ 4	331	4 46
Boone, Thos.	n 6	98	
	w ½ 6	583	4 55
Boykin, George	w m 5	349	4 12
Brown, A. L.	w	205	5 66
Brown, Francis	s w ¼ 4	537	1 54
Brown, Joe	w 5 6	30	2 24
Bryant, Hannah	pt w 3	186	3 89
Bryant, Wm. M.	pt e 5 6	105	
	pt e ½ 3	41	14 56
Bumpass, Sam'l	n e pt 6	55	1 78
Burke, Jas H.	s w ¼ m pt 2	250	6 23
Batson, W. S.	lot 3	3	3 99
Butler, Heirs Thos.	lot 16	5	1 54
Carr, Wm.	e 5 pt 4	102	7 27
Clemmons, J. J., Jr.	w m 1	118	12 81
Coel, J. R. & Eliza		269	7 04
Collins, Sarah A.	w m 1	240	
	w m 5	239	13 72
Cowan, Hattie	w m 4 5	4	5 06
Cowan, Harman	e ½ 2	67	4 59
Cutter, Heirs Jas. K.	all 6	518	
	e 1 2	119	10 48
Carroll, Rev. R. A. H.	lot 10	327	1 54
Coston, Robert	lot 12	3	3 99
Davis, Heirs Dan	e end 6	59	6 23
Davis, Ellen	s w ¼ 4	541	1 54
Davis, Heirs Elsie	s w ¼ 4	83	2 47
Davis, Jno.	w pt 6	40	
	n e ¼ 3	50	6 48
Davis, Maria A.	w end 6	94	
	e end 6	104	17 95
Davis, Nancy	s w 2	482	5 53
Dunham, Timon	w end 5	251	2 24
Dixon, Chas and wife	w 5 6	97	4 12
Dixon, Sophie	m 4	68	3 28
Dodd, W. F.	w end 3	242	9 86
Dry, Wm.	n e ¼ 3	545	4 23
Edwards, Thomas	e m 1 pt 2	295	
	w 5	351	
	n e 4	283	16 60
Evans, Alfred & wife	n w ¼ 3	40	3 18
Evans, Moses	e 1 2	160	6 56
Evans, W. P.	s w ¼ 4	196	6 94
Everitt, Josephine	pt e m 1 2	209	1 78
Faircloth, Mary	w ½ 5	331	2 71
Faircloth, Wm.	s w ¼ 4	541	3 32
Falson, Wm.	pt w m 6	68	4 12
Farrior, Bryant	pt m 6	494	5 40
Fennell, Squire	m pt 1 2	213	8 45
Fillyaw, Jos.	e 6	148	3 65
Galley, Heirs Jas.	e ½ 3	254	6 23
Gause, Edward	e m 2 3	149	4 12
Gay, Amanda	s e ¼ 4	55	2 01
Graham, Louis A.	m pt 1	254	
	n e pt 4	338	5 73
Green, Andrew	e 5 6	84	7 04
Green, Heirs J. W.	w 4	103	9 76
Green, Navy	n w ¼ 4	493	5 86
Hall, Albert	w m 1	280	8 45
Hall, Jno. H.	e 1	252	9 86
Hall, Heirs Jos. D.	w m 5	241	4 59
Hall, Heirs Thos. S.	s e pt 2	53	1 78
Hall, W. T.	s e ¼ 5	106	3 89
Hamilton, Joshua	e 5	198	8 35
Hankins, Heirs Thos.	s w ¼ 4 m 1	255	
	w 6	269	64 62
Harrell, Jas. & wife	e m pt 1	302	5 63
Hayes, Cornelius	pt w 5	308	4 82
Henderson, W. H.	s e 2	214	3 18
Haynes, Wm.	lot 8	3	3 99
Hines, Jno.	lot 7	2	3 90
Hill, Chas. H.	w pt 2	186	6 57
Hill, Frank	e end 6	4	2 47
Hill, Louis T.	n e ¼ 3	226	7 08
Hill, Heirs Louis		23	3 18
Hill, Mary M.	e m 4	336	
	w m 5	309	7 85
Hooper, Heirs Jno.	e ½ 3 n e 2	23	6 00
Hooper, Johnson	w m ¼ 4	118	7 17
Hough, Isabella	w end 5	241	6 47
Howard, And'w	n w ¼ 4 s w ¼ 3	19	2 47
Howard, Benj.	w	3	
	s ¼ 4, w ½ 4, e ½ 5	365	4 23
Howard, Franklin	e 3 4	161	4 59
Howard, Heirs Henry	e 4 5	161	4 12
Howard, Heirs Jno. H.	n e pt 4	34	4 12
Howe, A. V.	w 5 6	67	5 06
Howe, Mary E.	m w ½ 2	211	1 78
Isler, Sampson	pt w end 1 2	324	7 88
Jackson, Mary & Nellie Foreman	e 2 3	186	11 64
Jackson, Heirs Rebecca	n w ¼ 3	23	3 65
Jackson, W. H.	m 1	33	2 93
Jennings, Laura	s w ¼ 2	137	4 35
Johnson, James H.	s e ¼ 3 pt e 6 (33x85)	239	40 10 99
Johnson, Rosa A.	pt m 6	40	2 11
Jones, Heirs Ben.	s w ¼ 1	135	3 65
Jones, Ed.	s e pt 2, m 1	283	8 45
Jones, Elijah	m 3 4	161	4 59
Jones, Mary	n e ½ 2	225	7 17
Jones, Nixon	w m 4	228	2 95
Lane, Adelaide	e 3 4 5	229	3 04
Lane, Jno. R.	e m 1	20	8 45
Lane, Robert H.	n w ¼ 2	238	12 21
Lawrence, Rev. P. W.	s e ¼ 5	518	1 54
Le Boo, Eliza	w m 6	105	6 33
Lee, Anna	w 6 m 1	540	2 24
Lee, Jno. W.	e m 1	240	4 69
Lee, Wm.	w ½ 1	531	5 40
Lewis, Martha	½ int. e m 1	280	3 63
Loftin, Major	s e 6	82	9 38
Loftin, Thomas	n e ¼ 3	36	3 76
Love, Heirs Alex	n e ¼ 4	239	6 23
Lord, Eliza	w end 1	336	3 41
Love, Susan A.	w m 3 4	327	3 41
Mack, Jno. H.	w end 6	96	9 39
Martin, Jas. E.	n e pt 5	268	6 57
Mask & Taylor	w 3 56	490	
	e 2 3 45	474	
	e 1	474	
	w 1 2 3 4 5	475	
	e 1 2 3 4 5	478	
	all 2 w ½ 3	479	
	w 5 6	471	17 07
Mask, Heirs T. R.	e m 1	89	
	m 5	224	
	e 1	210	
	e end 6, pt 5	105	
	n w ¼ 6	119	
	e 1 2	184	
	s e ¼ 3	223	
	all 3, pt 4	238	115 50
Mayo, Lassie	e 5 6	42	2 24
Meares, Millie	s w m ¼ 4	238	3 65
Merrick, Heirs Fred	w ½ 4	45	1 54
Merrick, Thos.	s e pt 6	148	4 92
Metropolitan Trust Co.	e1	252	25 85
Milton, Noble & Frances	s e 4	267	
	all 4	258	¼ 8 79
Mitchell, J. W.	e 1	80	7 41
Moore, Livinia	s e ¼ 4	3	2 71
Moore, Mamie	pt w m 1	256	3 65
Moore, Wm. H.	n e pt 2	235	6 57
Morgan, Heirs Abner	e 4 5	187	6 06
Mosely, Heirs July	w 1 2	229	3 18
Murphy, Cordelia & Molly G.	w pt 2	345	1 78
Murray, Julius A.	e m 6	101	10 94
McFarlane, Minnie	n e ¼ 4	55	4 35
McIntire, Nancy	w 1	255	1 78
McKoy, Dan'l	e m 1 2	41	10 33
McNeil, Eddie	s e pt 3, n e pt 4	24	6 34
McNeil, Enoch	e m 1 2	70	2 24
Neal, Caroline	n w pt 3	537	2 24
Nixon, Roseanna	pt e 1	498	3 41
Norman, Rebecca McKoy	s e ¼ 3	36	8 35
Noyes, Heirs Henry	w end 4, pt 5	326	5 06
Noyes, Heirs Rob't	s w ¼ 2	300	4 12
Quick, E. D.	s e 3	211	10 83
Reaves, Moses	s e end 6	538	3 65
Reaves, Heirs Nathan	pt w end 3 4	296	4 59
Reddy, Harry	e m 5 6	59	4 59
Reed, Heirs Julia	e 4	94	8 59
Roberts, Heirs Gilbert	w 6	118	5 06
Robinson, Heirs Agnes J.	n e 1 2	81	5 77
Robinson, J. J.	s w ¼ 3	40	6 10
Rountree, Peter	e m 1	336	6 80
Russell, Sarah Ann	m 6	36	2 01
Ryles, Chloe	s e ¼ 4	119	3 41
Sessions, Henderson	n w ¼ 2	31	6 10
Sheridan, Fannie	w m 6	149	4 12
Shober, Mary & Lillie	e m 3 4 5	184	
	s w 2 3	185	
	e 4 5	238	
	e pt 1	297	47 02
Smith, Jack	w m 2	337	2 47
Smith, Jno. Clayton	n w ¼ 4	271	3 65
Stanford, Jno. T.	w m 5	228	6 80
Stanford, Geo.	s w ¼ 2	541	2 47
Sterling, Atlantia	w m 5	105	3 41
Stroud, Anderson	e m 2, n e ½ 2	541	
	n e ¼ 1	540	
	all 3	68	24 22
Suggs, Richard	e m ¼ 4	119	2 71
Swenson, Walter H.	n e ¼ 4	41	5 63
Simon, Chas.	lot 8	2	6 19
Shipman, Edward	lot 3	2	3 99
Taylor, Jno. E.	s w pt 4	106	
	e m and end 1	42	
	w pt 4	209	
	all 1	518	
	s e 2	224	
	w m 2 s e 4, e m 4 5 pt 3	238	
	s w 4	206	
	n w pt 2	470	
	m w ¼ 2, pt m 1	226	
	w 2 3	365	96 40
Taylor, Paul L.	s w ¼ 4	321	2 01
Taylor, R. R.	s e ¼ 4, s w 5	208	
	106 n w ¼ 3	106	20 70
	Sam'l & Joanna	pt 1 2	213	8 45
Thurber, Heirs W. H.	e ½ 5	51	9 06
Turner, Jno. H.	e 5 6	134	5 76
Waddell, Sophia	pt w m 1	256	3 18
Wade, Heirs Maggie	e m 1 2	60	
	e m 4 5	58	8 79
Walker, Heirs Ellen	e end & pt w m 1	105	10 23
Walker, Margaret Ann	s w pt 4 5	337	2 47
Wall, Maggie	s w 3	294	6 00
Watson, Abram	n w end 1, pt 2	499	5 16
Webster, Dan'l	w m 1 2	224	6 47
Wecks, James	pt e 4 5	350	2 47
Wheelden, Heirs Wm.	e end 6	135	4 12
Whiteman, Heirs Sarah L.	w pt 2	183	13 03
Williams, Ben	w m 1 2	55	5 40
Williams, Oscar	n e 5	90	7 51
Williams, R. McN.	w 5	254	9 77
Williams, W. B.	e 1 2 s e 3	54	7 33
Williams, W. H.	w 5 6	59	5 53
Willis, Lewis	w 6	60	3 41
Williston, Heirs Henrietta	s w ¼ 4	23	
	w ½ 3	50	4 32
Wilson, Marsden	n e pt 4 5	360	4 23
Wright, J. G. & Sons, agt for Franklin, B. T.	w m 5	252	10 70
Yarborough, Annie	m 1	88	9 29

DELINQUENT—COLORED.

Brown, Thos.	e 1	54	2 71
Blazell, R. D.	e ½	496	2 71
Barry, Matilda	n w ½ 5	149	3 42
Gibbs, G. W.	n e ½ 6	541	
	m 1 2	55	3 85
Green, Emory & Mary J.	e m 1	337	6 71
Jordan, Heirs W. A.	n e 6	149	3 65
Johnson, Lindus	pt w end 5	239	3 18
King, John Henry	w pt 3	493	2 48
Knox, Lillie J.	s m 1	148	1 77
Lane, Albert	s e pt 6	26	1 77
Lee, LeRoy	all 3 4 5 6	519	2 24
Merrick, Caroline	n e 5	53	3 89
Merrick, Thos.	w 6	148	2 48
Moore, Allen	n e ¼ 2	542	3 65
McBride, Heirs Wm.	w m 1 2 3	187	3 18
McNeil, James	s w 1	271	3 18
Prince, M. F. or Wil Sub. Co.	n w ¼ 4	574	2 11
Robinson, David	n w 2	383	1 77

1912

FROM indications this will be the best year Wilmington has ever had. Why not make it your best year? Savings are the first steps to success. But savings alone will fail to put you at the top of the ladder. **Investment---**Making your money work for you is what really counts in the race. Land, because of the absolutely staple supply and the ever increasing demand, has been proven as about the best possible investment that could be made. Among the other qualifications that make land desirable as an investment is the fact that it is **safe.** Corporations and business enterprises may fail, gold mines may run dry, and railroads may go in the hands of a receiver, but land once acquired is yours "for keeps." It is right here where you can watch it and see it increase in value every day. Your investment is safe.

Now, when you can both save and invest at the same time, you are approaching the ideal way of getting ahead in the world. If your investment be land, so much the better. Make the resolve to own at least one piece of earth before the year is out. If you already own land, add to your holdings.

Watch the Suburbs

Suburban real estate is coming more into favor every day. People are tired of making their homes amid the grime and dirt of the cities; they are tired of being crowded on a thirty foot lot. The movement now is "back to the open" where there is a plenty of fresh air and sunshine. While we love our neighbors, we desire elbow room between him and us. We want to give our children a chance to romp and play. We want room for chickens and a garden. We want a home uncrowded by the world.

Notice the phenomenal growth of our suburbs—Carolina Heights, Carolina Place, Winter Park Gardens, The Bronx, Sea Gate, Audubon. Lots are increasing in value every day. The trolley line and motor car are making a change in the American mode of living. Why don't you own a home in the suburbs? It's easy to buy the lot and easier to build the house when the lot is paid for. If you would like to own your home, see us. We have something that will interest you.

D.R. FOSTER & COMPANY

"We Sell the Earth"

Doubt Never Turned a Dollar; Confidence Has Made Millions

THE FORTUNE HUNTER

Novelized by Louis Joseph Vance From the Play of the Same Title, By Winchell Smith.

Copyright 1910 by Winchell Smith and Louis Joseph Vance.

Synopsis

Nat Duncan, discharged for incompetency by his employer, goes to the home of his friend Kellogg, who has helped him in the past.

Kellogg sympathizes with Duncan, who meets some of his old time acquaintances at the home of his friend.

Kellogg wants to help Duncan, who is discouraged, and outlines a novel scheme whereby Duncan can repair his shattered fortunes.

The scheme is that Duncan should go to a country town, dress well, go to church, work steadily and thus attract and marry the wealthiest girl in the town.

Duncan decides to follow Kellogg's suggestion and with an array of newly made city clothes departs for and arrives at Radville.

Old Sam Graham runs a dilapidated, out of date little drug store in Radville. He has for years wasted his time on various inventions.

Betty Graham, the old man's pretty but careworn daughter, works in the store. Mr. Littlejohn, the Radville editor, becomes acquainted with Duncan.

"Blinky" Lockwood is the richest man in the village, and Duncan is interested to learn that the old miser has a daughter, Josie.

Duncan obtains a position in old Graham's drug store without pay, for he learns that the village girls, including wealthy Josie Lockwood, are very fond of soda water.

Duncan advances money to buy a new stock of drugs and soda sirups, so as to enable Graham to compete with the rival store.

Josie Lockwood and Angie Tuthill visit the store and make Duncan's acquaintance. They flirt with him and buy soda water.

Duncan meets Betty Graham, who, weary and suspicious of the world, does not enthuse over her father's new clerk.

Roland Barnette, in love with Josie Lockwood, introduces to old Graham a New York swindler, Burnham, who tries to get for a low price a sensational gas machine that Sam has invented.

"Blinky" Lockwood has a note of old Sam's which has matured and threatens Betty as to the consequences of nonpayment.

(Continued from Last Sunday.)

A pause ensued. Duncan was smiling fatuously, serene in the belief that he had solved the problem—the way to serve soda was to make them help themselves. It was very simple, only they didn't. With a start he became sensible that they were eying him strangely.

"You—ah—wanted vanilla, did you not?"

"Yes, thanks, vanilla," Josie agreed.

"Well, that's it," he said firmly, indicating the jar and the glass.

Josie giggled. "But I don't want to drink it clear. You put the sirup in the glass, you know, and then the soda."

"Oh, I see! You want to make a highba—ah—a long drink of it. Ah, yes!" He procured a glass of the regulation size. "Now I understand." A pause. "If you'll be good enough to help yourself to the sirup."

"No, you do it," Josie pleaded.

"Certainly!" He lifted the whisky glass and the jar and began to pour. "If you'll just say when."

"What? Oh, that's enough, thank you!"

"If I ever get out of this fix I'll blow the whole shooting match," he promised himself, holding the glass beneath the faucet and fiddling nervously with the valves. For a moment he fancied the tank must be empty, for nothing

"WE WERE HOPING YOU WOULD JOIN THE CHOIR."

came of his efforts. Then abruptly the fixture seemed to explode. "A geyser!" he cried, blinded with the dash of carbonated water and sirup in his face, while he fumbled furiously with the valves.

As unexpectedly as it had begun the flow ceased. He put down the glass, found his handkerchief and mopped his dripping face. When able to see again he discovered the young women leaning against one of the showcases, weak with laughter, but at a safe remove.

"Our soda's so strong, you know," he apologized. "But if you'll stay where you are I'll try again."

Warned by experience, he worked at the machine gingerly, finally producing a thin, spluttering trickle. Beaming with triumph, he looked up. "I think it's safe now," he suggested. "I seem to have it under control."

Angie and Josie returned, torn by distrust, but unable to resist the fascination of the stranger in our village. And there's no denying the boy was good looking and a gentleman by birth and education.

He had filled one glass and was tinctoring it with sirup when he caught again that confiding smile of Josie's full upon him as the beams of a noonday sun.

"Haven't we seen you at church, Mr. Duncan?" she said prettily.

"I think perhaps you may have," he conceded. "I have seen you both." The second glass (for he was determined that Angie should not escape) took up all his attention for an instant. "Do you have to go, too?" he inquired out of this deep preoccupation.

"What?"

"I mean do you attend regularly?" he amended hastily.

"Oh, yes, of course," Josie simpered, accepting the glass he offered her. "You make it a rule to go every Sunday, don't you, Mr. Duncan?"

He permitted himself an indiscretion, secure in the belief it would pass unchallenged: "It's one of the rules, but I didn't make it."

"Did you know there was a vacancy in the choir?" Angie asked, taking up her glass.

"Choir?"

"Yes," Josie chimed in; "we were hoping you'd join. I want you to awfully."

"We're both in the choir," Angie explained.

"And all the girls want you to join. Don't they, Angie?"

"Oh, yes, indeed; they're all just dying to meet you."

"I'll have to write and ask," he said abstractedly.

"Why, what do you mean by that?"

Josie's question struck him dumb with consternation. He made curious noises in his throat and fancied (as was quite possible) that they eyed him in a peculiar fashion. "It's—I mean—a little trouble with my throat," he managed to lie at length. "I must ask my physician if I may first."

"Oh, I see," said Josie.

"But," he hastened to change the subject, "you're not drinking, either of you. I sincerely hope it's not so very bad."

Angie replaced her glass, barely tasted. "Do you like it, Josie?"

To Josie's credit it must be admitted that she made a brave attempt to drink. But the mixture was undoubtedly flat, stale and unprofitable. She sighed, put it back on the counter and rose to the emergency.

"Mine's perfectly lovely"—with a ravishing smile—"but it's not very sweet."

"I made them dry for you—thought you'd like 'em that way," he stammered. "Perhaps you'd like 'em better if I put a collar on 'em?"

The chorus negatived this suggestion very promptly.

"Why don't you try a glass, Mr. Duncan?" Angie added with malice, slyly nudging Josie.

"I'm on the wagon—I mean, I don't drink at all," he said wretchedly, and was deeply grateful for the diversion afforded by the entrance of a third customer.

It was Tracey Tanner, as usual swollen with important tidings, as usual propelling himself through the world at a heavy trot. It has always been a source of wonderment to me how Tracey manages to keep so stout with all the violent exercise he takes.

"Say, Angie," he twanged at sight of her, "I've been lookin' for you everywhere. Did you hear that"—

He stopped instantaneously with open mouth as he saw Duncan behind the counter, and open mouthed he remained while the young man came round and advanced toward him, with a bland smirk, accompanied by a professional bow and rubbing of hands.

"May I have the pleasure of serving you, Mr. Tanner?"

"Huh?" bleated Tracey, dumfounded.

"Is there anything you wish to purchase?"

A violent emotion stirred in Tracey. Sounds began to emanate from his heaving chest. "N-n-no, ma'am!" he breathed explosively.

Duncan bowed again, his face expressionless. "Then will you be good enough to excuse me?" He turned precisely and made his way back to the counter.

As if released from some spell of strong enchantment by the movement, Tracey swung on his heel and lunged for the door.

"What was it you wanted to ask me, Tracey?" Angie called after him.

As the boy disappeared at a hard gallop his response floated back, "I fergit."

"I'm afraid I must have frightened him?" Duncan said inquiringly.

"Oh, no; not at all," Josie reassured him. "He's just gone to tell everybody you're here."

"Come, Josie; we've been here ever so long." Angie moved slowly toward the door, but Josie inclined to linger.

"Don't hurry, I beg of you," Duncan interposed.

"Oh, we haven't hurried," she said, with a gush of gratification that star-

"IT SERVES ME RIGHT," HE CONCLUDED.

tled the man. "You'll remember what I said about the choir, won't you?"

He braced himself to take advantage of the opening. "I shall never forget it," he said impressively.

She gave him her hand. "Then goodby."

"Not goodby, I trust?" He retained the hand, despising himself inexpressibly.

"Oh, we'll be in again, won't we, Angie?"

"Oh, yes, indeed!"

"My land, Angie! What do you think? I'd almost forgotten to pay for the soda!"

"Please don't speak of it, Miss Lockwood. The pleasure"—

"But I must, Mr. Duncan. How much is it?"

Josie fingered the contents of her purse expectantly, but Duncan hung in the wind. He had no least notion what might be the price of soda water. "Two for a quarter," he hazarded, with his disarming grin.

Angie choked with appreciation of this exquisite sally. "Ain't you funny!"

"I'm afraid you're right," he con-

"YES, I'M HIS DAUGHTER, BUT"—

ceded. "Still, I'd rather you didn't think so."

"It's 10 cents, isn't it, Mr. Duncan?" Josie was offering him a dime. He accepted it without question.

"Thank you very much," said he. "Good afternoon, ladies."

He was aware of Angie's fluttering farewells on the sidewalk. Josie was lingering on the doorstep in an agony of untrained coquetry. He lowered his tone for her benefit, thereby adding new weight to his bombardment of her amateur defenses.

"Remember you promised to call again."

Her giggles tore his eardrums. "Th-thank you, I'm sure," she stammered and fled.

They disappeared. He wandered to the chair and threw himself limply into it. "That voice!" he said stupidly. "That giggle! I've got to woo and win that! It serves me right," he concluded.

The most hopeless of humors assailed him, and he yielded to it without a struggle. His attitude expressed his mood with relentless verity. Chin sunken upon his breast, eyes fairly distilling gloom, legs stretched

"MAY I HAVE THE PLEASURE OF SERVING YOU?"

out carelessly before him, he sat motionless, suffocating at the bottom of a gulf of discontent. His lips moved, sometimes noiselessly, again in whispers barely audible.

"Years of this! A matter of human endurance—no, superhuman! If it wasn't for the bargain, I'd chuck it all and— Well, the only way to forget your misery is to work, I suppose."

He pulled himself together and stood up, wondering where he had left his broom, and simultaneously stiffened with surprise, aware that he was not alone. A glance, however, established the connection between the rear door, which stood ajar, and the young woman who stood staring at him in utterest stupefaction.

He was quick to see the intelligence in Batty Graham's mutinous eyes and the sweet lines of her mouth, too often shaped in sullen mold, and no less quick to recognize that she would carry herself well, with spirit and dignity, once she were relieved of household toil and moil, once given the chance to discard her shapeless, bedraggled and threadbare garments for those dainty and beautiful things for which her starved heart must be sick with longing.

"Good Lord," he thought, pitiful, "it's worse here than I dreamed. Old Graham must need a keeper, and this child has been trying to be that with nothing to keep him on."

"Who are you?" the girl demanded sullenly in a voice a little harsh and toneless. "What are you doing here? Where's my father?"

"Mr. Graham has stepped out on business," Duncan replied. "You are his daughter, I believe?"

"Yes, I'm his daughter, but"—

"My name is Nathaniel Duncan. Mr. Graham has been kind enough to take me on as apprentice, so to speak."

Her stare continued, intense, resentful, undeviating.

"You mean you're going to work here?"

"That's my intention, Miss Graham." He nodded gravely.

"What for?"

"To learn the drug business."

"Oh-h!" She flung herself a pace away impatiently. "I'm not a child, and I don't want to be talked to like one."

"I didn't mean to annoy you"—

"Well, you do. You've got no business in a rundown place like this, you with your fine clothes and your fine airs. You didn't come here to learn the drug business. You know as well as I do you've got some other motive."

There was a truth in that to sting him. He smarted under its lash, but held his temper in check because he was sorry for the girl. "Perhaps you're right," he conceded—"perhaps I have some other motive. But that's neither here nor there. I'm here, and it is my present intention to learn the drug business in your father's store."

"I don't believe you, Mr. Duncan, or whatever your name is."

"I'm sorry," he said patiently.

Betty's lips twitched contemptuously. "Well, saying you do mean to work here?—

"I do."

"You're making a mistake," she snapped. "Father can't pay you nothing."

"He'll pay me all I'm worth," said Duncan meekly.

She glared at him an instant longer, then, mute for lack of a sufficiently scornful retort, turned and ran back up the steps, slamming the door behind her.

CHAPTER X.

NAT had a busy day or two after that, trying to set things to rights in the store for the better reception and display of the new stock. Sperry dropped him a line saying that the goods would ar-

ROLAND BARNETTE.

rive on the third day, and there was much to do to make way for them.

Between spasms of work Duncan had his hands full attending to the soda fountain. Soda water being practically the only salable thing in the store, it had to serve as an excuse for the inquisitiveness of many of my fellow citizens, to say nothing of—I should put it, but especially—their wives and daughters. The consumption of vanilly sody in those two days broke all known Radville records and stands a singular tribute to the Spartan fortitude of Radville womanhood, particularly the young stratum thereof.

From my window in the Citizen office I was able to keep a tolerably close account of events and obtain a consensus of public opinion. So far as the latter bore upon Duncan, it was divided into two rather distinct parties, one, of course, favoring him, and this was feminine almost exclusively. Tracey Tanner, to be sure, confessed within my hearing to predilection for the Noo York dood, but was inclined to hedge and climb the fence when assailed by Roland's strictures. Roland, I suspect, was a wee mite jealous. He had been paying attention to—I mean, going with—Josie Lockwood for several months. Instinctively he must have divined his danger, and it's not in reason to exact admiration of the usurper from the usurped even when the act of usurpation has not yet been def-

SAM GRAHAM WAS WORRIED.

initely consummated. Roland went to the length of labeling Duncan "sissy" and professed to believe that Hiram Nutt was justified in calling him a "s'picious character." Roland hinted darkly that Duncan knew New York no better than Will Bigelow.

"And if he did come from there," he asseverated, "I betcher he didn't leave for no good purpose."

His temper inspired me with the sapient reflection that it's a terrible thing to be in love even if only with an old man's millions.

"There's goin' to be a real Noo Yorker here before long," Roland boasted. "He's comin' to see me on some special private business of ourn."

"Huh," commented Tracey, the skeptical, "what kind of a Noo Yorker 'd come all the way here to see you?"

"That's all right. You'll see when he gets here. He's a pro-motor."

"A what?"

"A pro-motor, a financier." Roland pronounced it "finnan seer," thus betraying symptoms of culture and bewildering Tracey beyond expression.

"What's that?" he demanded aggressively.

"That's a feller 't can take nothing at all and incorporate it and make money out of it," Roland defined with some hesitancy.

"And that's why he's coming down here to take a look at you?" inquired Tracey, skipping nimbly round the corner.

Curiously enough in my understanding (for I own to no great faith in Roland's statements, taking them by and large) his friend from New York put in an unheralded appearance in Radville that same night on the evening train. The Bigelow House received him to its figurative bosom under the name of W. H. Burnham. He sent for Roland promptly and treated him to a dinner at the hotel, something which I have always regarded as a punishment several sizes too large for the crime. Later, having displayed him on the streets in witness to his good faith, Roland spent the evening with Mr. Burnham, mysteriously confabulating behind closed doors in the hotel.

Duncan was at the station a few days later superintending the transportation of the new stock, which had come by the early local. Betty was busy with her housework upstairs, and only old Sam kept the shop.

Sam wasn't in the best of spirits. His evergreen optimism seldom withered, but in spite of all that had already been accomplished in behalf of the store, in spite of the rosier aspect of his declining fortunes and his confidence in and affection for Duncan, Sam was worried. He had been over to the bank once even at that early hour, but Blinky Lockwood had driven out of town to see about foreclosing one of his numerous mortgages in the neighborhood, and his note, which fell due at the bank that day, was still a weight upon Sam's mind.

Roland and Burnham found him wandering nervously round the store, alternately taking his hat down from the peg, as if minded to make a second trip to the bank and replacing it as he realized that patience was his part.

"Why, hello, Roland!" he cried cheerfully, hanging up his hat for perhaps the twentieth time. And, "How de doo, sir?" he greeted the stranger.

"Good morning, sir," said Burnham pleasantly.

"Say, Sam," Roland blundered with his usual adroitness, "this gentleman"—

Burnham's hand fell heavily on his forearm.

"What's that, Roland?" Sam turned curiously to them.

"Oh, nothin'; I was—er—just goin' to say that this gentleman's my friend from Noo York, Mr. Burnham, and we just happened to look in."

"The friend you were going to write to about my burner?" inquired Sam.

It was here that Roland got a look from Mr. Burnham that withered him completely.

"Why, no, Mr. Graham," Burnham interposed deftly. "Mr. Barnette must have been talking of some one else he knew in New York. I"—

"Didn't know he knew more'n one there," Sam observed mildly.

Burnham's glance jumped warily to Sam's face, but withdrew reassured, having detected therein nothing but the old man's kindly and simple nature. "At all events," he continued, "I don't remember hearing anything about the matter (what did you call it? A burner, eh?) from Mr. Barnette."

"I s'pose Roland forgot," Sam allowed. "He's so busy courtin' our pretty girls, Mr. Burnham"—

"Yes, that was it," Roland put in hastily, seeing his chance to mend matters. "I did intend to write you about it, Mr. Burnham, but it kind of slipped my mind. We've had a lot of important business over to the bank recently."

"By the way, Roland, did you just come from the bank? Is Mr. Lockwood back yet?"

"No; I got off this morning. I don't think he is, Sam. Did you want to see him?"

"Well, yes," Sam admitted. "I guess you know about that, Roland."

"Mean business, sometimes, asking favors of these bankers, eh, Mr. Graham?" Burnham remarked.

Graham nodded dolefully. "Yes, it is unpleasant," he admitted confidingly. "You see, there's a note of mine come due today, and I'm not able to take care of it or pay the interest just now. But I guess it'll be all right, Mr. Lockwood's kind, very kind."

"I'm afraid you're a little too sure, Sam," Roland contributed tactfully. "When there's money due Lockwood he wants it, and most times he gets it or its equivalent."

"But," Burnham changed the subject adroitly, "what was this—burner, did you say—that Mr. Barnette forgot to tell me about?"

"Oh, just one of my inventions, sir. I've spent most of my life at it, sir, but somehow nothing has ever turned out well—not so far, I mean. But I mean to hit it yet."

"That's the way to talk," Burnham cried heartily. "Never give up, I say! But tell me about some of these inventions, won't you?"

"Well"—Sam knitted his fingers and pursed his lips reflectively—"I patent-

"WHAT WAS THIS—BURNER?"

ed a new type thrashing machine once, but I couldn't get anybody to take hold of it. You see, I haven't any money, Mr. Burnham."

"How would you like to talk it over with me some time? I'm interested in such things—as a sort of side issue."

"Will you?" Sam's eagerness was not to be disguised.

"Be glad to. Tell me, how did you get your power?"

"From gas, sir, though coal will do most as well. You see, I've got this burner patented that makes gas from crude oil—no waste, no odor nor trouble and little expense. It'd be cheaper than coal, I thought; that's why I invented it. I could get steam up mighty quick with that gas arrangement. I use it for lighting here in the store now."

"Do you, indeed?" Burnham's tone indicated failing interest, but such diplomacy was lost on Sam.

"If you've got time I could show you. It's right over here."

A glance at his watch accompanied Burnham's consent to spare a few minutes. "There's a telegram I must send presently," he said. "But I'd like to see this burner, if it won't take long."

"No, not long; just a minute or two." Sam was already dragging the affair out from under the window box. "You see"—

He went on to expound its virtues with all the fond enthusiasm of a father showing off his firstborn and wound up with a demonstration of the illuminating appliance. I'm afraid, though, he got little encouragement from Mr. Burnham. He considered the machine with a dispassionate air, it's true, and admitted its practical advantages, but wasn't at all disposed to take a roseate view of its future.

"Yes," he grudged when Sam put a match to the jet, "that's certainly a very good light."

"All right, ain't it?" chimed Roland, enthusiastic.

"Oh, it may amount to something. It's hard to tell. Of course you know, sir," he continued, addressing Graham directly, "you've got competition to overcome."

Sam's old fingers trembled to his chin. "No-o," he said, "I didn't know that. I've got the patent"—

"Of course that's something. But the Consolidated Petroleum crowd has another machine, slightly different, which does the same work and, I should say, does it better."

"Is—is that so?" quavered Sam. "My patent"—

"Now, see here, Mr. Graham," Burnham argued, "we're practical men, both of us"—

"No, I shouldn't say that about myself," Sam interrupted. "Now, you, sir, I can see you're a man who understands such things. But I"—

"Nevertheless you must know that a patent isn't everything. You said a moment ago a man had to have money to make anything out of his inventions."

"Did I?" Sam interjected, surprised.

"Certainly you did. And dead right you are. A patent's all very well, but supposing you're up against a powerful competitor like the Consolidated Petroleum company. They've got a patent too. Granted, it may be an infringement of yours even. What can you do against them?"

"Why, if it's an infringement"—

"Sue, of course. But do you suppose they're going to lie down just because an unknown and penniless inventor sues them? Bless you, no! They'll fight to the last ditch. They'll engage the best legal talent in the country. You'll have to carry the case to the supreme court of the United States if you want a winning decision. And that's going to cost you thousands—hundreds of thousands—a million"—

"Never mind. A thousand's enough," said Sam gently. "I see what you mean, sir. It's just another case where I've got no chance."

"Oh, I wouldn't put it as strong as that"—

"But I have no money."

"Still, you never can tell. I'll think it over if I get time."

"Why, that's kind of you, sir; very kind."

It was at this point that Roland rose to the occasion like the noble ass he is. Roland never could see more than an inch beyond the end of his nose.

"Say, Mr. Burnham," he floundered, "don't you think you could help Sam to"—

"I think," said Mr. Burnham, with additional business of looking at his watch, "I'd like to send that wire I spoke of."

"Yes, Roland," Sam agreed meekly, "you mustn't keep your friend from his business. I'm glad you looked in, sir. You'll call again, I hope."

"Thank you," said Burnham, moving toward the door.

It was too much for Roland's sense of opportunity. He rolled in Burnham's wake sullenly reluctant. "Say, Mr. Burnham," he exploded as they got to the door, "if you'll just offer Sam five"—

"That will do!" Roland collapsed as if punctured. Burnham turned to Graham with a wave of his hand. "I'm leaving on the afternoon train, but if I get time I may drop in again and talk things over with you. There might be something in that thrashing machine you mentioned."

"I'll be glad to show you anything I've got here."

"All right. Good day. I'll see you again perhaps."

This cavalier snub was lost on Sam, an essential of whose serene soul is the quality of humility. He followed them to the door as grateful as a lost dog for a stray pat instead of a kick. "Good day, sir. Good day, Roland," he sped their parting cheerfully.

But it was a broken man who shut the door behind them and turned back, fingering his gray chin.

"Perhaps Mr. Burnham was right. Only I was kind of hopin'— Now, Mr. Lockwood over there"—

He shook himself to throw off the spell of depression.

"Well, well! He's kind, very kind. With this young man in here and everything gettin' fixed up and new stock comin' in— I'm sure Mr. Lockwood

"ONLY HER SENSE OF DUTY SUSTAINED HER."

'll see it the right way for us. He's kind, very kind."

Thus it was that he presently called up the stairs in a very cheerful voice, "Betty, are you pretty near through up there?"

The girl's weary voice came down to him without accent. "Yes, father, almost."

"Well, then, you keep an eye on the

store, please. I'm goin' to step out for a minute."

"Yes, father."

"And if—if anybody asks for me I'll most likely be down to the depot with Mr. Duncan."

He didn't mention that he contemplated calling on Lockwood, because he feared it might worry Betty.

Betty knew, or, rather, divined. And she had no hope, no faith such as made Sam what he was. She came down the steps listlessly. Only her sense of duty sustained her. She owed something to old Sam for the gift of life, dismal though she found it. He needed her. What she could do for him she would.

Sighing, she went to work. In work only could she forget. The soda glasses needed cleaning and the sirup jars replenishing, for the new order of sirups had come in the previous evening.

After a time, to a tune of pounding feet, Tracey Tanner pranced into the shop with all the graceful abandon of a young elephant feeling its oats. His face was fairly scarlet from exertion and his eyes bulging with a sense of importance. The girl looked up without interest, nodding slightly in response to his breathless "'Lo, Betty."

"Father's gone out," she said, holding a glass to the light, suspicious of the lint from her dish towel.

"I know—seen him down the street." The boy halted at the counter, producing a handful of square envelopes. "Note for you from the Lockwoods, Betty," he panted. "Josie ast me to bring it round."

Betty put down her glass in consternation. "From the Lockwoods?"

"Uh-huh!" Tracey offered it, but she withheld her hand, dubious.

"For me, Tracey?"

"Uh-huh! It's a ninvitation. I got four more to take." He thrust it into

"JOSIE AST ME TO BRING IT ROUND."

her reluctant fingers. "Got five, really, but one of em's for me."

"An invitation, Tracey!"

"Yeh. Hope you have a good time when it comes off." Already he was bouncing toward the door. "Goodby."

"But what is it, Tracey?"

"Aw, it tells in the ninvitation. S'long."

"From the Lockwoods!" she whispered.

"YES," ANGIE CHIMED IN, "IT'S SO WARM."

Suddenly she tore it open, her hands unsteady with nervousness.

The envelope contained a square of heavy cardboard of a creamy tint with scalloped edges touched with gold. On the face of the card a round and formless hand had traced with evident pains the information:

MISS JOSEPHINE MAE LOCKWOOD

Requests the pleasure of your company at a lawn fete and dance to be held at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Lockwood, Saturday, July 15, at 8 p. m.

R. S. V. P.

The envelope fluttered to the floor, while the card was crushed between the girl's hands. For a moment her face was transfigured with delight, her eyes blank with rapturous visions of the joys of that promised night.

"Oh—it 'ud be grand!"

Then suddenly the light faded. Her eyes clouded; her face settled into its discontented lines. She stuffed the card heedlessly into the pocket of her dingy apron and took up another glass.

"But I can't go; I've got nothin' to wear."

CHAPTER XI.

SHE was scrubbing blindly at the same glass when, a quarter of an hour later, Blinky Lockwood strode into the store, his right eye twitching more violently than usual, as it always does in his phases of mental disturbance—as when, for instance, he fears he's going to lose a dollar.

Lockwood is that type of man who was born to grow rich.

In person he is as beautiful as a snake fence, as alluring as a stone wall. Something over six feet in height, he walks with a stoop, one hand always in a trousers pocket jingling silver, that materially detracts from his stature. His face, like his figure, is gaunt and lanky, his nose an emaciated beak. His mouth illustrates his attitude toward property—is a trap from which nothing of value ever escapes. His eyes are small and hard and set close together under lowering brows. He's grizzled, with hair not actually white, but gray as the iron from which his heart was fashioned. Aside from these characteristics, his principal peculiarity is a nervous twitching of the right eye which has earned him his sobriquet of Blinky. Legrand Gunn said he contracted the

"I'M AFRAID NOT," SHE SAID.

affliction through squinting at the silver dollar to make sure none of its milling had been worn off. I have never known the man to wear anything but a rusty old frock coat, black, of course, and black and shiny broadcloth trousers, with a hat that has always a coating of dust so thick that it seems a mottled gray.

He grunts his words, a grunt to each. He grunted at Betty when he saw her.

"Where's your father?"

She put down her glass and dish rag. "I don't know, sir."

"Don't know, eh?" he asked in an indescribably offensive tone.

"I think he went to the bank to see you."

"Oh, he did, eh? Did he have anything for me?"

The girl took up another glass. "I don't know, sir," she said wearily. "I'm afraid not."

"Well, if he didn't there's no use seein' me. It won't do him any good."

"I guess he knows that," she returned, with a little flash of spirit.

"Does, eh? Well, that's a good thing—saves talk. You don't do no business here, not to speak of, do ye?"

"No, not to speak of."

"Then what's the good of all this foolishness, fixin' up?"

"I don't know."

"Costs money, don't it?"

"I guess so.'

"And that money belongs to me."

"It's Mr. Duncan's doing. Father ain't paying for it. He can't."

"What's he doin', then? Sittin' round foolin with his inventions, ain't he?'

"Yes."

"What's he inventin' now?"

"I don't know much about it." She pointed to the model beneath the window. "That's the last thing, I guess."

Blinky snorted and stamped over to the window, stooping to peer at the machine. "What's the good of that?" he demanded, disdainful, and without waiting for her response went on nagging. "Foolishness! That's what it is. Why don't you tell him not to waste his time this way?"

"Because he likes it," said Betty hopelessly. "It's the only thing that makes life worth while to him. So I let him alone."

"What difference does that make? It don't bring him in nothin', does it? No, siree, it don't. What does he do with them things?"

"Patents them."

"And then what?"

"Nothin' that I know of."

"That's it—nothin', nor ever will. Well, he's been gettin' money from me for those patents. I thought at fust there might be somethin' in 'em. But he won't any more."

She interjected a significant "Huh!" He broke off abruptly, pale with anger.

"Well, I want to see him, and I want to see him before noon," he snapped. "I'm goin' over to the bank, an' if he knows what's good for him he'll come there pretty darn quick."

He swung on one heel and slouched out as Betty turned to go upstairs.

Presently she reappeared, pinning on her sad little hat, and left the store.

It was upward of an hour before she returned, walking quickly and very erect with her head up and shoulders back, her eyes suspiciously bright. Even old Sam, who had returned from the depot after missing Blinky at the bank—even he, blind as he ordinarily was, saw instantly that something was wrong with the child.

"Why, Betty," he cried in solicitude as she flung into the store—"Betty, dear, what's the matter?"

For an instant she seemed speechless. Then she tore the hat from her head and cast it regardlesly upon the counter. "Father," she cried—"father!" and gulped to down her emotion. "Can you get me some money?"

"Money? Why, Betty, what"—

Her foot came down on the floor impatiently. "Can you get me some money?" she repeated in a breath.

"Well—er—how much, Betty?" He tried to touch her, to take her to his arms, but she moved away, her sorry little figure quivering from head to feet.

"Enough," she said, half sobbing—"enough to buy a dress—a nice dress—a dress that will surprise folks"—

"But tell me what the matter is, Betty. Wanting a dress would never upset you like this."

She whipped the cracked and crumpled card from her pocket and pushed

"HE'LL COME PRETTY DARN QUICK."

it into his hand. "Look at that!" she bade him and turned away, struggling with all her might to keep back the tears.

He read, his old face softening. "Josie Lockwood's party, eh? And she's sent you an invitation. Well, that was kind of her, very kind."

She swung upon him in a fury. "No,

BLINKY LOCKWOOD.

it was not kind. It was mean! It was mean!"

"Oh, Betty," he begged in consternation, "don't say that. I'm sure"—

"Oh, you don't know! I heard the girls talkin' in the postoffice—Angie Tuthill and Mame Garrison and Bessie Gabriel. I was round by the boxes where they couldn't see me, but I could hear them, and they were laughin' because I was invited. They said the reason Josie did it was because she knew I didn't have anything to wear, and she wanted to hear what excuse I'd make for not goin'. Ah, I heard them!"

"Oh, but Betty, Betty," he pleaded, "don't you mind what they say, Don't"—

"But I do mind; I can't help mindin'. They're mean." She paused, her features hardening. "I'm goin' to that party," she declared tensely; "I'm goin' to that party, and—and I'm goin' to have a dress to go in too! I don't care what I do—I'm goin' to have that dress!"

Sam would have soothed her as best he might, but she would neither look at nor come near him.

"We'll see," he said gently. "We'll see. I'll try"—

She turned on him, exasperated beyond thought. "That only means you can't help me!"

"Oh, no, it doesn't. I'll do what I can."

"Have you got any money now?"

He hung his head to avoid her blazing eyes. "Well—no—not at present, but here's this new stock and"—

"That doesn't mean anything, and you know it. You owe that note to Mr. Lockwood, don't you? And you can't pay it."

"Not today, Betty, but he'll give me a little more time, I'm sure. He's kind, very kind."

"You don't know him. He's as mean—as mean as dirt—as mean as Josie."

"Betty!"

"Then if you did get any money you'd have to give it to him, wouldn't you?"

"Yes, but I'm sure—I think it'll come all right."

"Ah, what's the use of talkin' that way? What's the use of talkin' at

"NOW DON'T SAY THAT."

all? I know you can't do anything for me, and so do you!"

Sam had dropped into his chair, unable to stand before this storm; he stared now, mute with amazement, at this child who had so long, so uncomplainingly, shared his poverty and privations, grown suddenly to the stature of a woman—and a tormented, passionate woman, stung to the quick by the injustice of her lot. He put out a hand in a feeble gesture of placation, but she brushed it away as she bent toward him, speaking so quickly that her words stumbled and ran into one another.

"I can't understand it!" she raged. "Why is it that I have to be more shabby than any other girl in town? Why is it that the others have all the fun and I all the drudgery? Why is it that I can't ever go anywhere with the boys and girls and laugh and—and have a good time like the rest do?"

Sam bent his head to the blast. In his lap his hands worked nervously. But he could not answer her.

"It ain't that I mind the cookin' and doin' the housework and—all the rest—but—why is it you can never give me anything at all? Why must it be that every one looks down on us and sneers and laughs at us? Why is it that half the time we haven't got enough to eat? Other men manage to take care of their families and give their children things to wear. You've got only us two to look after, and you can't even do that. It isn't right, it isn't decent, and if I were you I'd be ashamed of myself"—

Her temper had spent itself, and with this final cry she checked abruptly, with a catch at her breath for shame of what she had let herself say. But, childlike, she was not ready to own her sorrow, and she turned her back, trembling.

Sam, too, was shaken. In his heart he knew there was justification for her indictment, truth in what she had said. And he was heartbroken for her. He got up unsteadily and put a gentle hand upon her shoulder.

"Why, Betty—I"—

A dry sob interrupted him. He pulled himself together and forced his voice to a tone of confidence. "Just be a little patient, dear. I'm sure things will be better with us soon. Just a little more patience; that's all. Why, there was a gentleman here this morning from Noo York city talkin' about an invention of mine."

The girl moved restlessly, shaking off his hand. "Invention!" she echoed bitterly. "Oh, father! Everybody knows they're no good! You've been wastin' time on 'em ever since I can remember, and you've never made a dollar out of one yet."

He bowed to the truth of this, then again braced up bravely. "But this gentleman seemed quite interested. He's over to the Bigelow House now. I think I'll step over and have a talk with him"—

"You'd much better go and have a talk with Blinky Lockwood," she told him brutally. "He's waitin' for you at the bank and said he wasn't goin' to wait after 12 o'clock neither!"

"Well, perhaps you're right. I'll go there. It's after 12, but"— He started to get his hat and stopped with an exclamation. "Why, Nat! I didn't know you'd got back!"

Duncan was at the back of the store clearing the last remnants of the old stock from the shelves. "Yes," he said pleasantly, without turning, "I've been here some time cleaning up the cellar to make room for the stuff that's coming in. I came upstairs just a moment ago, but you were so busy talking you didn't notice me."

He paused, swept the empty shelves with a calculating glance and came out around the end of the counter. "Everything's in tiptop shape," he said. "I checked up the bill of lading myself, and there's not a thing missing, not a bit of breakage. Mr. Graham," he continued, dropping a gentle hand on the old man's shoulder, "you're going to have the finest drug store in the state within six months. With the stuff that Sperry has sent us we can make Sothern & Lee look like 65 cents on the dollar. We're going to make things hum in this old shop, and don't you forget it." He laughed lightly, with a note of encouragement. But he avoided Graham's eyes even as he did Betty's. He could not meet the pitiful look of the former, any more than that stare of hostility and defiance in the latter.

"It's good of you, my boy," Graham quavered. "I—but I'm afraid it won't"—

"Now don't say that!" Duncan interposed firmly. "And don't let me keep you. I think you said you were going out on business? And I'll be busy enough right here."

And, without exactly knowing how it had come about, Graham found himself in the street, stumbling downtown toward the bank.

When he had gone Duncan would have returned to the shelves for a final redding up. He desired least of all things an encounter with Betty in her present frame of mind. With a sudden movement she threw herself in front of Duncan.

"So you were listening!"

"I'm sorry," he said uncomfortably. "I didn't mean to hear anything," he argued plaintively. "I was in the room before I understood and by the time I did it was too late—you had finished."

"Oh, don't try to explain. I—I hate you!" she continued.

He held her eyes inquiringly. "Yes," he said in the tone of one who solves a puzzling problem, "I believe you do."

She looked away, shaking with passion. "You just better believe it."

"But," he went on quietly, "you don't hate your father, too, do you, Miss Graham?"

"What do you mean by that, Mr. Duncan?"

"I mean," he said, faltering, "I'm going to give you a bit of advice. Don't you talk to your father again the [illegible] you did just now."

"Well, you ain't me!" she cried savagely. "You ain't me! Understand that? When I want advice from you I'll ask for it. Until I do you let me alone."

"Very well," he replied so calmly that she lost her bearings for a moment. And inevitably this, emphasizing as it did all that she resented most in him—his education, wit, address, his

"IT'S GOOD OF YOU, MY BOY."

advantages of every sort—only served further to infuriate the child.

"Oh, I know why you talk that way!" she said, rubbing her poor little hands together.

"Do you?" he asked in wonder.

"Yes, I do-you!"

Suddenly she found words—poverty stricken words, it's true, but the best she had wherewith to express herself. And for a little they flowed from her lips, a scalding, scathing torrent. "It's because you go to church all the time and try to look like a saint and—and try to make out you're too religious for anything and like to hear yourself givin' Christian advice to poor miserable sinners like me. You think that's just too lovely of you. That's why you said it, if you want to know. Folks wonder what you're doing here, don't they? Guess you know that, and like it too. It makes 'em look at you and talk about you, and that's what you like. I could tell 'em. You're only here to show off your good clothes and your finger nails and the way you part your hair and—and all the other things you do that nobody in Noo York would pay any attention to."

"A pretty good guess at that," he acknowledged candidly.

"Yes, it is, and I know it, and you know it. Oh, it's easy enough to give advice when you've got plenty of money and fine clothes and—but"—

"I understand," he said when she paused to get a grip upon herself and find again the words she needed. "You needn't say any more. The only reason I said what I did was because I'm strong for your father and—well, I wanted to do yon a good turn too."

"I don't want your apologies."

"All right. Only think over what I said some time."

"I ha a good reason for saying what I did."

"I know you had."

"How do you know?"

"Because I'm not what you think I am altogether."

"I guess you're not," she snapped.

"But I don't mean what you mean. I mean you think I'm conceited and rich and don't know what trouble is. Well, you're mistaken. Many's the time I've dodged round corners to avoid meeting men I knew would invite me to have dinner or luncheon or a drink—of soda—or something—for fear they'd find out that I couldn't treat in return. Many a time I've gone hungry for days and weeks and slept on park benches until an old friend found me and took me home with him."

She eyed him with attention.

"But it's your father I wanted to talk about," he hurried on. "I'd bet a lot he knows more than any other man in this town, and, besides, he's a fine, square, good hearted old gentleman. Anybody can see that. Only he's got one terrible fault—he doesn't know how to make money. And that's mighty tough on you—though it's just as tough on him. But when you roast him for it, as you did just now, you only make him feel as miserable as a yellow dog, and that doesn't help matters a little bit. He can't change into a sharp business crook now; he's too old a man. Before long he won't be with you at all, and when he's gone you'll be sore on yourself sure if you keep on throwing it into him the way I heard you, and that's on the level."

"I—I won't do it again," she faltered, twisting her hands together.

"Bully for you!" he cried and, with an abrupt if artificial resumption of

SHE GRASPED HIS ARM TIMIDLY.

his businesslike air, turned away to a showcase to spare her the embarrassment of his regard.

"I didn't think," said the voice behind him; "I didn't mean to. Something happened that almost drove me wild and"—

"I know," he said gently.

After a bit she spoke again, "I'll go up and get dinner ready now."

He heard her footsteps as she crossed to the door and opened it. There followed a pause. Then she came hurriedly back. He faced about

"I'VE SLEPT ON PARK BENCHES."

to meet her eyes shining with wonder. She grasped his arm timidly.

"I wanted to ask you," she said hastily, "if—was it this friend you spoke about—that found you in the park—who set you on the road to fortune?"

"That's what he said," Duncan answered whimsically.

(To be Continued Next Sunday.)

Take That.

"Lend me a dollar, old chap; I get paid tomorrow." "Haven't got it, old scout; I got paid yesterday."—Puck.

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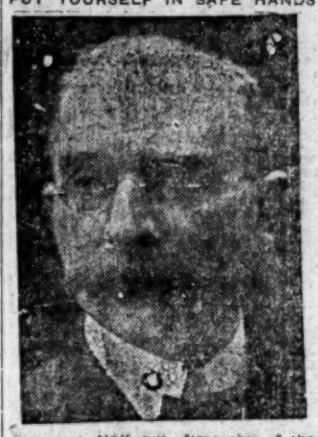

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THEATRICAL

What is said to be one of the best and most thoroughly equipped popular priced attractions on the road is promised in the "Carleton Sisters' Associate Players", with Misses Hazel and Daisy Carlton and a company far above the average seen in companies of this kind, which will be the attraction at the Academy of Music for one week, except Tuesday, commencing tomorrow night.

Of the productions to be presented during the week, there will be found no old worn-out plays under new titles. The play selected for Monday night is "The Whirlpool." It is a Western comedy drama that has been constructed on original lines, with a touch of real humor, that is at all times refreshing. This accounts for the fact that it is one of the greatest successes of the popular-priced stage at present. Between acts three big vaudeville features will be presented by Carlton Sisters, Nelly Lyons Healy and Bobby Parkinson. On the opening night ladies will be admitted free with the first 200 seats sold. Seats went on sale yesterday at Plummer's Matinees Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

MISS HAZEL CARLETON,
With the Carleton Sisters, Academy, This Week.

"Smart Set" Tuesday.

Like the fog horn of a great ship the promoters of "The Smart Set" leave nothing to chance. It goes on with the regularity of a clock. Did you ever time the fog horn of a great ocean liner and notice the vibrant call come once every 60 seconds and when it is needed the machine starts automatically? Nothing is left to chance. There is no possibility of a man going to sleep at his post. And the Parallel! The great "Smart Set" company with its wide reputation, leaves nothing to chance. It is a great theatrical machine, serving the wants of the amusement loving public and filling their wants. More than a dozen individuals are employed in making ready for this season, that you get just the right kind of music, songs and dances, costumes and scenery; nothing is overlooked—they are always on the alert for new material. Each season brings its particular style of entertainment and this year's production entitled "The Mayor of New Town" is right up to the minute, and everything will run with the regularity of a clock. Salem Tutt Whitney, the comedian and composer of the better portion of the lyrics, is himself the foremost comedian in his line and his able assistants are J. Homer Tutt and Miss Ethel Harshall, and a competent cast which includes 40 talented performers. Among the song hits may be mentioned "Good Night Marie," "Hot Tamale Sam," "Savy", "I'm the Mayor of New Town", "Just Plain Sam from Yankee Land," "Dear Old Mexico," "Tell Me Little Girlie," "Keep a Movin'," "At the Postoffice,' and "The Battle."

"The Smart Set" will be at the Academy Tuesday night. Seats will go on sale tomorrow.

"The Cow and the Moon."

Musical extravaganzas, kaleidoscopic pictures, rapid change of scenery, gorgeous costumes and plenty of them, riotous fun and color, music and mirth seem to be what the theatre-going public want. Chas. A. Sellon, who has launched several musical extravaganzas, seems to have gauged the public fancy, and this season is presenting a brand new entertainment of this sort and will be seen at the Academy one week from tomorrow night, February 12th. It has the title of "The Cow and the Moon," most peculiar but at once interesting. It deals with earth beings and immortals from the moon, and Molly, the vaulting cow who nimbly leaps over the moon is sure to be great fun for the kiddies as well as the older folk. Ed Gilmore will be seen and as Happy will be surrounded by a cast of 40 or more, together with a large and capable chorus.

If Shakespeare Came Back

Now that Southern and Marlowe the greatest of modern exemplars of Shakespearean acting, are to appear in this city at the Academy of Music, Wednesday night, February 21st, in Taming of the Shrew, it may as well be admitted that some scholastic devotees of the Bard seem to be laboring under the impressions that there are some hard and fast rules which apply to the delivery of the lines and the business of the plays.

Yet, despite the ripe scholarship that has been devoted to the study of the dramas, there is still a variety of opinion on every little point quite baffling to everyone, except those, of course, who pretend to know what "Shakespeare is."

It, then, would be quite interesting to learn where these devotees get their information, as to the exact shade of meaning, or the expressed intention, regarding the scenery, properties, and business essential to each of the plays.

Sifted down to the last grain, the truth seems to be that each student sets up an ideal of his own, so when the actor disgreases one jot from these he ceases to "act Shakespeare."

In our day the Bard's dramas cannot be acted as they are written: it is absolutely necessary to rearrange the text to suit modern usages. Shakespeare wrote for a stage meagrely supplied with scenery. Three hours is about the limit of a modern audience's patience to devote to a play; but it would require upwards of five hours to present any one of the dramas—even without scenery.

Dion Boucicault was an ardent student of Shakespeare. The humbug cry regarding the re-arrangement of the text to suit modern usages, as well as the silly annotations, goaded him to desperation. Some years ago he said:

"The so-called student of Shakespeare is ordinarily a narrow-minded fellow who seeks to torture the palpable meaning of trivial passages in the text into what are termed 'new meanings' for the purpose of rendering himself conspicuous at the expense of the poet to whom he imputes obscurity, the very worst faut a dramatist can exhibit.

"If such fellows could arouse the sleeping spirit of the grand old man, recall him like the ghost of Hamlet to revisit the glimpses of the moon, and then submit to him their readings, I can imagine his reply. It would be something like this:

"'What on earth does it matter? Either iterpretation will serve. I cannot remember what I intended. My dramas were written under the spur of necessity, to meet the crying need of the theatre of which I was one of the managers. They will be found to contain errors and blemishes. Let them be so and do not encourage infatuated worshippers to turn defects into beauties. If my existence had depended upon these text-grubbers, I should have been shelved two centuries ago between Ben Johnson and Massinger, or buried with Beaumont and Fletcher. I owe my existence to the stage, to the actor! No dramatic poet has any existence in the closet. Out of my thirty-six plays about a dozen survive. The rest are preserved for the admiration of those who never read them.

"'Each of these dozen will be found to afford a conspicuous and all-absorbing character for the great actor or actress. Whenever a well-written play affords such an opportunity, it w... hold its life on the stage.'"

It is more than likely that old Boucicault was not far wrong! The actor must not only give the proper expression to every passage that the author has thrown into his part, but must frequently add new ones; he must not only accentuate, but create graces to which the author gives no hint in his manuscript.

Yet, when the ignoramus discovers these, the life and soul of acting, he sets up the cry that the actor has "meddled with and desecrated the text!"

At The Grand Theatre.

Monday afternoon and evening the new week at the Grand Theatre will be opened with a big bill in moving pictures and one that is sure to please. "Father's Bluff", by Bannister Merwin, a story showing how father was cured of a very bad habit, will perhaps be the topliner while the second feature film will be "Getting Maried," wherein a father's objection is set at naught by the cleverness of young people bent on matrimony. "Father's Bluff" is a typification of a family in which "Everybody Works but Father" and then the spectator is soon made acquainted with the way father voices his protest against any insubordination or thwarting of his selfishness by a threat to end his life. A young sewing machine agent appears and makes love to father's daughter. Then ensues a complication that furnished no end of amusement and all told the film will be found one of the best offered in a long time at The Grand and that's saying a great deal, for there have been "some good ones" at this popular playhouse. "Getting Married," is a story of parental objection and a young artist and a Rev. Mr. Reed are among the character about which is woven a most interesting little love story that ends in the discomfiture of the old man. Mr. Morgan will sing a favorite song and the Grand Orchestra as usual will discourse sweet music.

At The Bijou.

One of the strongest and certainly one of the livest questions now before the American people is that of woman suffrage. It is made the subject of much jest and is causing many sensational stories to be flashed about. For this very reason the great film, "Mrs. Sims Serves on the Jury," which the Bijou will offer as the star of a big bill tomorrow, will be received with glad acclaim. The photoplay is, of course, a scream for laughter, but it shows some of the workings of woman suffrage in most interesting manner, too. Just what Mrs. Sims possessed with her sisters, of suffrage away out in the good State of California, does when she gets on the jury will surprise all and cause yells of genuine laughter. It is one of the funniest, as well as novel films ever offered, and it's decidedly up-to-date. Another big film creation for tomorrow will be "A Doubly Desired Orphan." This is in the dramatic class and it's one of the sweetest and tenderest stories ever flashed on a screen. It deals with two people who hit upon the same child to adopt. They are brought together by the child and marry, with the little one the sunshine of their home. These are only two of the big films on tomorrow's Bijou programme, and there will be a bunch of new and merry music also.

JULIA MARLOWE,
Who, With E. H. Sothern, Will Present 'Taming of the Shrew' at Academy Wednesday Evening, Feb. 21st.

TRAFFIC UNIFORMITY WANTED

Many Evidences of Growing Sentiment in This Direction—Safety of Pedestrians and Alarm Nuisances Are Emphasized

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Feb. 3.—There are many evidences in different parts of the country of a sentiment in favor of general uniformity in traffic regulations. The greater attention that is being paid to this important question in all of the large cities has exerted a direct influence upon all communities where traffic has attained any reasonable proportions. In many cities and villages where traffic, due to the more frequent use of the automobile, has largely increased in recent years, this demand for proper regulations is taking the form of requiring suitable lights to be displayed on all vehicles after sun down, while, in more thickly populated centers, decisive action is being taken against the muffler cut-out on motor vehicles.

The growing sentiment for reasonable traffic regulations and uniformity has been indicated to a greater extent than ever before since the adoption by the committee representing the Touring Club of America at the recent American Road Congress of a series of model resolutions for traffic uniformity based on practical rules which have been successfully worked out in many large cities and embodied in many municipal ordinances.

On the subject of lights as an aid to safeguard all users of the public highways, the resolutions recommend that all vehicles should carry at least one lighted lamp of sufficient candle power to be visible at a distance of two hundred feet so placed as to be seen from the front and left side and a red light visible in the reverse direction. The use, in cities and villages, of non-dazzling head lights on all automobiles wherever the streets are adequately lighted was also urged.

On the subject of the muffler cut-out nuisance the resolution was to the effect that the use of the muffler cut-out in thickly settled sections and cities should be discontinued.

Scores or requests from city officials throughout the country have been made to the Touring Club of America for copies of these resolutions and that organization is now distributing them to the heads of municipalities, police officials, State motor vehicle administrative officials, highway authorities and civic organizations.

The desire upon the part of the Touring Club through its traffic committee to secure the enactment of uniform rules for traffic regulation is reflected in the ordinances recently passed by the city councils of Chicago and Atlanta. In the former city Mr. Sidney S. Gorman, chairman of the legislative committee of the Chicago Automobile Club, was instrumental in securing the adoption of several of the principal recommendations urged by the Touring Club's Traffic Committee, of which he is a member.

The new Chicago traffic regulations are considered by far the most comprehensive yet adopted by any municipality and are sure to have a marked effect in solving the many problems in other cities connected with the important subjects. Looking toward the abatement of the unnecessary use of warning signals the ordinance defines for the first time in the history of municipal legislation just what an adequate automobile signal is, by the adoption of one of the Touring Club's recommendations, that all motor vehicles shall be provided with an adequate warning signal which must produce an abrupt sound sufficiently loud to be heard under all conditions of traffic and that its use except as a warning of danger shall be punishable by a fine of $25.00.

The Chicago ordinance will also tend to check the abuse of the muffler cut-out which is classed as an unnecessary noise and punishable by a fine.

As a result of several serious accidents caused by automobiles striking passengers alighting from street cars, the Chamber of Commerce of Atlanta requested the Touring Club of America to suggest some way to eliminate such accidents in the future through the enactment of proper traffic regulations. The provision in the Callan automobile law of New York State which provides that "In approaching or passing a car of a street railway which has been stopped to allow passengers to alight or embark, the operator of every motor vehicle shall slow down and if it be necessary for the safety of the public he shall bring said vehicle to a full stop," was recommended and substantially incorporated in the ordinance passed by the Atlanta Council.

While the new regulations adopted by the General Council of Atlanta are not as far-reaching as the Chicago ordinance they are, nevertheless, a step in the right direction and will have a decided tendency to eliminate many of the evils which have arisen from the lack of proper traffic rules, especially in the congested business section along Peachtree street, "The Broadway of Atlanta."

During the great plague in England children were required to smoke, smoking being regarded as a measure of precaution against the disease. At Eton all the boys were obliged to smoke every morning and one lad got the worst whipping of his life for refusing to obey the order.

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If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write today to Mrs. M. Summers, Box F, Notre Dame, Ind.

COTTON CROP FOR 1912

Shall the Farmer Profit or Lose by Its Production?

To the Producers of Cotton in North Carolina:

The present crop exceeds the requirements of the commerce of the world, consequently the price means a loss to the farmer. To increase the price of remunerative figure there must be a reduction in amount produced.

There have been for the past six months many meetings and much resoluting on this subject. The time for action is at hand. To affect the price of cotton now on hand some reliable opinion must be given the men interested as to the probable amount of the crop that will be produced this year. To this end, as relates to North Carolina, the Commissioner of Agriculture representing the farmers' department of the State government, the president of the North Carolina branch of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union of America, and the president of the North Carolina Farmers' State Alliance issue this address, inviting the farmers interested in the cotton crop to assemble at the Court House in their respective counties at 12 o'clock noon, on Saturday, February 17th, 1912, and take action by enrolling the names of those who will agree to a reduction on their premises. The plan of the Farmers' Union is thought most feasible, viz: "That I promise to plant at least one acre in some food crop for each acre that I plant in cotton this year." Blanks will be furnished by the Farmers' Union and in counties where the union is not organized, upon application to the secretary, Mr. E. C. Faires, Aberdeen, N. C.

Those present can arrange for a canvass of the county by appointing persons or committees to cover the territory. Every business and professional man is interested in the price of cotton and contributions to defray the expenses should be solicited.

The carriers on the free delivery routes can be used to great advantage in this work and would do it very economically. The paper when signed should be forwarded to the secretary of the Union or the Commissioner of Agriculture.

The purchase of unnecessary commercial fertilizing material, in amount or kind, which could or should be produced on the premises is a great drain on the farm and is as much a loss as the purchase of food or other supplies which can be made at home. This subject should be given careful attention; it is poor policy to spend for unnecessary goods what has been saved upon a self-supporting farm so far as relates to rations. Let the farmer produce at least his nitrogen by leguminous crops and the elements in barnyard manure, and many thousands of dollars that now go out will remain with him.

The North Carolina farmer has surpassed his brother in almost every line of farming in which the situation is such that he can compete. But there is no place to rest, each year makes its peculiar demands. Let us meet those of 1912 as they arise and with thanks to a beneficient Providence for the blessings of the past and a prayer for strength to meet the obligations of the future with stout hearts and steady hands.

Respectfully,
W. A. GRAHAM,
Commissioner of Agriculture.
H. Q. ALEXANDER,
Pres. N. C. Farmers' Union.
J. M. MITCHELL,
Pres. N. C. Farmers' Alliance.
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 25th, 1912.

Florida, which has been dreading a destructive frost, takes a little comfort from the weather wisdom of the Seminole Indians, who say that such heavy rains as fell in December in southern Florida are never followed by severe cold waves. As the oldest inhabitant the red man is the real thing.

The American Academy is to have a superb site in Rome. The Janiculum Hill across the Tiber is one of the places where visitors first go for a sweeping view of the Eternal City, from St. Peter's at the left to Monte Testaccio and the pyramid of Cestius down by the Protestant cemetery outside the walls.

If Your Head Aches
You should Take the Sure Remedy
Hicks' CAPUDINE

There's a cause for every headache—**Capudine** reaches that cause quickly, whether it be heat, cold, gripp, or stomach troubles—and cures, even though it be sick or nervous headache.

Capudine is the surest remedy for Colds and Gripp. Feverishness, Aches and Nervousness disappear and normal conditions are restored.

Capudine is liquid—easy and pleasant to take—acts immediately.

10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

Wood's Seeds
For 1912.

Our **New Descriptive Catalog** is fully up-to-date, and tells all about the best

Garden and Farm Seeds.

Every farmer and gardener should have a copy of this catalog, which has long been recognized as **a standard authority**, for the full and complete information which it gives.

We are headquarters for **Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, Cow Peas, Soja Beans and all Farm Seeds.**

Wood's Descriptive Catalog mailed free on request. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TERS DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Wilmington's Bargain Feast

GAYLORD'S

ANNUAL FEBRUARY SALE

The Sale for which the Wise wait and the Unlucky Miss. The motto of this Big Store is: Carry No Goods Over. Each season's stock must take care of itself, whatever is left over MUST GO to make room for the next season's incoming stock.

This year we have an unusually large amount of Winter Goods left on hand; consequently, we are making a greater reduction than we ever before have made.

Our Big Store is full of things you need, and you will find Prices Far Below those you have been paying for Dry Goods, Millinery, Coat Suits, Men's and Boys' Clothing.

All kinds of Underwear for Man, Woman and Child. Ready-to-Wear Garments of Every Kind. Shoes, Trunks, Matting, Carpets, Curtains, Shades, All Sorts of Notions and House Furnishing Goods, and all cut to such extremely Low Prices as to make them Regular BARGAIN GEMS.

Everything will be marked and tagged, and you can be your own judge as to the Richness of the Bargains offered.

Sale begins February 8th—runs only 10 Days.

Watch for Circulars and read them from beginning to end, so you can be posted.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Proprietor.

210-212-214 North Front St.

The Greatest Sale of Season

J. M. Solky & Co.

One and two of a kind SUIT SALE

We will put on our counters about 100 odd suits that have been left from this season's styles of Strouse & Bros. and B. Kuppenheimer Co. makes, in order that we do not want to carry them over we have reduced them to a price that is without a doubt a bargain to any one.

One lot of boys' long Pants Suits at one-half price, only a few, so don't delay. Men's Suits cut to the following prices:

A SUIT { $ 7.50 $10.00 $12.00, $15.00 $16.50 } A SUIT

Every garment will bear inspection and it is now left with you to secure a suit that is worth double the money and we are a security to you. If you buy or not we would like you to call and see for yourself.

J. M. Solky & Co.

One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

'PHONE 617. MASONIC BLDG.

Members of the Trade Extension Association.

PECK & HOLLOWAY
109 N. Front St.
NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE
Call 'Phone No. 612 for What You Want and It Will Be Sent You.
SERVICE AND QUALITY

Atlantic Paint & Varnish Works
PAINTS, VARNISHES, LEADS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, GLAZING, PLATE, GLASS, &C., &C.
21 MARKET ST.
'PHONE 343.

NOT
ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE SALE
BUT
OUR ANNIVERSARY SALE

It has been just a year since we changed our business to a cash basis. This Sale we hold in celebration of this change, and to serve as a means of reducing our stock to make room for Spring, 1912, goods about to arrive. Remember the great values given at our sale a year ago, and decide for yourselves this question: CAN YOU AFFORD TO MISS IT?

Most sales are held for the one purpose of disposing of undesirable stock. This sale is more in the way of a celebration, and to again advertise in a forceful way THE MIGHTY POWER OF CASH.

A reduction of from 10 to 40 per cent. prevails throughout the entire stock. From Pins to Parasols, from Cotton to Coat Suits, from Ribbons to Rugs, and so on. Big values will be given; take this from us. And remember our EARTHQUAKE SALE.

Dates of Sale:---Sale Begins Wednesday, Feb. 7th and Lasts 10 Days, to the 17th Inclusive

Our Stock is Large and Varied Enough to Furnish Bargains for the Entire Ten Days. Entire Stock to the Last Item Will Be Reduced.

These Hard Times Overcome by Visiting This Money Saving Event

We are conducting this sale under Modern Methods—where thousands upon thousands of dollars may be sold without the least exertion, and predict the TEN BIGGEST SALE DAYS in the history of Wilmington. We propose to give absolute satisfaction from start to finish. No misrepresentations, exaggerated statements, or price juggling will be tolerated by this store. For nearly seven years the word of Platt & Haar has been their bond in Wilmington. Their straightforward dealings, honesty and integrity will verify any statement they make. We are not advertising a hiprang or hurrah sensation, but are offering first class values, good, honorable selection of merchandise at ridiculously low prices for 10 days only, beginning Wednesday, February 7th, at 9 A. M.

This sale cannot help but stir the community from end to end, for this age has never before contributed a commercial event of such importance—$50,000.00 worth of New, Up-to-Date Merchandise, consisting of wearing apparel for Women and Children, Dry Goods, Millinery,, Staples, Rugs, Trunks, Ladies' Tailor-made Garments, Underwear, Matting, Linoleum, etc., to be sold regardless of former value.

This Store an Oasis in a Desert of High Prices for 10 Days

Below We Quote a Few of the Many thousand Bargains to Be Had During This Bargain Feast:

READY TO WEAR.

$1.25 to $1.50 Tailored Waists 95c
$1.25 Middy Blouses 95c
$1.50 to $1.75 Tailored Waists $1.19
$2.50 to $2.75 Lingerie Waists $1.50
One lot Skirts, black, navy and mixtures $6.00 values, ... $3.98
One lot Silk Kimonas $2.98
All Wniter Coat Suits at half prices.
$25.00 values $12.50
$30.00 values $15.00
$45.00 values $22.50
$20.00 values $10.00
$18.00 values $9.00
$15.00 values $7.50

WHITE GOODS.

36-inch Flaxon 13 1-2c
36-inch Flaxon, 20c values 15c
27-inch India Linen, 12 1-2c and 15c value .. 10c
25c White Madras 15c
45-inch French Lawn, 25c value 15c
One lot Sheer Waistings, 15c value 10c
$1.25 value Longcloth 98c
Androscogging Sheeting 10c
Lonsdale Cambric 10c
(10 yards to customer.)
15c Blarney Linen 12c
Other white goods at equally great reductions will be on sale. A good chance to lay in a supply.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS.

All regular $10 Wool Blankets, sale price .. $6.98
All regular $7 Wool Blankets, Sale price ... $4.98
All regular $6.50 Wool Blankets, sale price . $4.69
All regular $6 Wool Blankets, Sale price ... $4.29
One big lot Cotton Comforts, worth $1.35 to $4.00, Sale price 89c
One big lot Cotton Comforts, worth $3.00 to $4.00, Sale price $1.89
All regular $15.00 Eiderdown Comforts, Sale price $10.49
All regular $12.50 Eiderdown Comforts, Sale price $8.98
All regular $9.00 Eiderdown Comforts, Sale price $6.49

STAPLE DRY GOODS.

American Print Calicoes, 7c value, Sale price .. 5c
A. F. C. Ginghams, 12 1-2c value, Sale price .. 9c
Scotch Ginghams, 18c value, Sale price .. 12 1-2c
Windsor Percales, 12 1-2c value, Sale price .. 10c
Very best Apron Checks, 10 and 12 1-2c values, Sale price 7c
Very best 36-inch Shirting, 10c value, Sale price 7c
Lonsdale Cambric, 15c value, Sale price 11c
Very best Bleach and Brown Domestic, 10c value, Sale price 7c
Very best white Table Damask, $1.00 value, Sale price 75c
Very best Sheets, 90x94 1-2, 90c value, Sale price 74c
Very best Sheets, 90x94 1-2, $1.00 value, Sale price 79c
Pillow Cases, 15c value, Sale price 11c
Pillow Cases, 20c value, Sale price 14c
Very best Linen Huck Towels, 15c value, Sale price 9c
Very best Linen Huck Towels, 20c value, Sale price 14c
Best Turkish and Linen Towels, 25c value, Sale price 19c
The well known Rubdry Towels, 40c value, Sale price 29c
The well known Rubdry Towels, 50c value, Sale price 34c

NOTIONS.

Ladies' white hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c, sale price 3 1-2c
Good Pearl Buttons, price the world over 5c, Sale price 3c
Good Adamantine Pins, regular 5c sellers, Sale price 1c
One big lot Crash Toweling, sale price 7 1-2c
Large assortment Ladies' Fancy Belts, Buckles, etc.; regular price 50c, Sale price 19c
One lot Ladies' Hand Bags, nice leathers, regular price $1.50, Sale price 98c
Ladies' fast black Hose, good ones, regular price 12 1-2c, Sale price 7c
Safety Pins, all sizes, regular price 7c, Sale price 3c
Best Needles, all sizes, regular price 7c, Sale price 3c
Good Pearl Buttons, regular price 10c, Sale price 3c

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

Ladies Drawers and Skirts 25c
50c value Gown 29c
75c value Gown 50c
$1.00 value Gown 75c
$1.25 value Gown $1.00
Corset Covers 25c
Corset Covers 50c
Corset Covers 75c
Skirts 29c
Skirts 59c
Skirts 75c
Skirts $1.00

Dress Goods and Silks, only a few items mentioned here. We have many other values to be on display. This is one of our big departments.
Extra Special Item—36-inch black Taffeta Silk 69c

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.

One lot Torchon 3 1-2c
One lot 15c Embroidery 9c
One lot 50c Embroidery 39c
A Big Bargain in Laces 5c

RUGS AND ART SQUARES.

About 35 large and about 50 small Crex and Deltox Rugs on sale at great reduction.

40 Art Squares in Axminster, All Wool Scotch, Velvets, Tapestries, Body Brussels and Smyrnas, to be sold at the following reductions:

$26.50 values $18.49
$25.00 values $18.24
$22.50 values $15.00
$20.00 values $12.49
$15.00 values $10.49
$35.00 values $22.69
$17.50 values $12.89

SMALL RUGS.

$4.50 values $3.49
$3.25 values $2.39
$2.50 values $1.89
$2.00 values $1.48
$1.50 values $1.19

MATTING.

We have about 50 rolls of Matting at a value of 35c laid, to be closed out by the roll at 22c per yard. All remnants at 15c per yard.

Stair Carpets, 20 per cent reduction here.

LENOLEUM.

The regular $1.25 to $1.50 values to be sold at 98c, not laid.

CURTAIN NETS.

All curtain nets to go at a reduction of 20 per cent. Also plain and figured Scrims to go at the same discount.

Cretonnes, Art Tickings to be included in the same sale.

ART DEPARTMENT.

A general reduction in this department, excepting all package goods and silks and flosses for embroidering. The goods in the $1,200.00 contest is also excepted. These goods we are under contract to sell at marked prices.

TRUNKS AND SUIT CASES.

We have only ten trunks left. Real bargains here. About 50 Suit Cases will have the knife put into their prices good and deep.

DRESS GOODS AND SILKS.

Best Mohair Dress Goods, 50c sellers, Sale price 35c
Best Batiste and Serge, 60c sellers, Sale price 42c
Best Panamas and Herringbones, 85c sellers, Sale price 69c
All wool Dress Goods, $1 sellers, Sale price .. 84c
All $1 Broadcloths, all colors, Sale price 79c
Oddity Silks, something new, 60c sellers, Sale price 48c
All regular 50c Elmira Silks, Sale price 39c
All regular $1.50 black Taffeta Silks, Sale price 98c
All regular 65c Crepe de Chine, all colors, Sale price 48c

OUR GUARANTEE:-- Any article bought during this sale and not proving satisfactory, or just as represented or advertised will be gladly exchanged, or your money refunded. Every article marked in plain figures.

CARD OF THANKS.

Wilmington's buying public has been more than good to us for the past eight years, but more especially during the past year, since our adoption of the cash plan, and we take this method of offering our thanks and showing our appreciation by holding this sale.

Platt & Haar

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.
DURING THIS WONDERFUL SALE MONEY WILL BE MIGHTY.

WE CLAIM

To carry not one dollar's worth of shoddy goods at any time and we do not intend to offer any at this sale. It's our regular goods at prices you would pay elsewhere for merchandise of half their value. You can't afford to miss this sale.